# Strategic Flood Risk Assessment for Scottish Borders

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# Part 1: Strategic Flood Risk Assessment Introduction

The Main Issues Report (MIR) and the Local Development Plan (LDP) preparation process requires to be informed and supported by a strategic overview of flood risk management issues in the form of a Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA).

A SFRA should provide a strategic overview of flood risk in the LDP area and support the identification of the areas most suitable for development and areas that should be safeguarded for sustainable flood management. The SFRA has been developed in liaison with the Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA) and the Council's Flood Protection team.

## Aims and Objectives

The primary aim is to avoid locating new development in areas of flood risk by giving careful consideration to the implications of coastal/tidal and fluvial or river based flooding. The main objectives of the SFRA are:

- Ensure development **does not take place in areas of flood risk** or contribute to flooding elsewhere;
- Provide the baseline for the Environmental Report;
- Identify the flood risk areas based on the risk framework in Scottish Planning Policy (SPP); and
- Provide an evidence-based report to inform the LDP.

The key role of the SFRA is to help determine whether the potential development sites identified within the MIR are suitable for allocation as part of the subsequent plan making stage. It should also mean that flood risk mitigation measures will not be necessary to overcome flood risk as those sites should be 'screened out' as part of the allocation of sites.

## Background

The Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009 sets in place a statutory framework for delivering a sustainable and risk-based approach to managing flooding. This includes the preparation of assessments of the likelihood and impacts of flooding, and catchment focused plans to address these impacts. By 2015 flood risk management plans will be in place across Scotland which should then be taken into account when development plans are prepared. However, in the interim and to provide a baseline to inform the LDP it is considered that it would be helpful to prepare a SFRA to ensure that new development would be free from significant flood risk and that it would not increase flooding elsewhere.

A SFRA should provide a strategic overview of flood risk in the LDP area and support the identification of the area most suitable for development and areas that should be safeguarded for sustainable flood management.

## **Planning Policy**

Scottish Planning Policy (SPP) suggests that land allocated for development should be located in areas with the lowest risk of flooding first and in areas of highest risk last. The document contains a Risk Framework which shows the return period and probability associated with the river and coastal flooding as shown in Table 1 below. Table 1: Risk Framework

#### **RISK FRAMEWORK**

**Little or No Risk** - annual probability of watercourse, tidal or coastal flooding is less than 0.1% (1:1000)

• No constraints due to watercourse, tidal or coastal flooding.

**Low to Medium Risk Area -** annual probability of watercourse, tidal or coastal flooding in the range 0.1% - 0.5% (1:1000 - 1:200)

• These areas will be suitable for most development. A flood risk assessment may be required at the upper end of the probability range (i.e. close to 0.5%) or where the nature of the development or local circumstances indicate heightened risk. Water resistant materials and construction may be required depending on the flood risk assessment. Subject to operational requirements, including response times, these areas are generally not suitable for essential civil infrastructure such as hospitals, fire stations, emergency depots etc. Where such infrastructure must be located in these areas or is being substantially extended it should be capable of remaining operational and accessible during extreme flooding events.

**Medium to High Risk** - annual probability of watercourse, tidal or coastal flooding greater than 0.5% (1:200)

- Generally not suitable for essential civil infrastructure such as hospitals, fire stations, emergency depots etc., schools, care homes, ground-based electrical and telecommunications equipment unless subject to an appropriate long term flood risk management strategy. The policy for development on functional flood plains applies. Land raising may be acceptable.
- If built development is permitted, appropriate measures to manage flood risk will be required and the loss of flood storage capacity mitigated to produce a neutral or better outcome.
- Within built up areas, medium to high risk areas may be suitable for residential, institutional, commercial and industrial development provided flood prevention measures to the appropriate standard already exist, are under construction or are planned as part of a long term development strategy. In allocating sites, preference should be given to those areas already defended to required standards. Water resistant materials and construction should be used where appropriate.
- In undeveloped and sparsely developed areas, medium to high risk areas are generally not suitable for additional development. Exceptions may arise if a location is essential for operational reasons, e.g. for navigation and water based recreation uses, agriculture, transport or some utilities infrastructure and an alternative lower risk location is not achievable. Such infrastructure should be designed and constructed to remain operational during floods. These areas may also be suitable for some recreation procedures are in place. Job-related accommodation (e.g. caretakers and operational staff) may be acceptable. New caravan and camping sites should not be located in these areas. If built development is permitted, measures to manage flood risk are likely to be required and the loss of flood storage capacity minimised. Water resistant materials and construction should be used where appropriate.

Scottish Borders Council's (SBC) policies on flooding (Consolidated Structure Plan 115 and Consolidated Local Plan G4) comply with the national policy and discourage development from taking place in areas which are, or may become, subject to flood risk. The Consolidated Structure Plan seeks to minimise damage from flooding by identifying areas of particular risk from flooding in Local Plans and safeguard flood plains and other low lying land adjacent to rivers from further development and maintain a presumption against development which would create an unmanageable risk of flooding or which would create or intensify an unmanageable flood risk elsewhere.

## **Assessment Process**

The MIR is looking to allocate land for 400 housing units for 2019-2024 and land for a range of other types of development including regeneration and employment to take forward to the LDP. The assessment of land includes the consideration of potential flood risk at both strategic and detailed level. The strategic assessment included in this report consists of information from SEPA and the Council's Flood Management Team available at the time of preparation of the SFRA. The SFRA also includes relevant planning policy on national and local level and how the Council comply with these policies. The SFRA includes Areas Potentially Vulnerable to Flood Risk and Indicative Flood Risk Maps from SEPA as well as data on historic flood events and existing and planned flood defence in the region. Part 2 of the SFRA details the detailed assessment process for land considered for development.

### **Study Area Flood Sources**

SEPA has as a part of the National Flood Risk Assessment identified Local Plan Districts based on river catchments and Potentially Vulnerable Areas where there is a risk of flooding. This SFRA covers the SBC area, which includes parts of three Local Plan Districts identified by SEPA, namely Tweed, Solway and Forth Estuary. The main source of flood risk in the Borders is from rivers, and also coastal flooding along the coastline. There is also risk of flooding from surface water run off after intense rain fall. A large proportion of all households in the Borders are at risk of flooding and fall within the Potentially Vulnerable Areas identified by SEPA.

