Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009

Tweed Local Plan District Local Flood Risk Management Plan



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Lead Local Authority Tweed Local Plan District 31 December 2022

In partnership with:









Delivering eventein ehle fleged riek

Delivering sustainable flood risk management is important for Scotland's continued economic success and well-being. It is essential that we avoid and reduce the risk of flooding, and prepare and protect ourselves and our communities.

This is first Local Flood Risk Management Plan for the Tweed Local Plan District, describing the actions which will make a real difference to managing the risk of flooding and recovering from any future flood events.

The task now for us – local authorities, Scottish Water, the Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA), the Scottish Government and all other responsible authorities and public bodies – is to turn our Local Flood Risk Management Plan into action.

Foreword

The impacts of flooding experienced by individuals, communities and businesses can be devastating and long lasting. It is vital that we continue to reduce the risk of any such future events and improve Scotland's ability to manage and recover from any events which do occur.

Responsible authorities are taking action to manage flood risk in partnership in a more coordinated, sustainable and targeted way, to ensure the benefits of intervention will make the greatest impact. To support this new approach, Scotland has been separated into 14 Local Plan Districts. These districts are based on river catchments including cross administrative and institutional boundaries, therefore some local authorities will be covered in more than one Local Plan District. Each Local Plan District produces a Local Flood Risk Management Plan specific to their area.

The publication of this Local Flood Risk Management Plan is an important milestone in implementing the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009 and improving how we cope with and manage floods in the Tweed local plan district. The Plan translates this legislation into actions to reduce the damage and distress caused by flooding over the first planning cycle from 2022 to 2028.

The Tweed Local Plan District is led and is published by Scottish Borders Council on behalf of a partnership comprising two local authorities: Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council; Scottish Water; SEPA; and Forestry Commission Scotland.

In summary, there are 12 areas that have been identified as being potentially vulnerable to flood risk across the Tweed Local Plan District. These areas include 10,000 homes and businesses with estimated annual average damages from flooding of approximately £11.6M.

This Local Flood Risk Management Plan presents actions to avoid and reduce the risk of flooding, and prepare and protect ourselves, and our communities, within these potentially vulnerable areas and across the Local Plan District. These actions include 3 flood protection schemes or works; 2 flood protection studies and 3 surface water management plans. The delivery of many of these actions may be dependent on the availability of funding, however, we can all play our part in managing flood risk.

Individuals are the first line of defence against flooding and have responsibilities to protect themselves from flooding. The publication of this Local Flood Risk Management Plan shows that the coordinated and collaborative efforts of public bodies can be brought together to deliver sustainable outcomes. However, the actions in this Local Flood Risk Management Plan can only be delivered with the support of all the public bodies, The Scottish Government, and most importantly you and your communities.

This Local Flood Risk Management Plan therefore provides the blueprint upon which SEPA, local authorities, Scottish Water and any other responsible authorities will deliver their flood risk management responsibilities and, in particular, that all steps should be taken to manage flooding in a sustainable manner.

Scottish Borders Council would like to thank all those who contributed to the development of this Local Flood Risk Management Plan which will help shape the way in which floods and their impacts are managed across the Tweed Local Plan District.

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Chapter 1: What is a local flood risk management plan?

Flood Risk Management Plans are required under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009 and are updated and published every 6 years.

Flood risk management plans are Scotland's route map for reducing the effects of flooding on our communities. This is key to health, well-being and economic success. They are also important in our response to the climate emergency as flooding is increasing due to climate change.

The Local flood risk management plan (the plan) for the Tweed Local Plan District (LPD) has been developed to ensure effort to reduce flood risk in this catchment area is coordinated. This is achieved through partnership working from all organisations responsible for flood risk management, the plan focuses the work of these organisations to where the risk of flooding and benefits of action are greatest. The roles and responsibilities of some of the key organisations involved are set out later in the plan.

The Plan sets out how and when the actions to reduce the impact of flooding in the Tweed Local Plan District (LPD), identified in the flood risk management plan published by SEPA in December 2022 will be delivered. SEPA's flood risk management plan for the Tweed Local Plan District is available to view on SEPA website <u>https://www2.sepa.org.uk/frmplans/</u>. This plan builds on SEPA's work and states how and when actions will be delivered. Flood risk management plan are delivered over six-year cycles. This plan is for Cycle 2 and will be delivered between 2022 and 2028.

The content of the plan has been produced by Scottish Borders Council as the Lead Local Authority for this LPD, in agreement with the designated Responsible Authorities, that are listed below:.

