

Scotland's People Local Authority Tables

Neighbourhoods and Communities

Scottish Borders (2019) compared to Scotland (2019)

Contents

Table 4.21: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood by tenure of household	35
Table 4.22: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood by age of respondent	36
Table 4.23: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood by Urban Rural classification	37
Table 4.24: Perceptions and experience of neighbourhood problems	38
Table 4.25: Experience of neighbourhood problems by Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation	39
Table 4.26: Experience of neighbourhood problems by tenure of household	41
Table 4.27: Experience of neighbourhood problems by Urban Rural Classification	43
Table 4.28: Experiences of discrimination and harassment by gender, age and deprivation	45
Table 4.29: Experiences of discrimination and harassment by sexual orientation, ethnicity, religion, and long-term physical/mental health condition	47
Table 4.30: Reasons for discrimination and harassment	49
Table 4.31: Activity undertaken to prepare for events like severe weather or flooding	50
Table 4.32: Availability of emergency response items in household by tenure of household and Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation	51
Table 4.33: Perceptions of safety when walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark and in their home alone at night by rating of neighbourhood as a place to live	53
Table 4.34a: Perceptions of safety when walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark by experience of discrimination and harassment	55
Table 4.34b: Perceptions of safety when in their home alone at night by experience of discrimination and harassment	56

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Table 4.1: Rating of neighbourhood as a place to live by year

Column percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders

Rating	1999/2000	2001/2002	2003/2004	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Very/fairly good	95	97	95	95	95	97	*	97	96	98	95	94	97	97	97
Very good	66	65	62	67	62	67	*	72	71	65	63	64	59	65	58
Fairly good	30	32	33	28	33	31	*	26	26	34	32	30	39	32	39
Fairly poor	4	2	3	4	4	2	*	2	3	1	3	3	2	2	2
Very poor	1	1	1	1	1	1	*	0	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
No opinion	0	0	-	0	0	0	*	-	-	-	1	1	0	-	1
All	100	100	100	100	100	100	*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Base	570	610	630	600	430	540	*	240	250	250	220	230	220	230	240

Significantly greater than Scotland Significantly lower than Scotland

Scotland

Rating	1999/2000	2001/2002	2003/2004	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Very/fairly good	91	92	92	92	92	94	94	94	94	94	95	95	95	95	94
Very good	50	50	52	51	52	55	56	55	55	56	56	57	57	57	57
Fairly good	41	42	41	41	40	38	38	38	39	39	38	38	38	37	37
Fairly poor	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
Very poor	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
No opinion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Base	28340	28690	28750	28260	19700	24980	12890	9890	9920	9800	9410	9640	9810	9700	9780

Table 4.2: Rating of neighbourhood as a place to live by Urban Rural Classification

Column percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders, 2019

Rating	Urban areas	Rural areas	All
Very/fairly good	95	99	97.059
Very good	48	67	57.727
Fairly good	47	32	39.332
Fairly poor	2	1	1.595
Very poor	2	-	0.739
No opinion	1	-	0.607
All	100	100	100.000
Base	120	120	240

■ Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) ■ Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

Rating	Urban areas	Rural areas	All
Very/fairly good	94	97	94.169
Very good	54	74	56.979
Fairly good	40	23	37.190
Fairly poor	5	3	4.204
Very poor	2	0	1.389
No opinion	0	0	0.238
All	100	100	100.000
Base	7710	2060	9780

Table 4.3: Rating of neighbourhood as a place to live by Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation

Column percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders, 2019

Rating	20% most deprived	2	3	4	20% least deprived	All
Very/fairly good	*	*	99	96	*	97.059
Very good	*	*	56	63	*	57.727
Fairly good	*	*	43	33	*	39.332
Fairly poor	*	*	1	2	*	1.595
Very poor	*	*	-	1	*	0.739
No opinion	*	*	-	1	*	0.607
All	100	100	100	100	100	100.000
Base	10	40	90	70	20	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

Rating	20% most deprived	2	3	4	20% least deprived	All
Very/fairly good	85	92	97	98	99	94.169
Very good	32	47	61	68	77	56.979
Fairly good	53	45	35	30	23	37.190
Fairly poor	11	6	3	2	0	4.204
Very poor	4	2	0	0	0	1.389
No opinion	1	0	0	0	0	0.238
All	100	100	100	100	100	100.000
Base	1830	1980	2150	2020	1800	9780

Table 4.4a: Rating of neighbourhood as a place to live by Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation - 20% most deprived areas

Column percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders

Rating	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Very/fairly good	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Very good	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fairly good	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fairly poor	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Very poor	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
No opinion	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
All	100	100	100	*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Base	20	20	30	*	20	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Significantly greater than Scotland Significantly lower than Scotland