The following table provides a summary of the information for the Scottish Borders.

Local Plan District	Main River	Known Sources of	Towns and Villages with
(Ref. no for	Catchment	Flooding	Properties at Risk (more
Potentially			than 50 properties at
Vulnerable Areas)			risk)
Tweed (13/01)	River	River (93%)	West Linton
	Tweed	Surface Water (7%)	
Tweed (13/02)	Whiteadder	Surface Water (53%)	N/A
	Water	River (47%)	
Tweed (13/03)	River	River (56%)	N/A
	Tweed	Surface Water (44%)	
Tweed (13/04)	River	River (83%)	Innerleithen, Peebles,
	Tweed	Surface Water (17%)	Eddleston, Galashiels,
			Selkirk
Tweed (13/05)	River	River (55%)	N/A
	Tweed	Surface Water (45%)	
Tweed (13/06)	River	River (63%)	Coldstream
	Tweed	Surface Water (37%)	
Tweed (13/07)	River	River (84%)	Biggar (South Lanarkshire)
	Tweed	Surface Water (16%)	

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Tweed (13/08)	River	River (95%)	Broughton
	Tweed	Surface Water (5%)	_
Tweed (13/09)	River	River (59%)	Kelso
	Tweed	Surface Water (41%)	
Tweed (13/10)	River	River (60%)	Jedburgh
	Tweed	Surface Water (40%)	
Tweed (13/11)	River	River (53%)	N/A
	Tweed	Surface Water (47%)	
Tweed (13/12)	River	River (78%)	Hawick
	Tweed	Surface Water (22%)	
Tweed (13/13)	River	River (75%)	N/A
	Tweed	Surface Water (25%)	
Solway (14/03)	River Esk	River (96%)	Newcastleton
		Surface Water (4%)	
Forth Estuary (10/26)	Berwick	Coastal (64%)	N/A
	Coastal	Surface Water (28%)	
		River (8%)	

Source: Potentially Vulnerable Area Datasheets (Tweed, Solway, Forth Estuary), SEPA 2011.

A number of towns in the Scottish Borders fall within the Potentially Vulnerable Areas. Further assessment of flood risk is carried out during the process of identifying land for development to include in the MIR and LDP. The detailed assessment differs from the Potentially Vulnerable Areas in that it includes smaller towns and villages and also areas where less than 50 properties are at risk of flooding. For more details see Part 2: Site Assessments.

## Scottish Borders Council Flood Risk Strategy

SBC has an agreed prioritisation programme from 2007 which was drawn up after initial flood studies in seven communities with significant flooding issues were carried out. The prioritisation programme included Stow, Hawick, Jedburgh, Peebles, Selkirk, Newcastleton and Galashiels. The approved Flood Prevention Scheme Implementation Programme includes:

- Short/medium term (2-5 years) Galashiels, Selkrik and Hawick
- Medium/long term (3-8+ years) Stow, Jedburgh, Peebles and Newcastleton

After changes to the Scottish Government funding system at the end of 2007 the Council changed to a more flexible strategy aiming for a balance between formal Flood Protection Schemes that protect larger communities from flooding and smaller scale works to protect individual and small groups of properties, lower cost watercourse efficiency measures, and investment in equipment that can be activated during the flooding event (Community Resilience). This more flexible approach allows the Council to, in rural areas and isolated settlements, adopt more on the ground practical measures such as building short lengths of direct defence or improving the watercourse efficiency that do not require to follow the full formal process, while keeping the more holistic approach to flood protection of the larger settlements.

A 'Local Flood Risk Management Plan – Update Report' is required to be produced under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009. SBC has previously produced biennial reports to report on maintenance and progress on planned flood protection schemes and works. The reports also included any work on Natural Flood Risk Management and a list of recent flooding in the area.

## **Flood Defence**

This section includes flood prevention schemes, flood protection works and community resilience. Note however, flood defences reduce the risk of flooding but are only designed to protect for a flood of a given size. This means flooding can happen in areas with flood defence if the flood exceeds the level of flood the defence is designed for.

#### **Flood Prevention Schemes**

#### Planned flood prevention schemes:

Galashiels Flood Prevention Scheme

The Flood Prevention Scheme is being taken forward under the Flood Prevention (Scotland) Act 1961 and is currently at detailed design stage. Construction of the first phase is expected to start in April 2013.

Selkirk Flood Protection Scheme

The scheme is being taken forward under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009 and is at formal scheme publication stage. The construction of the first phase of the work is planned for 2015/16.

Hawick Flood Protection Scheme

This scheme is also being taken forward under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009. It is currently at option evaluation and consultation stage leading to a preferred scheme. The scheme is not expected to be taken forward before 2018/19.

#### Existing flood prevention schemes:

Scheme name	Watercourse	Town	Length of scheme (km)	Description
Galashiels - Netherdale Flood Prevention Scheme 1987	Gala Water	Galashiels	0.572	The flood defence works comprising the Galashiels Netherdale Flood Prevention Scheme consist of earth embankments, reinforced concrete floodwalls and gabion protection.
Ettrick Water and Yarrow Water Flood Prevention Scheme 1979	Yarrow Water	Ettrick	0.738	Flood embankment.
Lauder Station Yard Flood Prevention Scheme 1990	Tributary of Washing Burn	Lauder	0.645	Some localised flooding in 1987 and 1988 caused investigation of measures to alleviate flooding. Culvert improvements were made to upgrade the capacity to carry the 25mm rainfall event, which is close to a 100 year event. A 48 ha site drains to 2 culverts. The culverts collect the upper catchments and the drainage from the new