- South Lanarkshire Council;
- Scottish Water;
- SEPA;
- Forestry Commission Scotland.

This plan replaces the Local flood risk management plan for Cycle 1, which was published in 2016.

1.1 Managing flooding in the Tweed LPD

Flooding needs to be managed sustainably so that flood risk is reduced without moving the problem elsewhere. It must be done in a way that contributes to the health and wellbeing of communities, supports the protection and regeneration of the environment, improves resilience to climate change and enables a sustainable economy. Actions are needed on all sources of flooding – including from rivers, the sea, surface water and groundwater – to meet the needs of present and future generations while also protecting and enhancing the environment.

Using a 6 year planning cycle enables new data, improved techniques and developing knowledge and understanding to be incorporated regularly into the flood risk management approach. Using all the latest information to regularly review our assessment of flood risk forms the foundation of a risk-based, plan-led approach to managing flooding sustainably.

Progress in cycle 1: 2016-2022

The 2016 Local Flood risk management plan outlined the long term objectives to tackle flooding in the areas at highest risk within the Tweed LPD.

The objectives for each area were agreed and actions were developed to meet these objectives. Actions to reduce flood risk included developing flood studies and flood protection schemes and providing public flood warnings and alerts. Actions to avoid flooding included maintenance of flood defences and storage areas and producing strong planning policies, which prevent development from taking place in flood risk areas.

In 2019 Scottish Borders Council published the interim report for the Tweed LPD. This report gave the status of each action at that time and reported them as red, amber or green:

- Red: The action is running late or over budget and is unlikely to meet its aims.
- Amber: The action is running late or over budget but is still likely to meet its aims.
- Green: The action is complete or is on track to meet its aims.

Actions with a green or amber status can be expected to succeed in working towards their objectives. The final report was published December 2022. These reports are published here. <u>https://www.scotborders.gov.uk/info/20013/environment/602/flood_protection</u>

1.2 How the Local Flood Risk Management Plans were developed

Partnership working

Many organisations and individuals are involved in flood risk management in Scotland. The causes and effects of flooding are complex, and issues cross the boundaries of neighbouring authorities as well as the responsibilities of different organisations. To be successful, flood risk management needs coordination, as set out in the Flood risk management plan. Collaboration by those responsible for flood management is essential along with a commitment to work in partnership with the other organisations and stakeholders who can contribute to the sustainable management of flooding. Partnership working is at the heart of the plan and will be central to delivery of the objectives and actions set out.

Strong relationships between these organisations was developed through the first cycle of the plan. Working with these organisations has allowed us to gather local knowledge, expertise and experience from the actions delivered in the first cycle, to inform development of the new plans. The roles and responsibilities of some of the organisations with formal flood risk management responsibilities are set out below. There are a wide range of other stakeholders involved in flood risk management. Some work directly with responsible authorities through the local partnerships and advisory groups. Others, by virtue of their interests and activities, delivering direct action which can benefit flood risk management. Through the lifetime of the plan, we will seek to strengthen existing partnerships and establish new ones to achieve the best outcomes for flood risk management.

1.3 Roles and responsibilities for flood risk management

Individuals have a personal responsibility to protect themselves and their property from flooding. However, public bodies have responsibilities too and are working together to reduce the impacts of flooding in Scotland.

Your responsibilities

It is your responsibility to manage your own flood risk and protect yourself, your family, property or business. There are steps you can take now to be flood prepared and reduce the damage and disruption flooding can have on your life.

- View SEPA's flood maps to check if your area is affected by flooding <u>https://map.sepa.org.uk/floodmaps</u>
- Sign up to Floodline to receive messages when flooding is forecast in your area https://www.floodlinescotland.org.uk/
- Know who to contact if flooding happens https://www.sepa.org.uk/media/28952/who to contact 2014.pdf

Other useful tools and advice on how to be prepared are available on SEPA's Floodline website and on the Scottish Flood Forum website.

a) Local authorities and Lead Local Authorities

Local authorities are responsible for working together to produce Scotland's Local flood risk management plan and work in partnership with SEPA, Scottish Water and other responsible authorities to develop these.

It is the responsibility of local authorities to implement actions to manage flooding and maintain flood defences. Local authorities also inspect, clear and repair watercourses to reduce flood risk and routinely maintain road gullies on public roads and highways.