Scotland

Rating	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Very/fairly good	77	79	82	84	82	84	86	86	87	87	85	85
Very good	25	25	29	29	28	30	30	33	31	32	31	32
Fairly good	52	54	53	55	54	54	56	52	56	55	55	53
Fairly poor	14	13	11	12	12	11	9	10	10	8	11	11
Very poor	8	8	6	5	5	5	4	4	3	5	3	4
No opinion	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
All	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Base	2990	3760	4810	2410	1880	1890	1920	1740	1800	1820	1840	1830

Table 4.4b: Rating of neighbourhood as a place to live by Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation - 20% least deprived areas

Column percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders

Rating	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Very/fairly good	*	100	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Very good	*	78	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fairly good	*	22	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fairly poor	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Very poor	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
No opinion	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
All	100	100	100	*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Base	20	70	20	*	10	10	20	10	10	20	20	20

Significantly greater than Scotland Significantly lower than Scotland

Scotland

Rating	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Very/fairly good	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	100	99
Very good	72	75	76	77	78	75	76	75	77	78	75	77
Fairly good	27	24	24	23	22	24	23	24	22	22	24	23
Fairly poor	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
Very poor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
No opinion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	0
All	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Base	2510	3480	4410	2250	1670	1760	1660	1640	1710	1810	1770	1800

Table 4.5: Percentage of people agreeing with statements about their neighbourhood strengths

Row percentages, Adults

This question was first asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

Statement	Strongly agree	Tend to agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Tend to disagree	Strongly disagree	Do not know	All	Base
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	56	34	5	2	0	2	100.000	240
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	50	39	6	1	1	3	100.000	240
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	29	30	11	11	18	2	100.000	240
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	31	30	6	14	18	1	100.000	240
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	39	35	20	2	1	2	100.000	240
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	43	29	17	5	4	3	100.000	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

Statement	Strongly agree	Tend to agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Tend to disagree	Strongly disagree	Do not know	All	Base
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	42	41	11	3	1	3	100.000	9780
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	38	41	11	4	2	4	100.000	9780
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	21	31	15	17	12	4	100.000	9780
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	23	34	11	16	12	3	100.000	9780
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	24	45	19	4	2	7	100.000	9780
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	23	35	19	10	6	8	100.000	9780

Table 4.6: Percentage of people agreeing with statements about their neighbourhood strengths by age

Column percentages, Adults

This question was first asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

	16-39	40-59	60 plus	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind	*	91	95	90.5987
to each other This is a neighbourhood where most people can	*	89	95	89.7649
be trusted			20	00.10.0
There are welcoming places and opportunities to	*	63	67	59.0590
meet new people There are places where people can meet up and	*	56	76	61.1533
socialise				
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	*	72	86	74.1369
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	*	73	85	71.5969
Base	50	80	110	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	16-39	40-59	60 plus	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	79	83	87	82.7945
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	71	80	87	78.6231
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	51	52	53	51.6614
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	56	57	58	57.0924
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	65	71	73	69.1932
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	50	61	63	57.3078
Base	2710	3060	4010	9780

Table 4.7a: Percentage of people agreeing with statements about their neighbourhood strengths by Urban Rural Classification

Column percentages, Adults

This question was first asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	-	84	87	*	94	*	90.5987
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	-	74	89	*	96	*	89.7649
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	-	45	68	*	63	*	59.0590
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	-	55	70	*	67	*	61.1533
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	-	66	73	*	77	*	74.1369
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	-	45	68	*	87	*	71.5969
Base	-	50	60	10	100	10	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	78	83	86	89	89	92	82.7945
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	71	79	82	86	90	92	78.6231
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	53	46	58	55	55	61	51.6614
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	59	52	65	62	57	61	57.0924
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	67	67	72	74	75	74	69.1932
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	53	52	66	60	71	73	57.3078
Base	2920	3350	870	570	1050	1020	9780

Table 4.7b: Percentage of people agreeing with statements about their neighbourhood strengths by Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation

Column percentages, Adults

This question was first asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

	20% most deprived	2	3	4	20% least deprived	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	*	*	93	90	*	90.5987
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	*	*	95	88	*	89.7649
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	*	*	57	58	*	59.0590
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	*	*	60	58	*	61.1533
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	*	*	73	72	*	74.1369
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	*	*	77	75	*	71.5969
Base	10	40	90	70	20	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	20% most deprived	2	3	4	20% least deprived	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	71	80	85	87	90	82.7945
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	60	74	83	86	90	78.6231
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	43	50	54	54	57	51.6614
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	48	56	60	59	63	57.0924
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	57	67	73	73	76	69.1932
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	41	50	61	64	69	57.3078
Base	1830	1980	2150	2020	1800	9780

