

Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for Institute Charity Registration Number: SC019162

annual report and financial statements



Contents

	Page
Foreword	3
Trustees' Annual Report	3
Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities for the Annual Report and Financial Statements	7
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Activities	8
Balance Sheet	9
Accounting Policies	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	12
Independent Auditor's Report	14
Additional Information	17

FOREWORD

The implementation of the audit and reporting requirements of the Office of the Scottish Charity regulator (OSCR) now requires that full audited accounts for this Charity are prepared.

Due to the Ormiston Institute containing heritable assets it has not been included in the new Charities recently established by Scottish Borders Council following a reorganisation of a number of trusts, in consultation with OSCR. The Ormiston Institute remains a single registered charity.

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT

The Trustees present their Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Structure

The Charity is a single standalone charity for the Ormiston Institute in Melrose and is registered with OSCR.

Charitable Purpose

•The fund is to be used to provide and maintain the property known as the Ormiston Institute in Melrose to provide recreational and educational rooms in the town for the inhabitants of the Town and district.

Summary of the Main Activities

- •The Charity has taken steps to ensure that the assets of the funds are properly managed and accounted for.
- •The funds generated during 2018/19 have been fully utilised during the year. The funds are expended on behalf of the Charity by Live Borders who manages the facility on behalf of the Trustees.

Plans for the Future

- •Scottish Borders Council will continue to manage the service on behalf of Trustees ensuring access to the services and building is provided.
- •An ongoing project, led by the Trimontium Trust aims to expand and improve the Trimontium Museum, located in the Ormiston Institute.

Governance and Management

Type of Governing Documents

- a) The charity came to be administered by the Council during local government reorganisation in 1996. A Trust Disposition and settlement by the late Charles Walker Ormiston was requested with the books of Council and Session 13 February 1882. The present Council are the statutory successors to that body.
- a) The funds are governed by Trustee's in line with the Local Code of Corporate Governance of Scottish Borders Council, consideration being given to:

Financial Regulations Code of Corporate Governance

Procedural Standing Orders

Scheme of Administration

Scheme of Delegation

- c) When considering any action in connection with the Charity the Trustees must act in the interest of the Charity Funds.
- b) The financial statements comply with the Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102), the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Recruitment and Appointment of Trustees

There is no recruitment process. Appointment is by virtue of election to the Council and the relevant ward, i.e. those wards covering former Burgh areas and in terms of the Council's Code of Governance.

Financial Review

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with current statutory requirements and the charity's governing document.

The applications of the Funds are detailed in the Notes to the Accounts.

Reserves

The charity has considered the reserves required and have taken into account its current and future liabilities, ensuring reserves will be maintained at a level sufficient to respond to:

- all approved applications for grants
- all support and governance costs

At 31 March 2019, the reserves of the Ormiston Trust for Institute amounted to:

Restricted Income Funds - £244,717

Investments

Per the Council's Common Good and Trust Fund investment strategy, the main balance of funds are invested with Kames Capital plc in a diversified income fund.

Reference and Administrative Information

Charity Name Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for Institute

Charity registration number SC019162

Business Address Council HQ

Newtown St Boswells

Melrose

Scottish Borders

TD6 0SA

Trustees

The Trustees of this charity for the year to 31 March 2019 were the duly elected members of the Leaderdale and Melrose ward of Scottish Borders Council (the Council), a local authority constituted under the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1994, at that time. These were:

David Parker Tom Miers Kevin Drum

Chief Executive The Chief Executive of Scottish Borders Council is Tracey Logan.

Auditor Audit Scotland

102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Professional support

The Council provides the Administrative, Legal and Financial support and advice to the Ormiston Trust for Institute.

All financial transactions go through the Council's books of account and their Bankers are the Bank of Scotland, Galashiels.