During severe flooding, local authorities will work with the emergency services and co-ordinate shelter for people evacuated from their homes.

b) SEPA

SEPA is Scotland's national flood forecasting, flood warning and strategic flood risk management authority. SEPA works in partnership with the Met Office to forecast flooding and operate Floodline to warn the public and emergency responders when flooding is likely. SEPA produces Scotland's Flood risk management plans, working closely with other organisations responsible for managing flood risk to ensure that a nationally consistent approach to flood risk management is adopted. SEPA also provides flood risk advice on land use planning when requested and raises awareness of flooding at a national level through education initiatives, community engagement and campaigns.

c) Scottish Water

Scottish Water is a responsible authority for flood risk management and is working closely with SEPA, local authorities and others to coordinate plans to manage flood risk. Scottish Water has the public drainage duty and is responsible for draining wastewater from properties and businesses,

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and rainwater run-off from roofs and paved areas within the boundary of properties. Pipework and guttering within the boundary, are the responsibility of the property owner.

Scottish Water helps to protect homes from flooding caused by sewers either overflowing or becoming blocked. This is done in a way that is fair and consistent to customers across the country, with sewer flooding investment prioritised to provide the biggest benefit for customers and the environment first. Currently investment to reduce the risk of sewer flooding is prioritised towards properties that have experienced internal sewer flooding and are at the highest risk of repeat occurrence of sewer flooding during frequent rainfall events.

d) National parks

The National Park Authorities, Loch Lomond & Trossachs National Park and Cairngorms National Park, work with SEPA and other responsible authorities to develop the Flood risk management plans and Local flood risk management plans. They also fulfil a key role in land use planning, carrying out and permitting activities that can help manage and reduce flood risk.

e) Other organisations

The **Scottish Government** oversees the implementation of the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009, which requires the production of Flood risk management plans and Local flood risk management plans. Scottish Ministers are responsible for setting the policy framework for how organisations collectively manage flooding in Scotland.

Scottish Forestry and **Forestry and Land Scotland** took over the roles of Forestry Commission Scotland in 2018 when the Forestry and Land Management (Scotland) Act 2018 came into force. While these executive agencies of Scottish Government are not formally designated as a responsible authority under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009, they support Scottish Government in delivering its flood risk related duties. This includes engaging in the development of the Flood risk management plans through national and local advisory groups, Local Plan District partnerships, and collaborative projects. This reflects the widely held view that forestry can play a significant role in managing flooding.

The **Met Office** provides a wide range of forecasts and weather warnings. SEPA and the Met Office work together through the <u>Scottish Flood Forecasting Service</u>, combining SEPA's hydrological expertise with the Met Office's meteorological data to predict the likelihood and timing of river, coastal and surface water flooding.

The **emergency services** provide emergency relief when flooding occurs and can coordinate evacuations. You should call the emergency services on 999 if you are concerned about your safety or the safety of others and act immediately on any advice provided.

The **Scottish Flood Forum** aims to reduce the impacts of flooding by providing immediate support and by establishing a network of community resilience groups in flood risk areas, to equip communities to cope with flooding.

1.4 Consultation, engagement and advice

Further to the strong partnership approach to flood risk management planning in Scotland, it is essential to work with the people and communities that experience and live with the threat of flooding. This ensures that our assessment of the risk is accurate. How flooding is managed should support the communities at risk and effort needs to be targeted to where most can be achieved. Public consultations have been held, jointly with SEPA, during the development of the plan.

The most recent consultation ran from July 2021 to October 2021 and covered information on the objectives and actions planned for each target area within the Tweed LPD. The consultation was advertised widely by both Scottish Borders Council and SEPA . A summary of the consultation is provided below in Figure 1.

Scottish Borders Council submitted a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Screening Report to the SEA Gateway. The SEA Gateway advised that a Strategic Environmental Assessment was not required for the plan.

A Habitats Regulations Appraisal (HRA) has been undertaken for SEPA's Flood risk management plan that has informed the plan. Where the HRA identified mitigation measures to protect the nature interests, these have been incorporated into the plan, this only includes actions identified in SEPA's Flood risk management plan. Studies included in SEPA's Flood risk management plan and this plan may recommend schemes or works that will be the subject of future plans and full assessment would be undertaken as part of the development process. Where studies identify actions likely to have significant effects on qualifying interests of nature sites an appropriate assessment will be required. Where it cannot be shown that there will be no adverse effect on site integrity, proposals will be refused.