#### Table 3: Existing flood prevention schemes

					industrial estate constructed on the station yard. Flows then pass to the Washing
ļ					Burn in a 600mm culvert.
	Galashiels – Plumtree/Wilder haugh Flood Prevention Scheme 1987	Gala Water	Galashiels	0.559	The flood defence works consist of earth/rock embankments, brick and masonry floodwalls, gabion floodwalls and some gabion protection next to the retail
	Peebles – Southpark Area Flood Prevention Scheme 1987	Edderston Burn and surface run-off from fields	Peebles	0.436	The purpose of the scheme is to mitigate the flooding of Caledonian Road, Southpark Drive and Southpark West areas of Peebles by surface run-off from the fields to the south-west of Southpark and overflows from Edderston Burn. Construction of a diversion channel and weir on the Edderston Burn, a screen at Southpark Road connected by culvert to an outfall into the River Tweed, a protective embankment over the culvert and regarding of the existing open channel.
	Innerleithen Hall Street Flood Prevention Scheme 1998	Chapmans Burn and field run-off	Innerleithen	1.288	The scheme was designed to mitigate the flooding of St Ronan's Terrace, Hall Street and High Street. The source of flooding is from surface- runoff and watercourses upstream of Hall Street. Flooding occurs during periods of prolonged and heavy rain. Construction of pipes and drains, intakes and outfalls to divert water from the Chapmans Burn and field run-off through the town of Innerleithen to the River Tweed.
	Jed Water Flood Prevention Scheme 1987	Jed Water	Jedburgh	0.065	The scheme is designed to mitigate flooding of Richmond Row, Duck Row and Bankend areas of Jedburgh by the Jed Water. The scheme consists of flood embankment, floodgate and wall at Richmond Row and scrub clearance downstream at Bankend. The floodwall has 2 windows.
	Denholm Flood Prevention Scheme 1985	Runoff from hill slopes causes flooding	Denholm	1.117	The scheme is designed to divert surface runoff from surrounding fields into a culvert system that runs through the town and outfalls into the River Teviot adjacent to the sewage works. At the upstream extent of the

				scheme surface runoff is diverted into two culvert inlets via an embankment, french drain and ditch. The purpose of the scheme is to mitigate flooding of the Ashloaning, The Loaning, Eastgate and Eastlea Drive.
Turfford Burn Flood Prevention Scheme 1967	Turfford Burn	Earlston	1.502	The scheme operations include the construction of a diversion channel and culvert, main channel regarding and the construction of flood embankments. The diversion intake, channel and culvert upgraded in 1994.
Jedburgh – Skiprunning Burn Culvert Flood Prevention Scheme 1985	Skiprunning Burn	Jedburgh	0.5	The purpose of the scheme is to mitigate the flooding of Exchange Street, Friars and Pleasance areas of Jedburgh. The operations are located at Exchange Street, Friars and Pleasance and include reconstruction of the culvert. There is a trash screen on the culvert inlet and additional gullies to prevent overland flow. Also 2 primary screens in the burn. Parts of culvert were upgraded and telemetry installed on the inlet.

#### Flood Protection Works

Flood protection works are on a smaller scale than flood protection schemes. A number of projects have been taken forward in the Scottish Borders in the last few years;

- •Hawick High School Flood Wall
- •Broadmeadows East Burn Flood Relief Channel
- Newcastleton Drainage Improvements
- •Weensland Cauld Removal
- •Hawick Vegetation Clearance
- •Selkirk Long Philip Burn Sediment Management

It is hoped that it will be easier under the new Flood Act to take forward flood protection work where land acquisition is not necessary.

#### Community Resilience

The Council's Emergency Planning Team and the Flood Protection Team work closely together to deliver measures aimed at improving community resilience in relation to flooding. The aim is to raise awareness for those at risk of flooding and to assist in their preparation for a flood event. Examples include a flood warning system (now partially taken over by SEPA), provision of sandbags, subsidised flood products scheme and support to self-help groups.

## **Natural Flood Risk Management**

Scottish Borders Council has a desire to move to more sustainable solutions in the implementation of flood protection schemes and is co-operating with other agencies to take forward studies, research and demonstration projects to help establish suitable measures for natural flood management and to determine the evidence for the benefits of these measures.

Upstream flood storage is included in natural flood risk management and the Council's Flood Protection Team plan and set up projects together with Tweed Forum through negotiation with farmers and landowners. Table 4 includes planned and implemented projects to reduce flooding in Borders settlements.

Catchment	Location	Management	Planned/Implemented
Gala Water			
(contributing to flood			
risk reduction in			
Stow and Galashiels			
- augmenting			
Galashiels Flood			
Protection Scheme)			
	Hangingshaw Farm	25ha native tree +	Implemented
		water margin	
	Crookston Farm	26ha riparian tree +	Implemented
		shallow scapes to act	
		as flood storage	
	Stagehall Farm	Flood storage pond	Implemented
		and leaky barrier on	
		flood plain	
	Halkburn Farm	1400m water margin	Implemented
		with riparian trees	
Leader Water			
(contributing to flood			

#### Table 4 Natural Flood Risk Management

risk reduction in			
Oxton)	Airhouse Farm	6 ponds as flood	Implemented
		storage and 3ha	
		riparian trees with	
		large areas of water	
Ettrick Water		margin	
(contributing to flood			
risk reduction in			
Selkirk – augmenting			
Protection Scheme)			
	Foulshields Farm	Upland gully planting	Planned
		and moorland	
	Linglio Form	management Biparian woodland	Plannad
		planting	Flatilieu
	Other locations	To be determined	Planned
Teviot Water			
risk reduction in			
Hawick –			
augmenting Hawick			
Flood Protection			
Scheme)	Bowanhill Farm	Wet woodland	Planned
	Dowalinin r ann	creation on flood	
		plain plus sediment	
	Othersleasticses	management	Diamand
Eddleston Water	Other locations	I o be determined	Planned
(contributing to flood			
risk reduction in			
Eddleston and			
reeples)	Nether Falla Farm	6ha riparian	Planned
		woodland	- Idiniod
	Shiplaw Farm	6ha riparian	Planned
	Burrow Farm	6ha riparian	Planned
		woodland	
	Darnhall Farm	6ha riparian	Planned
	Portmore Estate	Woodland 6ba riparian	Planned
		woodland	
	Burnhead Farm	6ha riparian	Planned
		woodland	Discourt
	VIOIET BANK	ona riparian woodland	Planned
Bowmont Water			
(contributing to farm			
resilience to flooding			
management)			
~ / /	Clifton-on-Bowmont	Erodable river	Implemented
	Farm	corridor bank	
	Cocklawfoot Farm	stabilisation Frodable river	Planned
		corridor bank	
		stabilisation	
	Kelso Cleuch	Erodable river	Planned

	corridor bank stabilisation	
Venchen Farm	Erodable river corridor bank stabilisation	Planned
Halter Burn Farm	35ha upland gully planting with native trees	Planned
Mowhaugh	6ha upland gully planting with native trees	Planned
Cocklawfoot Farm	Upland gully planting with native trees	Planned
Surhope Farm	Upland gully planting with native trees	Planned
Clifton-on-Bowmont Farm	47 no Apex log jams on flood plain on 3 farms	Planned
Cocklawfoot Farm	Apex log jams on flood plain	Planned
Kelsocleuch Farm	Apex log jams on flood plain	Planned



Crookston Natural Flood Risk Management

Photo: Hugh Chalmers, Tweed Forum

# **Historical Flooding**

Flooding is a significant issue in the Scottish Borders and there is a long history of flooding events. In recent years there has been serious flooding in Hawick, Peebles, Galashiels and Newcastleton. The table below and map 1 provide information on flooding events over the last 5 years.