David Parker Trustee Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for Institute 26 September 2019

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under charity law, the trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. The trustees have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS102, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the excess of expenditure over income for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, generally accepted accounting practice entails that the trustees:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- > Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- > State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- State where applicable, whether the financial statements comply with the trust deeds and rules, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are required to act in accordance with the rules of the charity, within the framework of trust law. They are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, sufficient to disclose at any time, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the charity at that time, and to enable the trustees to ensure that, where any statements of accounts are prepared by them under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, those statements of accounts comply with the requirements of regulations under that Act. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the charity and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the financial and other information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES for the year ended 31 March 2019

2017/18 £		2018/19 £	Notes
	Income from:		
500	Donations and legacies	500	4
273	Investments	545	1
773	Total Income	1,045	
	Expenditure on:		
(25,863)	Raising funds	(25,500)	2
(123)	Charitable activities	(545)	3
(533)	Other: Governance costs	(500)	4
(26,519)	Total Expenditure	(26,545)	
(32)	(Loss)/Gains on investment assets	98	
(25,778)	Net Movement in Funds	(25,402)	
	Reconciliation of Funds		
295,897	Total funds brought forward	270,119	
270,119	Total Funds Carried Forward	244,717	10

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2019

as at 31 March 2018			as at 31 March 2019		Notes
£	£		£	£	Notes
		Fixed Assets			
260,000		Tangible assets	234,500		5
9,697		Investments	9,806		6
	269,697			244,306	
		Current Assets			
0		Debtors	41		7
508		Short term investment in SBC loans fund.	582		8
	508	Total Current Assets		623	
		Current Liabilities Creditors:			
	(86)	Amounts falling due within 1 year		(212)	9
	422	Net Current Assets		411	
	270,119	Total Net Assets		244,717	
(270,119)		The Funds of the Charity Restricted income funds	(244,717)		10
	(270,119)	Total Charity Funds		(244,717)	

All income and expenditure transactions derive from continuing activities.

The Accounting Policies on pages 10 and 11 and the Notes on page 12 and 13 form part of these Financial Statements.

The unaudited accounts were issued on 25 June 2019 and the audited accounts were authorised for issue on 26 September 2019.

David Robertson CPFA Chief Financial Officer 26 September 2019 David Parker
Trustee
Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for
Institute
26 September 2019

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material to the financial statements.

Basis of Preparation

The accounts (financial statements) have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the FRS102, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention with items recognised at cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant note(s) to these accounts.

Funds Structure

Unrestricted income funds comprise those funds which the trustees are free to use for any purpose in furtherance of the charitable objects. Unrestricted funds include the designated funds where the trustees, at their discretion, have created a fund for a specific purpose.

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by the donor or trust deed.

Income Recognition

Under FRS102, income is recognised when its receipt is "probable", rather than "virtually certain", which was the case under the previous Charities SORP 2005.

Full recognition criteria are:

- Entitlement control over the rights or other access to the economic benefit has passed to the charity
- Probable it is more likely than not that the economic benefits will flow to the charity
- Measurement the monetary value or amount of the income and the costs to complete the transactions can be measured reliably

Accruals of Income and Expenditure

Activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place, not simply when cash payments are made or received. In particular:

- Donations and grants are recorded as expenditure when they are approved or if approved in principle only, when final confirmation of amount is received by the applying body.
- Where income and expenditure have been recognised but cash has not been received or paid, a debtor or creditor for the relevant amount is recorded in the balance sheet.
- Income and expenditure are credited and debited to the relevant revenue account, unless they properly represent capital receipts or capital expenditure.

Donations & Legacies

All donations and gifts are included within incoming resources under Restricted Funds. Donations and Gifts in Kind are brought into the financial statements at their market value to the charity.

Resources Expended

Resources expended are analysed between charitable activities, costs of raising funds and governance costs. Charitable activities include all direct costs and other support costs.

Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets, with a value greater than £5,000, having a value to the business greater than one year, other than those acquired for the purpose of specific projects, are capitalised.

Land is held at current valuation and is not depreciated. All tangible fixed assets are subject to revaluation every five years, with the last revaluation being undertaken in 2014/15. Depreciation is charged on all tangible fixed assets other than land at a rate which will reduce the current value of the asset to its residual value over the remaining effective life of the asset.

Investments

Investments are initially recognised at their transaction value and subsequently measured at their market value as at the balance sheet date using closing quoted market price.