Table 4.8: Percentage of people agreeing with statements about their neighbourhood strengths by tenure

Column percentages, Adults

This question was first asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Owner occupied	Social rented	Private rented	Other	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	96	79	*	*	90.5987
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	97	79	*	*	89.7649
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	66	53	*	*	59.0590
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	66	52	*	*	61.1533
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	83	67	*	*	74.1369
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	85	54	*	*	71.5969
Base	140	60	40	0	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Owner occupied	Social rented	Private rented	Other	All
This is a neighbourhood where people are kind to each other	88	72	73	71	82.7945
This is a neighbourhood where most people can be trusted	87	63	64	73	78.6231
There are welcoming places and opportunities to meet new people	53	47	52	41	51.6614
There are places where people can meet up and socialise	59	51	59	49	57.0924
This is a neighbourhood where people from different backgrounds get on well together	74	61	62	68	69.1932
This is a neighbourhood where local people take action to help improve the neighbourhood	65	44	44	48	57.3078
Base	6260	2270	1150	110	9780

Table 4.9: Strength of feeling of belonging to community by gender, age, ethnicity and Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation

Row percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Very strongly	Fairly strongly	Not very strongly	Not at all strongly	Do not know	All	Base
Male	24	51	16	8	0	100.000	120
Female	43	37	17	3	-	100.000	120
Another way	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16-39	*	*	*	*	*	100.000	50
40-59	37	42	16	6	-	100.000	80
60+	41	43	14	2	-	100.000	110
White	33	45	17	5	0	100.000	240
Other ethnic minority groups	*	-	*	-	-	100.000	0
1 - Most Deprived	*	*	*	-	-	100.000	10
2	*	*	*	*	*	100.000	40
3	37	44	12	8	-	100.000	90
4	44	38	14	4	-	100.000	70
5 - 20% Least Deprived	*	*	*	*	-	100.000	20
All	34	44	16	5	0	100.000	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Very strongly	Fairly strongly	Not very strongly	Not at all strongly	Do not know	All	Base
Male	33	43	16	6	2	100.000	4360
Female	36	43	15	5	1	100.000	5410
Another way	*	*	*	*	*	100.000	0
16-39	25	45	19	9	2	100.000	2710
40-59	33	46	16	5	1	100.000	3060
60+	48	38	10	3	1	100.000	4010
White	35	43	15	5	1	100.000	9460
Other ethnic minority groups	19	42	22	11	5	100.000	310
1 - Most Deprived	29	41	19	9	2	100.000	1830
2	31	44	17	7	1	100.000	1980
3	40	42	13	4	1	100.000	2150
4	36	44	15	4	1	100.000	2020
5 - 20% Least Deprived	37	44	14	4	1	100.000	1800
All	35	43	15	6	1	100.000	9780

Table 4.10a: Percentage of people agreeing with statements about their involvement with other people in the neighbourhood

Column percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders, 2019

	16-24	25-34	35-44	45-59	60-74	75+	Man / Boy	Woman / Girl	Identified in another way	Refused	All
I could rely on someone in this neighbourhood to help me	*	*	*	92	97	97	89	92	-	-	90.7363
I could count on someone in this neighbourhood to keep an eye on my home	*	*	*	91	93	94	87	90	-	-	88.7487
I feel I could turn to someone in this neighbourhood for advice or support	*	*	*	91	87	88	86	87	-	-	86.4151
I would offer to help people in my neighbourhood who might not be able to cope well	*	*	*	93	100	90	92	93	-	-	92.6940
Base	10	20	40	60	60	50	120	120	-	-	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	16-24	25-34	35-44	45-59	60-74	75+	Man / Boy	Woman / Girl	Identified in another way	Refused	All
I could rely on someone in this neighbourhood	81	79	83	88	90	92	84	86	*	*	85.3839
to help me											
I could count on someone in this neighbourhood	76	77	83	88	90	92	85	85	*	*	84.8070
to keep an eye on my home											
I feel I could turn to someone in this	74	71	76	80	83	87	77	80	*	*	78.3999
neighbourhood for advice or support											
I would offer to help people in my	87	90	91	92	92	80	90	89	*	*	89.7415
neighbourhood who might not be able to cope											
well											
Base	620	1320	1420	2410	2540	1470	4360	5410	0	0	9780

Table 4.10b: Percentage of people agreeing with statements about their involvement with other people in the neighbourhood