Date	Settlement	Event
2 August 2011	Selkirk	Near miss
5 February 2011	Hawick	Near miss
15 January 2011	Hawick	Near miss
31 March 2010	Eyemouth (Harbour Area)	Coastal flooding
	Earlston	Flooding & Fluvial flooding
	Jedburgh	Fluvial flooding
	Reston	Flooding
	Gattonside	Flooding
30 March 2010	Ayton	Flooding
	Reston	Flooding
	Earlston	Flooding
	Jedburgh	Flooding
27 February 2010	Reston	Flooding
18 January 2010	Jedburah	Fluvial flooding
	Selkirk	Flooding
	Earlston	Flooding
17 January 2010	Jedburgh	Fluvial flooding
16 January 2010	Hawick	Flooding
	Coldstream	Flooding
	Sprouston	Flooding
	Galashiels	Pluvial flooding
	Farlston	Flooding
	Jedburgh	Flooding
	Avton	Flooding
	Jedburgh	Fluvial flooding
	Peebles	Fluvial flooding
26 November 2009	Yarrow & Ettrick Water	Fluvial flooding
20 November 2009	Yarrow Water	Fluvial flooding
19 November 2009	Tweed Ettrick & Teviot	Fluvial flooding
3 September 2009	Peebles	Flooding
	Jedburgh	Flooding
	Galashiels	Flooding
	Stow	Flooding
20 August 2009	Ettrick	Flooding
18 July 2009	Jedburgh	Fluvial flooding
	Yetholm	Flooding
	Paxton	Pluvial flooding
	Reston	Flooding
17 July 2009	Hawick	Flooded gully
	Grantshouse	Flooding
	Chirnside	Flooding
	Avton	Flooding
	Jedburgh	Fluvial flooding
<u> </u>	Evemouth	Flooding
<u> </u>	Reston	Flooding
12 January 2009	Jedburgh	Flooding
12 October 2008	Teviot & Slitria Water	Fluvial flooding
	(Hawick)	
7 September 2008	Stow	Flooding
	Bowmont	Flooding
	Galashiels	Flooding

#### Table 5 Historic Flooding Events

	Edrom	Flooding
	Preston	Flooding
	Eddleston	Flooding
	Peebles	Flooding
	Heriot	Flooding
	Fountainhall	Flooding
6 September 2008	Newcastleton	Surcharged Drains
	Jedburgh	Fluvial flooding
	Galashiels	Fluvial flooding
	Bowmont	Fluvial flooding
	Sprouston	Flooding
	Hownam	Surface Water
	Eckford	Flooding
	Yetholm	Flooding
	Bowmont	Fluvial flooding
	Hawick	Flooding
	Crailing	Flooding
8 August 2008	Clovenfords	Flooding & Pluvial flooding
	Eyemouth	Flooding
	Cockburnspath	Flooding
	Stow	Flooding
	Galashiels	Surface Water
	Broadmeadows	Flooding
	Selkirk	Flooding
	The Nest, A72	Culvert flooding
	Ettrick	Flooding
	Cockburnspath	Flooding
7 August 2008	Selkirk	Fluvial flooding
10 June 2008	Newcastleton	Flooding
	Mosspaul	Flooding
	Saughtree	Flooding
	Hawick	Flooding
	Jedburgh	Flooding
	Liddle Water	Fluvial flooding
10 January 2008	Hawick	Surface Water
	Galashiels	Surface Water
9 January 2008	Galashiels	Surface Water
	Lauder	Pluvial flooding
	Fountainhall	Fluvial flooding
October 2007	Blyth Bridge	Burst water main
22 June 2007	Clovenfords	Pluvial flooding

Source: Scottish Borders Council

Map1: Flooding events 2007-2011



# Climate Change

It is expected that flooding will become a greater problem in the future due to the impact of climate change. SEPA indicates a moderate predicted increase in rainfall with proportionate increase in flooding and consider that the coastal area in Berwickshire is not vulnerable to the impacts of climate change.

Map 2 shows the 1:200 flood risk in Selkirk using SEPA's Indicative Flood Risk Map which does not factor in climate change and the 1:200 flood risk including allowance for climate change, based on modelling for Selkirk Flood Protection Scheme. The effect of climate change results in new areas being under risk of flooding but also small pockets of land that are free of flooding.



Map 2 Selkirk Flood Risk

It should be noted that the SEPA Indicative Flood Risk Map does not take into account flood prevention schemes, coastal defences, predicted climate change or the effect bridges and other structures such as culverts may have on a flood. The maps do not include the potential flood risk from watercourses with a catchment of less than 3km<sup>2</sup>.

## **Strategic Overview**

The maps below show areas at risk of flooding on a strategic level. The maps show the Indicative Flood Risk (SEPA) and existing and planned flood defence. The information is presented per Housing Market Area. Many Border towns were located close to the rivers to take advantage of the water for mills. The historic location creates difficulties in finding suitable land for development and the importance of the site assessment process.









#### Part 2: Site Assessments

#### **Detailed Assessment Process**

The assessment process undertaken to identify suitable land for development to include in the MIR and LDP includes a desktop exercise and site visits, and where required consultation with key experts within the Council and externally, for example with stakeholders as SEPA. After the Council's assessment, the proposed sites will go through a wider consultation as part of the public consultation on the MIR.

The site assessment methodology was included in the SEA scoping report consultation with SEPA, Historic Scotland and Scottish Natural Heritage.