Unrealised gains and losses represent the difference between market value at the beginning and the end of the financial year, or if purchased in the year the difference between cost and market value at the end of the financial year. Realised gains and losses represent the difference between the proceeds and cost.

Short Term Investments

Short Term Investments are current asset investments which are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are either convertible into known amounts of cash at or close to their carrying values. Short Term Investments comprise of call deposits with the Council.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Investment Income

2017/18 £		2018/19 £
1	Bank Interest Receivable	4
272	Income from Investment Portfolio	541
273		545

2 Expenditure on Raising Funds

Expenditure on Raising Funds includes a depreciation charge for the use of the asset and is funded from the Restricted Funds. This is not a cash transaction.

3 Charitable Activities during 2018/19

A single grant is made to Live Borders to maintain the property and provide the services required under the Charity terms.

4 Governance Costs

The fee for the external audit of the charity is charged against Scottish Borders Council General Fund and notionally recharged to the Ormiston Institute, recognised under Governance Costs. This fee amounted to £500 in 2018/19. A notional grant from SBC to cover the full cost is recognised under Donations and legacies. No Trustee remuneration or other expenses were incurred.

5 Tangible Fixed Assets

The charity has a fixed asset of the Ormiston Institute building and land at Greenyards in Melrose.

The movement in the value of Tangible Fixed Assets has been driven solely by the annual depreciation charge in 2018/19 as follows:

	£
Opening Balance at 1 April 2018	260,000
Depreciation for year	25,500
Closing Balance at 31 March 2019	234,500

6 Investments

All investments are through regulated funds or are traded on a recognised investment exchange.

At 31 March 2019 all investments were with the Kames Capital Diversified Monthly Income Fund.

7 Debtors

2017/18 £		2018/19 £
0	Prepayments and accrued income	41
0		41

8 Short term investment in SBC Loans Fund

All surplus cash invested on behalf of the charity with Scottish Borders Council.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within 1 year

2017/18		2018/19
£		£
86	Grants payable	212
86		212

10 Restricted income funds

Income includes the unrealised gain on the Kames investment during the year.

2017/18 Balance £	Trust Fund £	Income £	Expenditure £	2018/19 Balance £
264,151	Ormiston Trust Institute	444	25,906	238,689
5,968	Greenyards Trust	699	639	6,028
270,119		1,143	26,545	244,717

11 Related Party Transactions

Due to the nature of the operations and composition of the SBC Ormiston Trust for Institute (Trustees are comprised of Elected Council Members of Scottish Borders Council), Scottish Borders Council is registered as a related party. Transactions with Scottish Borders Council for the year under review are listed below:

	£
Interest received on funds invested in SBC Loans Fund	4

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the trustees of Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for Institute and the Accounts Commission

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on financial statements

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the statement of accounts of Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for Institute the year ended 31 March 2019 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity as at 31 March 2019 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 8 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require me to report to you where:

- the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about ability of the charity to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless deemed inappropriate.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

Other information in the statement of accounts

The trustees are responsible for the other information in the statement of accounts. The other information comprises the information other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on matters prescribed by the Accounts Commission or required by applicable law to the extent explicitly stated later in this report.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read all the other information in the statement of accounts and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Report on other requirements

Opinion on matter prescribed by the Accounts Commission

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102).

Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by The Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to report to you if, in my opinion:

- · proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Asif A Haseeb OBE 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

September 2019

Asif A Haseeb OBE is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Contact Details

For further information on the Ormiston Trust for Institute, please contact:

Kirsty Robb Telephone: 01835 825249

Pension & Investment Manager E-mail: <u>krobb@scotborders.gov.uk</u>

Scottish Borders Council Council Headquarters
Newtown St Boswells

MELROSE TD6 0SA

You can get this document on audio CD, in large print, and various other formats by contacting us at the address below. In addition, contact the address below for information on language translations, additional copies, or to arrange for an officer to meet with you to explain any areas of the publication that you would like clarified.

Contact us at Kirsty Robb, Pension & Investment Manager, Council Headquarters, Newtown St Boswells Melrose TD6 0SA Tel: 01835 825249 Fax: 01835 825011 or email: KRobb@scotborders.gov.uk