Consultation Report

A joint consultation was undertaken for both the SEPA's and Local Flood risk management plans between 31 July and 31 October 2021. A total of 43 replies were received for the Tweed LPD area. The responses received were split across the following representatives:



Figure 1 Consultation Responses

There were 3 key areas highlighted in the majority of the responses received, details of which are provided below.

- Encourage Scottish Borders Council to continue with work to develop flood mitigation measures for the Slitrig Water in Hawick.
- Ensure the resilient community groups in the Tweed LPD continue to be supported.
- Encourage tree planting and better land management initiatives in the catchment.

1.5 Links with other plans and policies

River basin management planning

River basin management aims to protect and improve the condition of Scotland's rivers, lochs, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater. Taking action to reduce flood risk in Scotland provides opportunities to deliver joint objectives for restoration and flood risk management. Coordination between river basin management and flood risk management can reduce flood risk, while also improving water quality and biodiversity. SEPA is leading the delivery of both the river basin management plan and the flood risk management plans so has worked to ensure that there is integration and coordination between them. This coordination, particularly in regard to consultation and engagement, is important for stakeholders who have an interest in the objectives of both plans.

Land use and spatial planning

Land use planning decisions are pivotal to achieving sustainable flood risk management. Flood risk management can have significant implications for the location of development and similarly the location of development can have an impact on flood risk.

Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council develops and adopts a Local Development Plan which sets out the Council's strategy for delivering appropriate development in their areas, considering a number of potential constraints, including flooding.

Emergency planning and response

Emergency planning and response is undertaken by Category 1 and 2 responders including Police Scotland, the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, the Scottish Ambulance Service, both local authorities, the NHS, the Met Office and SEPA. Emergency response plans are prepared under the Civil Contingencies Act 2004. Emergency response plans ensure a coordinated and appropriate response to flood events is carried out, such as road closures, evacuations and temporary accommodation.

Scottish Water investment plans

There is a close relationship between Local Flood risk management plans and Scottish Water's 25 year strategic plan. Sewer flooding is not considered in detail in the Flood risk management plans as this is overseen by the water industry regulator for Scotland. Sewer flooding remains a high priority for Scottish Water and its customers. Scottish Water's close involvement in flood risk management planning aims to ensure that there is strong coordination between the management of sewer flooding and wider surface water flood risk, and the actions to be taken forward by local authorities and others.

Duty to assess bodies of water and schedule clearance and repair works

The duty to assess bodies of water and schedule clearance and repair works lies with Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council.

A risk-based approach to assessing bodies of water that may give rise to flooding is a carried out. Where potential flood risk has been identified the relevant water body is included in a routine inspection schedule. The frequency of inspection is dependent on the assessed risk, any works identified during these inspections are included in the Council's schedule of clearance and repair.

• Scottish Borders Council

https://www.scotborders.gov.uk/downloads/download/878/watercourse_clearance_and_r epair_works_201718

South Lanarkshire Council

Available upon request

1.6 Next steps and monitoring progress

Scottish Borders Council and the other responsible authorities are committed to continue to work together, improving the understanding and response to flooding and managing flood risk for the good of Scotland through this and subsequent planning cycles.

Progress will be monitored throughout the years covered by this plan through ongoing joint working arrangements under the Local Plan District partnerships. Lead local authorities will provide an interim report on the progress of delivering all actions in the local flood risk management plans not earlier than 2 years and not later than 3 years from its publication. A final report will also be prepared at the end of the second planning cycle. A third set of flood risk management plans and local flood risk management plans will be published in 2027/2028.

Funding review for future local flood risk management actions

The distribution of Scottish Government grant funding for actions in the plan for the period 2022 – 2028 is currently being considered by a flood risk management working group¹. This group will put forward options and recommendations to Scottish Ministers and COSLA, through the Settlement and Distribution Group, for consideration. A decision will not be made in time for the publication of this plan. As such it should be noted that it may not be possible for all actions identified in the plan to be grant funded. Inclusion of an action in this plan does not formally commit a Council to implement it, if reasons arise which make any actions undeliverable, including inability to secure adequate funding.

¹ Membership of the group includes representatives from Scottish Government, the Convention of Scottish Local Authorities (COSLA), local authorities, Society of Chief Officers of Transportation in Scotland (SCOTS) flood risk management group and SEPA.

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This plan remains the best understanding of the objectives and actions required over the long term to manage flood risk in the identified high risk areas within this LPD. The delivery of the plan, particularly the ambitions on how quickly actions can be delivered, may have to be adapted to reflect wider developments in public funding, the ability of responsible authorities to access funding from other sources, pandemic recovery, and other national priorities.