In the assessment of flood risk SEPA's Indicative Flood Risk Maps are used together with observations from site visits and where required comments from the Flood Protection team and SEPA.

There are a number of small watercourses not included in SEPA's Indicative Flood Risk Map. These watercourses can be the cause of flooding and will be included in the assessment of sites through site visits and detailed information from the Council's Flood Protection team.

Table 6 includes the sites assessed in the process of identifying land to include in the MIR and a commentary relating to flood risk. Map 4 is a series of maps including preferred and alternative sites intersected by or in the proximity of 1:200 flood risk.

Table 6 Land assessed for inclusion in MIR

			Site	MIR Site			Included
НМА	Proposed use	Settlement	reference	Status	Flood risk	Flooding comment	in map 4
BERWICKSHIRE							
	EMPLOYMENT						
Berwickshire	Employment	Eyemouth	BEYEM002	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Berwickshire	Employment	Greenlaw	BGREE003	Excluded	Not applicable	There are no flooding issues on this part of the site, although overland flow should be considered.	
Berwickshire	Employment	Swinton	BSWIN001	Excluded	1:200	Northern half of site within 1 in 200yr flood envelope Leet Water -FRA required to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
	HOUSING						
Berwickshire	Housing	Birgham	ABIRG002	Excluded	Not applicable	No 100, 200, 1000 year floodrisk, however assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Birgham	ABIRG003	Alternative	Not applicable	N/A	

Berwickshire	Housing	Chirnside	ACHIR001	Excluded	Not applicable	There is some risk of flooding in an area adjacent to the site. The site slopes down towards the River Tweed and any construction on this site could have an impact on this SAC although there is a substantial treebelt along the edge of the river.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Chirnside	ACHIR002	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Berwickshire	Housing	Cockburnspath	ACOPA003	Excluded	Not applicable	No flood risk 1:100, 1:200 or 1:1000. Cockburnspath Burn is less than 3 sq km and there may be flood issues along the edge of the burn to the north of the site. Topographical survey and flood risk assessment may be needed to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Coldingham	ACOLH002	Excluded	Not applicable	No flood risk 1:100, 1:200 and 1:1000. Buskin Burn is less than 3 sq km although there is no flood envelope; there may be flood issues along the edge of the burn and a flood risk assessment may be required. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow is recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Coldingham	ACOLH003	Excluded	Not	N/A	

					applicable		
Berwickshire	Housing	Coldstream	ACOLD002	Excluded	1:200	Although the lowest part of the site is at flood risk the vast majority of the site is not at risk, being in an elevated position in relation to the river. The site can be taken forward for further assessment.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Coldstream	ACOLD006	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Berwickshire	Housing	Coldstream	ACOLD007	Excluded	1:200	Flood risk on site. North East 60% of site within 1 in 200yr flood envelope Leet Water - FRA required to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Duns	ADUNS009	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Berwickshire	Housing	Duns	ADUNS017	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	

Berwickshire	Housing	Duns	ADUNS018	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Duns	ADUNS019	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Duns	ADUNS020	Excluded	Not applicable	envelope. May be flood issues along edge of burn, FRA may be needed ment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Duns	ADUNS022	Excluded	1:100	Flood risk on part of the site.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Duns	ADUNS023	Preferred	Not applicable	A basic FRA (topographic information in the first instance) with development layout plan will be required at a planning application stage to assess the risk of flooding. However the vast majority, if not all of the site is developable.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Eyemouth	AEYEM010	Excluded	Not applicable	Site is close to a strategic transport route. Biglaw Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. May be flood issues along edge of burn, FRA may be needed. Assessment of flooding from road runoff,	

						blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Eyemouth	AEYEM009	Excluded	Not applicable	Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. May be flood issues along edge of burn, FRA may be needed. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Foulden	AFOUL001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Berwickshire	Housing	Gavinton	AGAVI001	Excluded	Not	May be flood issues along edge of burn to North & East of site. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Grantshouse	AGRAN001	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Grantshouse	AGRAN002	Excluded	Not applicable	Cast Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. May be flood issues along edge of burn, FRA may be needed. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	

						Although lower southern part of site is at flood risk the plans propose development on the
Berwickshire	Housing	Greenlaw	AGREE005	Excluded	1:100	the flood risk area.
Berwickshire	Housing	Hassington	AHASS001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A
Berwickshire	Housing	Horndean	AHORN001	Excluded	Not	Ν/Δ
Derwickshire	litecong	nomocun			Not	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or
Berwickshire	Housing	Hutton	AHUTT001	Excluded	applicable	overland flow recommended.
Berwickshire	Housing	Hutton	AHUTT002	Alternative	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.
Berwickshire	Housing	Leitholm	ALEIT001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A
Berwickshire	Housing	Paxton	APAXT003	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.
Berwickshire	Housing	Preston	APRES003	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A

						There is a small watercourse running along the southern edge of the site. As such, there is a chance that part of this site may be at flood risk. To mitigate this risk SEPA suggest that a basic FRA (topographic information in the first instance) with development layout plan will be requierd at a planning application stage to assess the risk of flooding. The vast majority, if not all the site is developable.	✓
Porwickchiro	Housing	Porton	ADEST001	Proformed	Not	SEPA also state that the same watercourse should be safeguarded and opportunity taken to enhance it as a feature of the development, and any engineering works such as culverting prohibited. In addition to this a buffer strip of min 6m and up to 12m on either side of the watercourse(s) that flows through the site should be retained (to be measured from the tap of the bank)	

					Not		
Berwickshire	Housing	Swinton	ASWIN001	Alternative	applicable	N/A	
Berwickshire	Housing	Westruther	AWESR006	Preferred	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Berwickshire	Housing	Whitsome	AWHIT002	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
	LONG TERM MIXED USE						
Berwickshire	Long Term Mixed Use	Duns	ADUNS016	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Berwickshire	Long Term Mixed Use	Duns	ADUNS021	Preferred	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
	MIXED USE						
Berwickshire	Mixed Use	Coldingham	MCOLH001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Berwickshire	Mixed Use	Coldingham	MCOLH002	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	

Berwickshire	Mixed Use	Greenlaw	MGREE001	Alternative	Not applicable	N/A	✓
					Net		
Berwickshire	Mixed Use	Swinton	MSWIN001	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
	REDEVELOPMENT						
Berwickshire	Redevelopment	Eyemouth	REYEM002	Preferred	Not applicable	N/A	✓
CENTRAL BORDERS							
	HOUSING						
Central	Housing	Bonchester Bridge	ABONC003	Alternative	1:200	There is a small area in the north western corner of the site that is included in the 1:200 flood risk. This area would need to be excluded from development or researched further if the site was taken forward.	✓
Central	Housing	Clovenfords	ACLOV001	Excluded	Not applicable	Although the site is acceptable in terms of the initial assessment further information on flooding and drainage is required as there has been problems with run off from the hill.	
Central	Housing	Clovenfords	ACLOV002	Excluded	Not applicable	Although not included in an area of flood risk assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow is recommended.	