Column percentages, Adults

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	1 - 20% most deprived	2	3	4	5 - 20% least deprived	All
I could rely on someone in this neighbourhood to help me	-	80	93	*	93	*	*	*	92	92	*	90.7363
I could count on someone in this neighbourhood to keep an eye on my home	-	81	90	*	88	*	*	*	92	89	*	88.7487
I feel I could turn to someone in this neighbourhood for advice or support	-	81	89	*	86	*	*	*	86	88	*	86.4151
I would offer to help people in my neighbourhood who might not be able to cope well	-	91	90	*	93	*	*	*	96	88	*	92.6940
Base	-	50	60	10	100	10	10	40	90	70	20	240

■ Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) ■ Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	1 - $20%$ most deprived	2	3	4	5 - 20% least deprived	All
I could rely on someone in this neighbourhood to help me	82	85	88	88	90	93	80	84	87	87	89	85.3839
I could count on someone in this neighbourhood to keep an eye on my home	80	85	89	89	90	92	78	84	86	87	89	84.8070
I feel I could turn to someone in this neighbourhood for advice or support	75	77	81	82	84	89	73	77	80	80	83	78.3999
I would offer to help people in my neighbourhood who might not be able to cope well	90	89	91	92	90	91	85	88	90	91	94	89.7415
Base	2920	3350	870	570	1050	1020	1830	1980	2150	2020	1800	9780

Table 4.11: How often people meet socially with friends, relatives, neighbours or work colleagues by age and gender

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.12: How often people meet socially with friends, relatives, neighbours or work colleagues by Urban-Rural Classification and SIMD

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.13: How often people meet socially with friends, relatives, neighbours or work colleagues by long-term physical or mental health condition

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.14: How often people have felt lonely within the last week by age

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.15: How often people have felt lonely within the last week by SIMD

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.16: How often people have felt lonely within the last week by Urban-Rural Classification

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.17: How often people have felt lonely within the last week by long-term physical or mental health condition

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.18: How often people have felt lonely within the last week by household type

Column percentages, Adults

This biennial question was first and last asked in 2018. It should be noted that the definition of a single parent does not make any distinction between situations where a child has regular contact and/or partly resides with their other parent and a child who solely resides with and is cared for by one parent

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

Table 4.19: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood

Column percentages, Adults

Questions on 'Animal nuisance' and 'Abandoned/Burned out vehicles' were not asked until 2009. Columns may not add to 100% since multiple responses were allowed. Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders

	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	4	б	4	*	4	4	3	2	4	4	6	4
Groups or individual harassing others	4	6	3	*	6	4	4	2	5	3	7	4
Drugs misuse	6	8	7	*	9	7	8	7	9	9	11	7
Rowdy behaviour	7	10	7	*	8	4	4	5	5	9	7	5
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	5	6	5	*	6	4	7	7	5	10	8	8
Neighbour disputes	3	5	5	*	3	4	3	3	6	6	5	7
Rubbish / litter lying around	21	16	13	*	28	15	20	12	19	20	19	22
Animal nuisance	NA	NA	20	*	25	27	29	31	37	29	26	24
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	NA	NA	0	*	1	-	0	-	0	1	1	-
Base	600	430	480	*	240	250	250	220	230	220	230	240

Significantly greater than Scotland Significantly lower than Scotland

Scotland

	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	16	16	13	11	11	10	8	8	8	9	8	9
Groups or individual harassing others	11	12	9	8	8	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
Drugs misuse	12	13	12	12	13	12	11	12	12	13	12	14
Rowdy behaviour	17	17	15	14	15	13	12	11	11	12	11	11
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	8	10	10	10	12	11	11	10	10	11	10	10
Neighbour disputes	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Rubbish / litter lying around	27	29	25	25	29	27	27	28	30	30	30	31
Animal nuisance	NA	NA	24	26	30	31	31	31	31	32	30	32
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	NA	NA	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Base	28260	19700	22540	11280	9890	9920	9800	9410	9640	9810	9700	9780

Table 4.20: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood by Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation

Column percentages, Adults

Columns may not add to 100% since multiple responses were allowed. Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	20% most deprived	2	3	4	20% least deprived	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	*	*	1	1	*	3.5203
Groups or individual harassing others	*	*	1	4	*	3.9795
Drugs misuse	*	*	5	4	*	6.7748
Rowdy behaviour	*	*	3	2	*	5.1960
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	*	*	1	5	*	7.6467
Neighbour disputes	*	*	7	4	*	6.7181
Rubbish / litter lying around	*	*	14	23	*	22.1727
Animal nuisance	*	*	26	21	*	24.4176
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-
Base	10	40	90	70	20	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	20% most deprived	2	3	4	20% least deprived	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	19	11	5	5	4	8.6595
Groups or individual harassing others	14	8	5	3	2	6.3300
Drugs misuse	30	20	9	6	3	13.5775
Rowdy behaviour	23	15	8	5	4	11.0140
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	22	13	7	6	4	10.4938
Neighbour disputes	14	8	5	3	2	6.4186
Rubbish / litter lying around	49	38	27	22	19	31.0971
Animal nuisance	46	39	29	25	23	32.3167
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	4	2	2	1	0	1.7500
Base	1830	1980	2150	2020	1800	9780