Licensing acknowledgements

Full data licensing acknowledgements can be found in Chapter 5 Annexes to this plan.

Chapter 2: Managing Flood Risk in the Tweed Local Plan District

2.1 Understanding of Flooding in the Tweed Local Plan District

The Tweed Local Plan District covers around 4,300km2 and has a population of approximately 120,000 people. It spans southeast Scotland covering the catchment of the River Tweed from the uplands in the west and north to the Scotland-England border in the south. It includes the urban areas of Biggar, Galashiels, Hawick, Jedburgh, Kelso, Peebles and Selkirk.

The area is largely rural with mostly grassland, coniferous woodland and heather to the north, south and west, and agricultural land to the east. There are a number of reservoirs in the area including Fruid, Talla and Megget Reservoirs and St Mary's Loch in the Southern Uplands and the Whiteadder Reservoir in the Lammermuir Hills. The River Tweed has many major tributaries including the River Teviot, Biggar Water, Ettrick Water, Gala Water, Jed Water and the Whiteadder Water.

There is river and surface water flood risk, with a long history of significant river flooding. A number of flood protection schemes are in place across the area including the recently constructed Selkirk Flood Protection Scheme. A number of large floods have been recorded in the area, including Storms Desmond and Frank in December 2015 that caused considerable damage from river flooding, affecting a large number of communities. More recently, in February 2020, Storm Ciara and Storm Dennis affected large parts of the Tweed area, causing flooding to homes, business and transport.

Currently it is estimated that there are almost 14,000 people and almost 10,000 homes and businesses at risk from flooding. This may increase to 16,000 people and around 11,000 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change. The expected annual cost of flooding over a long period of time is around £11.6 million.

The plan is led by Scottish Borders Council. Other responsible authorities include South Lanarkshire Council, SEPA, Forestry & Land Scotland and Scottish Water.

They are supported by Scottish Government agencies including Transport Scotland.

Within this Local Plan District, actions are regularly carried out by Responsible Authorities to help prepare communities for potential flooding and reduce the impact of any flooding that does occur.



Figure 2 Potentially Vulnerable Areas in the Tweed Local Plan District

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

2.2 Actions across the Local Plan District

Responsible authorities carry out actions in all areas of the LPD which help to manage current and future flooding. These actions help to ensure that key aspects of flood risk management are taken forward in all locations. They ensure that for example new housing developments occur in the right places, and that critical flood risk information is developed and updated for all areas. The following actions are due to take place over the next 6 years, and most of these are carried out on an ongoing basis.

Action:	Awareness raising		
Delivery Lead:	Responsible Authorities	Indicative Delivery:	2022 - 2028
Description:	SEPA, the responsible authorities and other organisations such as the Scottish Flood Forum work together through national and local initiatives to help communities understand the risk of flooding and what actions individuals can take. Improved awareness of flood risk and actions that prepare individuals, homes and businesses for flooding can reduce the overall impact of flooding.		
	Local authorities undertake additional awareness raising activities when developing any specific project proposals and will engage with community resilience groups and local communities.		
	Scottish Flood Forum support f awareness, promoting self-help a recovery support programme	, developing community	
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council and S project specific capital budgets		lise revenue and/or
r unung.	SEPA's role in this action is fun grant in aid settlement.	ded by Scottish Governm	nent through SEPA's
Coordination:	Responsible authorities will con This will include but not limited local flood action groups and wi Engagement with communities develop awareness within the L	to utilising resilient comm der community groups to relating to other actions w	nunities' groups, raise awareness.

Action:	Data to support climate resilience		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	As Scotland's hydrometric authometric authometric authometric river level, flow, rainfaid data goes into a long term data management activities including protection and sustainable device regulatory and recreational uses SEPA will continue to maintaic contribute to UK and internation datasets used for flood frequence	III, sea level, loch and gro archive and is critical to u flood warning, flood map velopment as well as su s. ain and develop its hy nal data archives, and imp	oundwater level. The nderpin all flood risk oping, design of flood pporting a range of drometric network,

	SEPA will support research and development of data, methods and guidance to improve the evidence on which decisions can be made, and to enable the impact of climate change to be included in all flood risk management activities.
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by the Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.
Coordination:	SEPA will coordinate with a range of other parties as required to deliver better and more accessible data, and ongoing improvements to the use of the data to underpin flood risk management activities and decisions.