Housing	Crailing	ACRAI002	Excluded	Not applicable 1:200	N/A North East part of site and either side of Huntly Burn within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of Huntly Burn and River Tweed -FRA required to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Housing	Denholm	ADENH001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Housing	Denholm	ADENH002	Excluded	Not	Although there are no initial constraints an assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow would be recommended particularly the watercourse to the south.	
	Doobalm			Not	Although the site is not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope the properties to the north of this site were flooded in 1985 and the Denholm Flood Prevention Scheme was constructed which includes a screen entrance to a culvert in the	
	Housing Housing Housing Housing	Housing     Crailing       Housing     Darnick       Housing     Denholm       Housing     Denholm	Housing     Crailing     ACRAI002       Housing     Darnick     ADARN001       Housing     Darnick     ADENH001       Housing     Denholm     ADENH002       Housing     Denholm     ADENH002	Housing     Crailing     ACRAI002     Excluded       Housing     Darnick     ADARN001     Excluded       Housing     Darnick     ADENH001     Excluded       Housing     Denholm     ADENH001     Excluded       Housing     Denholm     ADENH002     Excluded	HousingCrailingACRAI002ExcludedNot applicableHousingDarnickADARN001Excluded1:200HousingDenholmADENH001ExcludedNot applicableHousingDenholmADENH002ExcludedNot applicableHousingDenholmADENH002ExcludedNot applicable	Housing     Crailing     ACRAI002     Excluded     Not applicable     N/A       Housing     Crailing     ACRAI002     Excluded     applicable     N/A       Housing     Darnick     ADARN001     Excluded     assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended Low lying area ground water may be issue.       Housing     Danholm     ADARN001     Excluded     1:200       Housing     Denholm     ADENH001     Excluded     Not applicable     N/A       Housing     Denholm     ADENH001     Excluded     Not applicable     N/A       Housing     Denholm     ADENH002     Excluded     Not applicable     N/A       Housing     Denholm     ADENH002     Excluded     applicable     N/A       Housing     Denholm     ADENH002     Excluded     applicable     N/A       Housing     Denholm     ADENH003     Excluded     applicable     N/A       Housing     Denholm     ADENH003     Excluded     applicable     N/A       Housing     Denholm     ADENH03     Excluded     applicable     N/A

Central	Housing	Denholm	ADENH004	Excluded	1:200	Although no major initial constraints, the north corner is shown within the 1 in 200 yr flood envelope of the River Teviot and a topographical survey would be required to confirm accuracy of flood map. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow would be recommended.	
Central	Housing	Denholm	ADENH005	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Ednam	AEDNA004	Excluded	1:200	There are flooding issues in southern and western parts of the site.	
Central	Housing	Ednam	AEDNA005	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Ednam	AEDNA006	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Ednam	AEDNA007	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Earlston	AEARL004	Excluded	1:100	The whole of the site is in the flood risk area. The site is within 100m of the Leader Water (Tweed SAC). Settlement is in the Primary Hub.	

Central	Housing	Earlston	AEARL010		1:100	The southern half of the site is a flood risk area therefore a flood risk assessment will be required.	
Central	Housing	Earlston	AEARL011		1:100	Site is constrained by the SAC and flood risk at the northern edge. Site should undergo full assessment to determine acceptability.	
Central	Housing	Earlston	AEARL012	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Earlston	AEARL013	Excluded	1:100	N/A	
Central	Housing	Galashiels	AGALA025	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Galashiels	AGALA026	Excluded	Not applicable	The site is not within the 1 in 200yr flood envelope. The Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow is recommended.	

Central	Housing	Galashiels	AGALA027	Alternative	Not applicable	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope- Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Central	Housing	Galashiels	AGALA028	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Galashiels	AGALA029	Alternative	Not applicable	Flood risk area touches the southern boundary of the site but does not actually encroach the site.	✓
Central	Housing	Gattonside	AGATT001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Gattonside	AGATT002	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	

Central	Housing	Gattonside	AGATT003 AGATT011	Excluded	Not applicable Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Gattonside	AGATT012	Excluded	Not applicable	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended	
Central	Housing	Gattonside	AGATT013	Excluded	Not applicable	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope- Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Central	Housing	Hawick	AHAWI014	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Control	Housing	Howiek		Evoluded	1:200	The Flooding Officer advises that virtually all of the site is within the 1:200 flood envelope Slitrig Water. A FRA would be required to assess the extent of the developable ground if any. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts/bridges or overland flow recommended. The low lying area ground water may be an issue	

Central	Housing	Hawick	AHAWI022	Excluded	Not applicable	The flooding officer comments that the site is not within 1 in 200 year flood envelope, however an assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow is recommended.	
Control	Llouging	Llouisk			Not	N1/A	
Central	Housing	Hawick	AHAVVIU23	Alternative	Applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Heiton	AHEIT001	Preferred	applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Heiton	AHEIT002	Preferred	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS014	Excluded	1:100	North/ northwestern part of the site is included in flood risk area. Areas within risk of flooding should be excluded from any housing development. The site is still considered acceptable for further assessment.	
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS015	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS016	Alternative	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS017	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS018	Preferred	Not applicable	N/A	