Table 4.21: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood by tenure of household

Column percentages, Adults

Columns may not add to 100% since multiple responses were allowed. Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Owned	Social rented	Private rented	Other	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	3	3	*	*	3.5203
Groups or individual harassing others	4	4	*	*	3.9795
Drugs misuse	6	7	*	*	6.7748
Rowdy behaviour	3	9	*	*	5.1960
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	2	22	*	*	7.6467
Neighbour disputes	6	10	*	*	6.7181
Rubbish / litter lying around	24	19	*	*	22.1727
Animal nuisance	26	27	*	*	24.4176
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	-	-	-	-	-
Base	140	60	40	0	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Owned	Social rented	Private rented	Other	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	6	16	9	8	8.6595
Groups or individual harassing others	5	12	6	11	6.3300
Drugs misuse	10	27	12	14	13.5775
Rowdy behaviour	7	21	16	8	11.0140
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	6	21	15	8	10.4938
Neighbour disputes	4	14	7	8	6.4186
Rubbish / litter lying around	28	41	31	25	31.0971
Animal nuisance	31	42	26	14	32.3167
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	1	4	1	2	1.7500
Base	6260	2270	1150	110	9780

Table 4.22: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood by age of respondent

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	16-39	40-59	60 plus	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	*	2	1	3.5203
Groups or individual harassing others	*	6	3	3.9795
Drugs misuse	*	7	7	6.7748
Rowdy behaviour	*	5	3	5.1960
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	*	7	1	7.6467
Neighbour disputes	*	7	2	6.7181
Rubbish / litter lying around	*	22	21	22.1727
Animal nuisance	*	28	19	24.4176
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	-	-	-	-
Base	50	80	110	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	16-39	40-59	60 plus	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	11	10	5	8.6595
Groups or individual harassing others	8	7	3	6.3300
Drugs misuse	15	15	10	13.5775
Rowdy behaviour	15	11	6	11.0140
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	15	11	5	10.4938
Neighbour disputes	8	7	4	6.4186
Rubbish / litter lying around	36	31	26	31.0971
Animal nuisance	33	35	28	32.3167
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	2	2	1	1.7500
Base	2710	3060	4010	9780

Table 4.23: Percentage of people saying a problem is very/fairly common in their neighbourhood by Urban Rural classification

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	-	4	6	*	1	*	3.5203
Groups or individual harassing others	-	5	3	*	4	*	3.9795
Drugs misuse	-	14	6	*	4	*	6.7748
Rowdy behaviour	-	10	4	*	3	*	5.1960
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	-	16	11	*	1	*	7.6467
Neighbour disputes	-	7	10	*	4	*	6.7181
Rubbish / litter lying around	-	27	21	*	18	*	22.1727
Animal nuisance	-	21	24	*	26	*	24.4176
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Base	-	50	60	10	100	10	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	13	8	6	6	3	3	8.6595
Groups or individual harassing others	8	7	5	5	4	3	6.3300
Drugs misuse	15	15	13	17	8	7	13.5775
Rowdy behaviour	14	12	9	14	4	2	11.0140
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	14	11	8	9	5	4	10.4938
Neighbour disputes	7	б	6	6	6	4	6.4186
Rubbish / litter lying around	39	31	25	25	20	15	31.0971
Animal nuisance	37	32	33	32	25	21	32.3167
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	2	1	1	1	2	1	1.7500
Base	2920	3350	870	570	1050	1020	9780

Table 4.24: Perceptions and experience of neighbourhood problems

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Perceive as very or fairly common	With experience of problem
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	4	3
Groups or individual harassing others	4	2
Drugs misuse	7	3
Rowdy behaviour	5	4
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	8	8
Neighbour disputes	7	7
Rubbish / litter lying around	22	21
Animal nuisance	24	33
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	-	0
Base	240	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Perceive as very or fairly common	With experience of problem
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	9	6
Groups or individual harassing others	6	4
Drugs misuse	14	8
Rowdy behaviour	11	10
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	10	10
Neighbour disputes	6	6
Rubbish / litter lying around	31	31
Animal nuisance	32	36
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	2	2
Base	9780	9780