					Not		
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS019	Preferred	applicable	N/A	
						The site is located adjacent to	
						flood risk area/ I weed	
					Not	but sits very high above the	
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS020	Excluded	applicable	river on the west side	
	liedonig			Excluded	Not		
Central	Housina	Kelso	AKELS021	Alternative	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Kelso	AKELS022	Preferred	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Lanton	ALANT002	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Melrose	AMELR001	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Melrose	AMELR004	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Melrose	AMELR006	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
Operatural	Llaurain a	Maluaaa		<b>F</b> uchted	Not	N1/A	
Central	Housing	Weirose	AMELR007	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Melrose	AMELR008	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Melrose	AMELR009	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Newstead	SBNEWS001	Preferred	applicable	N/A	

Central	Housing	Nisbet	ANISB001	Excluded	1:200	The extreme northern edge of the site is within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of unnamed burn running through the settlement but this burn is culverted most of way in village. Topographical survey recommended to assess flood risk from River Teviot and extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow also recommended.	
					Not		
Central	Housing	Oxnam	AOXNA001	Excluded	applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Roxburgh	AROXB001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Roxburgh	AROXB002	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Housing	Sprouston	ASPRO001	Excluded	1:200	1:200year flood risk at extreme north west corner of site	
	LONGER TERM HOUSING						

Central	Long Term Housing	Clovenfords	SCLOV001	Excluded	Not applicable	There are no initial constraints on the site. Although the site is not included in 1:200 flood risk assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow is recommended.	
Central	Long Term Housing	Galashiels	SGALA017	Excluded	1:100	1 in 100 year flood risk on extreme eastern side.	
Central	Long Term Housing	Nenthorn	SNENT001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
					Not		
Central	Mixed Use	Darnick	MDARN001	Alternative	applicable	N/A	
Central	Mixed Use	Galashiels	MGALA004	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Mixed Use	Jedburgh	MJEDB001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Mixed Use	Newstead	MNEWS001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Mixed Use	Newtown St Boswells	MNEWT002	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A.	
Central	Mixed Use	Selkirk	MSELK001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Central	Mixed Use	St Boswells	MCHAR001	Excluded	1:100	N/A	
Central	Mixed Use	Tweedbank	MTWEE001	Preferred	Not applicable	N/A	$\checkmark$
	REDEVELOPMENT						

Central	Redevelopment	Eckford	RECKE001	Excluded	1.200	Minor flooding issue on the	
		Lokiora		Excluded	1.200		
	RETAIL						
Central	Retail	Selkirk	GSELK001	Excluded	1:200	The whole of the site is identified in the Halcrow, Selkirk Flood Study as a flood risk area. Site is adjacent to the Long Philipburn (Tweed SAC) and linked by it to the Ettrick (Tweed SAC).	
Central	Retail	Selkirk	GSELK002	Excluded	1:200	Almost all of site within 1 in 100yr and 1 in 200yr flood envelope of Ettrick Water – Site is also within Halcrow flood map of area. Selkirk Flood Protection Scheme is still at consultation stage but includes this area and may be part of flood defences.	
NORTHERN							
	EMPLOYMENT						
Northern	Employment	Peobles	BPEEB005	Excluded	Not	Linn Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. May be flood issues along edge of burn to north east of site, FRA may be needed. Assessment of flooding from road runoff	

						blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Northern	Employment	Peebles	BPEEB006	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Northern	Employment	Peebles	BPEEB007	Excluded	1:200	1:200 year flood risk in south western corner. Site situated close to Eddleston Water.	
Northern	Employment	West Linton	BWEST002	Excluded	1:200	The North East corner of the site is within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of the Lyne Water and West Water. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to determine to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended.	
	HOUSING						
Northern	Housing	Eddleston	AEDDL002	Alternative	Not applicable	SEPA RESPONSE: Surface water runoff from the nearby hills has previously been observed. May require mittigation measures during	✓

						design stage. Local Authority may wish to consider any additional information they hold with regards to fluvial / coastal flooding and other sources such as pluvial, groundwater or sewer.	
Northern	Housing	Eddleston	AEDDL004	Excluded	1:200	The site is completely within the 1:200 flood risk area.	
Northern	Housing	Heriot	AFALA001	Excluded	Not applicable	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope- Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended Condition of disused railway drainage system should be assessed.	
Northern	Housing	Innerleithen	AINNE007	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
					Not	Kitty Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. May be flood issues along edge of Kitty Burn to South of site and un named burn to North of site. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended. Well in vicinity may indicate high water table	
Northern	Housing	Nether Blainslie	ANETH001	Excluded	applicable	which should be checked out.	
Northern	Housing	Nether Blainslie	ANETH002	Excluded	Not	N/A	

					applicable		
Northern	Housing	Oxton	AOXTO003	Excluded	Not	Clora Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. May be flood issues along edge of Clora Burn to North of site. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended.	
Northern	Housing	Oxton	AOXTO004	Excluded	Not applicable	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope- Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB003	Excluded	1:100	A large part of the site is within the 100 year floodrisk. The site is also affected by 1:200 flood risk to the east of the site.	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB015	Excluded	Not	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of River Tweed. Edderston Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. The Edderston Burn has previously flooded areas at Caledonian Road and an overflow system (sluices) and by-pass channel (drain) have been installed on a tributary burn at the Western side of this site to carry excess flows to a culvert at South Parks. Machine access to this	

						overflow and channel MUST be maintained to allow for future cleaning and maintenance. Discharges to the burns and by-pass channel must be limited to Greenfield run-off to prevent flooding issues. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended. This site has been identified in the Edderston Burn Flood Study as a potential location for a flood storage area to mitigate existing floodrisk to the South Parks/ Caledonian Road. Consult with Flood Team.	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB021	Preferred	Not applicable	Blocked grill on Edderston Burn could flood east strip of site. May be possibility for the east corner of the site to be affected. Scope for ground raising. The channel up-stream from grill will be required to be kept clear and maintained, and free from build-up of silt. Machine access to this overflow and channel MUST be maintained to allow for future cleaning and maintenance.	✓

						SEPA RESPONSE: Request a flood risk assessment and a buffer strip to be included as site requirements. As well as no built development should take place on the functional
						flood plain or over existing culverts.
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB032	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB033	Excluded	1:200	Almost 70% site within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of Eddleston Water. The JBA Flood Risk Assessment in April 2008 for the Eddleston Water predicts an approximate level of about 164m AOD for a 1in 200yr flood in this vicinity. Any development in this area would need to have Finished Floor Levels about 600mm above predicted level. The adjacent site had to amend the layout to locate properties outwith the flood envelope. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. There is also a risk of high water tables in the east corner of the site. Low lying area ground water may be issue.
northern	nousing	reeples	APEEBU33	Excluded	Not	Overland flow should be
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB034	Excluded	applicable	considered.