Table 4.25: Experience of neighbourhood problems by Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	1 - 20% most deprived	2	3	4	5 - 20% least deprived	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	*	*	0	1	*	2.9056
Groups or individual harassing others	*	*	1	3	*	2.0499
Drugs misuse	*	*	1	2	*	2.9504
Rowdy behaviour	*	*	4	3	*	3.5220
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	*	*	4	6	*	8.3182
Neighbour disputes	*	*	12	4	*	7.4544
Rubbish / litter lying around	*	*	16	24	*	21.1340
Animal nuisance	*	*	31	28	*	33.1981
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	*	*	-	1	*	0.3179
None	*	*	58	56	*	52.8521
Base	10	40	90	70	20	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	1 - 20% most deprived	2	3	4	5 - 20% least deprived	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	10	7	4	4	4	5.8957
Groups or individual harassing others	7	4	3	2	1	3.5055
Drugs misuse	16	12	7	3	2	7.9793
Rowdy behaviour	18	14	8	6	6	10.4644
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	18	12	8	7	5	9.8245
Neighbour disputes	10	8	6	4	2	5.8479
Rubbish / litter lying around	41	35	30	26	23	31.0068
Animal nuisance	44	41	32	32	30	36.0303
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	4	2	2	2	1	1.9878
None	33	39	47	49	54	44.6488
Base	1830	1980	2150	2020	1800	9780

Table 4.26: Experience of neighbourhood problems by tenure of household

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Owned	Social rented	Private rented	Other	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	1	10	*	*	2.9056
Groups or individual harassing others	2	2	*	*	2.0499
Drugs misuse	2	6	*	*	2.9504
Rowdy behaviour	2	1	*	*	3.5220
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	7	12	*	*	8.3182
Neighbour disputes	8	6	*	*	7.4544
Rubbish / litter lying around	24	10	*	*	21.1340
Animal nuisance	37	32	*	*	33.1981
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	1	-	*	*	0.3179
None	51	51	*	*	52.8521
Base	140	60	40	0	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Owned	Social rented	Private rented	Other	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	5	9	8	3	5.8957
Groups or individual harassing others	2	7	5	4	3.5055
Drugs misuse	6	14	8	7	7.9793
Rowdy behaviour	8	15	16	8	10.4644
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	6	18	15	11	9.8245
Neighbour disputes	4	10	7	6	5.8479
Rubbish / litter lying around	30	35	30	24	31.0068
Animal nuisance	36	40	29	17	36.0303
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	2	3	2	2	1.9878
None	46	37	47	64	44.6488
Base	6260	2270	1150	110	9780

Table 4.27: Experience of neighbourhood problems by Urban Rural Classification

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	-	3	6	*	1	*	2.9056
Groups or individual harassing others	-	3	-	*	3	*	2.0499
Drugs misuse	-	5	3	*	1	*	2.9504
Rowdy behaviour	-	6	2	*	3	*	3.5220
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	-	15	6	*	5	*	8.3182
Neighbour disputes	-	7	3	*	10	*	7.4544
Rubbish / litter lying around	-	28	16	*	17	*	21.1340
Animal nuisance	-	31	34	*	29	*	33.1981
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	-	-	-	*	1	*	0.3179
None	-	47	58	*	59	*	52.8521
Base	-	50	60	10	100	10	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

	Large urban areas	Other urban areas	Accessible small towns	Remote small towns	Accessible rural	Remote rural	All
Vandalism / graffiti / damage to property	8	6	5	6	2	1	5.8957
Groups or individual harassing others	5	3	3	2	2	2	3.5055
Drugs misuse	10	8	6	9	3	3	7.9793
Rowdy behaviour	13	11	10	12	4	3	10.4644
Noisy neighbours/regular loud parties	12	11	7	10	5	3	9.8245
Neighbour disputes	6	5	6	7	7	5	5.8479
Rubbish / litter lying around	38	31	25	28	23	18	31.0068
Animal nuisance	39	36	39	40	30	24	36.0303
Abandoned/burnt out vehicles	3	2	1	1	2	2	1.9878
None	39	46	45	44	52	60	44.6488
Base	2920	3350	870	570	1050	1020	9780

Table 4.28: Experiences of discrimination and harassment by gender, age and deprivation

Row percentages, Adults

The Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on experiences of harassment and discrimination. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

See 2017 LA tables for historic data due to wording changes

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Yes Discrimination	No Discrimination	Yes Harassment	No Harassment	All	Base
Male	10	90	3	97	100.000	120
Female	5	95	2	98	100.000	120
Another way	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refused	-	-	-	-	-	-
16-39	*	*	*	*	100.000	50
40-59	9	91	4	96	100.000	80
60+	7	93	1	99	100.000	110
20% most deprived	-	*	-	*	100.000	10
2	*	*	*	*	100.000	40
3	8	92	2	98	100.000	90
4	6	94	3	97	100.000	70
20% least deprived	*	*	-	*	100.000	20
All	7	93	3	97	100.000	240

■ Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) ■ Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

	Yes Discrimination	No Discrimination	Yes Harassment	No Harassment	All	Base
Male	7	93	6	94	100.000	4360
Female	8	92	6	94	100.000	5410
Another way	*	*	*	*	100.000	0
Refused	*	*	*	*	100.000	0
16-39	10	90	8	92	100.000	2710
40-59	9	91	7	93	100.000	3060
60+	4	96	3	97	100.000	4010
20% most deprived	10	90	8	92	100.000	1830
2	9	91	7	93	100.000	1980
3	7	93	5	95	100.000	2150
4	7	93	5	95	100.000	2020
20% least deprived	6	94	5	95	100.000	1800
All	8	92	6	94	100.000	9780

Table 4.29: Experiences of discrimination and harassment by sexual orientation, ethnicity, religion, and long-term physical/mental health condition

Row percentages, Adults

The Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on experiences of harassment and discrimination. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

See 2017 LA tables for historic data due to wording changes

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Yes Discrimination	No Discrimination	Yes Harassment	No Harassment	All	Base
Sexual Orientation - Heterosexual/Straight	7	93	3	97	100.000	240
Sexual Orientation - Gay/Lesbian/Bisexual	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sexual Orientation - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sexual Orientation - Refused	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethnicity - White	7	93	3	97	100.000	240
Ethnicity - Other ethnic minority	-	*	-	*	100.000	0
Ethnicity - Refused	-	-	-	-	-	-
Religion - None	8	92	3	97	100.000	140
Religion - Church of Scotland	7	93	2	98	100.000	60
Religion - Roman Catholic	*	*	-	*	100.000	10
Religion - Other Christian	*	*	*	*	100.000	30
Religion - Another religion	-	*	-	*	100.000	0
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Yes, limiting	10	90	9	91	100.000	70
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Yes, but not limiting	-	*	-	*	100.000	20
Long-term physical/mental health condition - No	7	93	1	99	100.000	160
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Don't know	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Refusal	-	-	-	-	-	-
All	7	93	3	97	100.000	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

	Yes Discrimination	No Discrimination	Yes Harassment	No Harassment	All	Base
Sexual Orientation - Heterosexual/Straight	7	93	6	94	100.000	9540
Sexual Orientation - Gay/Lesbian/Bisexual	22	78	16	84	100.000	170
Sexual Orientation - Other	*	*	*	*	100.000	20
Sexual Orientation - Refused	17	83	11	89	100.000	50
Ethnicity - White	7	93	6	94	100.000	9460
Ethnicity - Other ethnic minority	19	81	17	83	100.000	310
Ethnicity - Refused	*	*	*	*	100.000	10
Religion - None	8	92	6	94	100.000	5140
Religion - Church of Scotland	4	96	3	97	100.000	2360
Religion - Roman Catholic	10	90	9	91	100.000	1180
Religion - Other Christian	9	91	6	94	100.000	860
Religion - Another religion	24	76	18	82	100.000	230
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Yes, limiting	12	88	9	91	100.000	2850
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Yes, but not limiting	6	94	4	96	100.000	610
Long-term physical/mental health condition - No	6	94	5	95	100.000	6270
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Don't know	*	*	*	*	100.000	20
Long-term physical/mental health condition - Refusal	*	*	*	*	100.000	20
All	8	92	6	94	100.000	9780

Table 4.30: Reasons for discrimination and harassment

Column percentages, Adults

The Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on experiences of harassment and discrimination. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters, or there is no data to compare with.

Table 4.31: Activity undertaken to prepare for events like severe weather or flooding

Column percentages, Adults

This question was first asked in 2017

Scottish Borders, 2019

Preparation	1 - 20% most deprived	2	3	4	5 - 20% least deprived	All
Given it no thought	*	*	*	*	*	48.415
Thought about but haven't done anything	*	*	*	*	*	6.311
Thought about and have made some preparations	*	*	*	*	*	27.865
Thought about and am fully prepared	*	*	*	*	*	17.410
Don't know	*	*	*	*	*	-
All	100	100	100	100	100	100.000
Base	0	10	20	20	10	60

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

Scotland, 2019

Preparation	1 - 20% most deprived	2	3	4	5 - 20% least deprived	All
Given it no thought	70	69	65	61	61	65.295
Thought about but haven't done anything	14	13	15	17	17	15.207
Thought about and have made some preparations	11	14	14	15	18	14.364
Thought about and am fully prepared	4	3	5	6	2	3.941
Don't know	2	1	0	1	1	1.193
All	100	100	100	100	100	100.000
Base	570	580	620	600	540	2900

Table 4.32: Availability of emergency response items in household by tenure of household and Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation

Column percentages, Adults

This question was first asked in 2017

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Owned	Social rented	Private rented	Other	1 - 20% most deprived	5 - 20% least deprived	All
Does have an emergency kit already prepared with essential items	*	*	*	*	*	*	30.910
Does not have an emergency kit already prepared with essential items	*	*	*	*	*	*	69.090
Does not know if has an emergency kit already prepared with essential items	*	*	*	*	*	*	-
Do have a working radio with batteries	*	*	*	*	*	*	61.953
Do not have a working radio with batteries	*	*	*	*	*	*	38.047
Does not know if has a working radio with batteries	*	*	*	*	*	*	-
Does have a first aid kit	*	*	*	*	*	*	72.518
Does not have a first aid kit	*	*	*	*	*	*	27.482
Does not know if has a first aid kit	*	*	*	*	*	*	-
Does have copies of important documents	*	*	*	*	*	*	78.257
Does not have copies of important documents	*	*	*	*	*	*	18.145
Does not know if has copies of important documents	*	*	*	*	*	*	3.598
All	100	100	100	100	100	100	100.000
Base	40	10	10	0	0	10	60

■ Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) ■ Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

	Owned	Social rented	Private rented	Other	1 - 20% most deprived	5 - 20% least deprived	All
Does have an emergency kit already prepared with essential items	22	17	20	*	17	22	20.481
Does not have an emergency kit already prepared with essential items	76	82	78	*	81	76	77.980
Does not know if has an emergency kit already prepared with essential items	1	2	2	*	2	2	1.539
Do have a working radio with batteries	39	26	26	*	28	40	33.938
Do not have a working radio with batteries	60	72	73	*	70	59	64.692
Does not know if has a working radio with batteries	1	2	1	*	2	1	1.370
Does have a first aid kit	73	51	50	*	55	69	64.249
Does not have a first aid kit	26	47	48	*	43	30	34.596
Does not know if has a first aid kit	1	1	2	*	2	1	1.155
Does have copies of important documents	78	61	62	*	65	73	71.349
Does not have copies of important documents	21	37	36	*	34	25	27.243
Does not know if has copies of important documents	1	2	2	*	2	1	1.408
All	100	100	100	100	100	100	100.000
Base	1810	720	330	40	570	540	2900

Table 4.33: Perceptions of safety when walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark and in their home alone at night by rating of neighbourhood as a place to live

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

Scottish Borders, 2019

	Very $/$ Fairly good	Fairly poor	Very poor	No opinion	All
Walking alone - Very / Fairly safe	87	*	*	*	84.523
Walking alone - Very / A bit unsafe	7	*	*	*	9.716
Walking alone - Don't know	-	*	*	*	-
Walking alone - Not applicable	6	*	*	*	5.760
Walking alone - All	100	100	100	100	100.000
Walking alone - Base	230	10	0	0	240
At home - Very / Fairly safe	98	*	*	*	97.602
At home - Very / A bit unsafe	2	*	*	*	2.398
At home - Don't know	-	*	*	*	-
At home - All	100	100	100	100	100.000
At home - Base	230	10	0	0	240

Significantly greater than Scotland (2019) Significantly lower than Scotland (2019)

	Very / Fairly good	Fairly poor	Very poor	No opinion	All
Walking alone - Very / Fairly safe	85	50	38	*	82.913
Walking alone - Very / A bit unsafe	10	46	61	*	12.682
Walking alone - Don't know	1	1	-	*	0.541
Walking alone - Not applicable	4	3	1	*	3.864
Walking alone - All	100	100	100	100	100.000
Walking alone - Base	9220	400	140	20	9780
At home - Very / Fairly safe	98	87	71	*	97.359
At home - Very / A bit unsafe	2	12	29	*	2.453
At home - Don't know	0	1	-	*	0.188
At home - All	100	100	100	100	100.000
At home - Base	9220	400	140	20	9780

Table 4.34a: Perceptions of safety when walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark by experience of discrimination and harassment

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support and experience of harassment and discrimination. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

See 2017 LA tables for historic data due to wording changes

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters, or there is no data to compare with.

Table 4.34b: Perceptions of safety when in their home alone at night by experience of discrimination and harassment

Column percentages, Adults

Another Scottish Government population survey, the Scottish Crime and Justice Survey (SCJS), also collects information on perceptions of a range of neighbourhood issues, including feeling of safety, how common specific crimes are believed to be in the local area, alongside respondents' views on neighbourhood cohesion and community support and experience of harassment and discrimination. As questions are asked in a different survey context, any similar measures should not be directly compared to SHS findings

See 2017 LA tables for historic data due to wording changes

Scottish Borders, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters.

Scotland, 2019

There is no data to show for this table within the specified parameters, or there is no data to compare with.