Northern	Housing	Decklas		Evoluded	Not	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of River Tweed. Edderston Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. The Edderston Burn has previously flooded areas at Caledonian Road and an overflow system (sluices) and by-pass channel (drain) have been installed on a tributary burn within this site to carry excess flows to a culvert at South Parks. Machine access to this overflow and channel MUST be maintained to allow for future cleaning and maintenance. Discharges to the burns and by-pass channel must be limited to Greenfield run-off to prevent flooding issues. The burn to North West of site may give rise to flooding issues. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB035	Excluded	applicable	recommended.	
					Not	Site adjacent to 1 in 200yr flood envelope Eddleston Water - FRA required to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended Low lying	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB036	Excluded	applicable	area ground water may be	

						issue.	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB037	Excluded	Not	Un-named Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. May be flood issues along edge of this burn to North West and East of site. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended.	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB038	Excluded	Not applicable	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope- Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended.	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB039	Excluded	1:200	All of site within 1 in 200yr flood envelope Eddleston Water -FRA required to assess extent of developable ground if any. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts/bridges or overland flow recommended Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB040	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Northern	Housing	Peebles	APEEB041	Preferred	1:200	The JBA Flood Risk Assessment in April 2008 for the Eddleston Water predicts an approximate level of about 164m AOD for a 1in 200yr	✓

						flood in this vicinity. Any development in this area would need to have Finished Floor Levels about 600mm above predicted level. The adjacent site had to amend the layout to locate properties outwith the flood envelope. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. There is also a risk of high water tables in the east corner of the site. Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Northern	Housing	Stow	ASTOW025	Excluded	1:200	The North West edge of the site is within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of the Cockholm Burn. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended.	
Northern	Housing	Stow	ASTOW026	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Northern	Housing	Thornylee	ATHOR001	Excluded	Not	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of Tweed- Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. Proximity of pond may indicate high ground water level which	

						may be an issue.	
Northern	Housing	Thornylee	ATHOR002	Excluded	Not applicable	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of Tweed- Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts or overland flow recommended. Proximity of pond may indicate high ground water level which may be an issue.	
Northern	Housing	West Linton	AWEST001	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Northern	Housing	West Linton	AWEST011	Excluded	Not applicable	Flood Risk from Dean Burn Overland flow should be considered	
Northern	Housing	West Linton	AWEST012	Excluded	1:200	The East corner of the site is within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of the Cairn Burn. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended. Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Northern	Housing	West Linton	AWEST013	Excluded	1:200	A very small proportion of the site sits within the 200 year floodrisk.	

Northern	Housing	West Linton	AWEST014	Excluded	1:200	The South corner of the site is within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of the Lyne Water. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended. Low lying area ground water may be issue.	
Northern	Mixed Use	Cardrona	MCARD004	Excluded	Not applicable	N/A	
Northorn	Mixed Lies	Condroop	MCARDOOS	Evoluted	4.400	River Tweed flows adjacent to site. 1:100 floodrisk on edges of site.	
Northern	Mixed Use	Cardrona	MCARD005	Preferred	1:200	River Tweed flows adjacent to site. 1:200 floodrisk on south- eastern portion of site.	✓
Northern	Mixed Use	Cardrona	MCARD007	Preferred	1:200	River Tweed flows adjacent to site. 1:200 floodrisk on large part of site. Flood risk assessment required.	✓
Northern	Mixed Lise	Pachlas	MDEEB002	Evoluded	Not	Not within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of River Tweed. Edderston Burn < 3 Sq Km no flood envelope. The Edderston Burn has previously flooded areas at Caledonian Road and an overflow system (sluices) and by pass channel (drain)	

						have been installed on a tributary burn within this site to carry excess flows to a culvert at South Parks. Machine access to this overflow and channel MUST be maintained to allow for future cleaning and maintenance. Discharges to the burn and by-pass channel must be limited to Greenfield run-off to prevent flooding issues. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended.	
Northern	Mixed Use	Peebles	MPEEB003	Excluded	1:200	Almost all of site within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of River Tweed. The MWH 2006 Flood Study shows the Northern corner of the site affected by a 1 in 10 year flood and all but the South Western edge in the flood envelope of a 1 in 25 year flood. The predicted flood levels for the northern part of the site provided in this report are from 158.09m to 157.78m AOD.	
Northern	Mixed Use	Peebles	MPEEB004	Preferred	1:200	The east corner of site is within 1 in 200yr flood envelope of River Tweed and South East corner in 1 in 200yr flood	✓

						envelope of Haystoun Burn. The MWH 2006 Flood Study did not extend to this part of Peebles. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground. Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended.	
						A large part of the site is within the 100 year floodrisk. The site is also affected by 1:200 flood risk to the east of the site. SEPA RESPONSE : Request a Flood Risk Assessment to	
						inform the development of the site and a watercourse buffer strip to be included in list of site requirements.	
						The part of the site either side of the Cockholm Burn is within 1 in 200yr flood envelope. Topographical survey and FRA may be needed to assess extent of developable ground.	
Northern	Mixed Use	Stow	MSTOW003	Excluded	1:200	Assessment of flooding from road runoff, blocked culverts and overland flow recommended.	

SOUTHERN							
	HOUSING						
Southern	Housing	Newcastleton	ANEWC001	Excluded	1:200	There is a flooding constraint on the site, 1:100 flood risk. The site can be reassessed for development after further work to alleviate flood risk has been undertaken in the future.	
Southern	Housing	Newcastleton	ANEWC011	Excluded	1:200	There is a flooding constraint on the site, 1:100 flood risk. The entire site is within the 1:100 flood envelope. The site can be reassessed for development after further work to alleviate flood risk has been undertaken in the future.	

Map 4 Assessed sites that intersect or are in proximity of 1:200 flood risk

Where there are potential flood risk shown on the site it is intended to undertake a flood risk assessment in order to identify land for development free of flood risk.



#### **Preferred sites**



#### Alternative sites