Action:	Emergency plans		
Delivery Lead:	Category 1 and 2 responders	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Many organisations, including la SEPA provide an emergency of prepared and maintained under 1 and 2 Responders and are coor partnerships, often supported steps to be taken to maximise Emergency plans may also organisations or communities. S the Civil Contingencies Act 2004 partnerships as required.	response to flooding. En the Civil Contingencies A rdinated through regiona by voluntary organisation safety and minimise impa- be prepared by indiv cottish Water is a Categor	mergency plans are act 2004 by Category I and local resilience is. They set out the acts during flooding. viduals, businesses, ry 2 responder under
Funding:	This action is funded through model of agencies.	ultiple funding arrangeme	ents from a number
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council, South Lanarkshire Council, the Emergency Services and SEPA initiate the relevant Emergency Plan as appropriate in relation to Met office weather warnings and SEPA flood warning information. This includes a coordinated approach with representation from all Category 1 and Category 2 responders including Scottish Water, voluntary groups and public utility companies through the relevant Joint Agency Control Centre.		

Action:	Flood forecasting		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	The Scottish Flood Forecasting S Met Office. The service continue statement, issued to emergen organisations with flood risk ma Scottish Flood Forecast was laur As the flood warning authority for warning service issuing flood ale a better chance of reducing the	es to produce a daily, nat cy responders, local au anagement duties. In 202 nched for the public. or Scotland SEPA continue rts and warnings when re	ional flood guidance thorities, and other 2 a new 3-day daily as to provide its flood quired, giving people
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is fund grant in aid settlement.	ed by Scottish Governme	nt through SEPA's
Coordination:	SEPA work in partnership with t other authorities involved in em		•

Action:	Flood warning developmen	t framework	
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	SEPA published a new flood warning development framework in 2022, whic details the ambition and strategic actions to maintain and improve the floo warning service across Scotland.		
	SEPA will further develop phas feedback gathered during public to the public formally in early 20 and the starting point of our jo improved flood information.	beta release before fully 23. Phase 1 is the national	aunching the service 3-day flood forecast
	SEPA will continue to follow th Scottish Flood Forecast, which w forecast information. User rese displayed on the regional flood final service will bring together a levels and rainfall data into a cer	vill provide the public with arch will determine what forecast webpages. It is Il live information such as	more localised flood information will be anticipated that the flood warnings, river
	Working in close partnership w Forecasting Service, SEPA will d forecasting, focusing initially on infrastructure. SEPA will also und of existing river and coastal floc forecasting with improved lead	evelop its capability in su the transport sector to su dertake a prioritised impro od warning schemes to pr	rface water flooding upport climate-ready ovement programme
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is fund grant in aid settlement.	ed by Scottish Governme	nt through SEPA's
Coordination:	SEPA work in partnership with t the other authorities involved ir flood warning developments are	emergency response wil	

Action:	Guidance development		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2023 - 2028
Description:	The Scottish Government and inform flood risk management p and will look at how best to ada and the most appropriate met management actions.	rojects. This guidance will pt to the long-term impac	be produced in 2022 tts of climate change
	Technical guidance to suppor reviewed and updated by SEPA	_	nt partners will be
	Scottish Forestry, in collaborating guidance on designing and man		•
	Guidance will be developed requirements for mapping rele drainage systems in their areas.	vant bodies of water an	
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is fund grant in aid settlement.	ed by Scottish Governme	nt through SEPA's
Coordination:	The Scottish Government, SEPA delivering the new or updated g used to help coordinate and dev	uidance outlined. A range	e of forums will be

from others, including SAIFF (The Scottish Advisory Implementation Forum
for Flooding) and cross-party working groups.

Action:	Hazard mapping updates		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	An understanding of flooding is essential to develop a plan led risk-based approach to flood risk management. SEPA will continue to update their national hazard mapping, which shows the likelihood of flooding in Scotland from different flooding sources:		
	https://www.sepa.org.uk/enviro SEPA will continue to develop th for the public, partners and stak flooding. SEPA will also review h undertaken to develop a more e updates for the hazard maps.	e hazard mapping viewer cholders to access data o low modelling and mappi	to make it easier In the likelihood of Ing updates are
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is fund grant in aid settlement. Scottish Borders Council and S project specific capital budgets a	outh Lanarkshire will uti	-
Coordination:	SEPA will work with other releva ownership of data used in flood accessibility of flood hazard map Scottish Borders Council and Sou data gathered and developed to updates.	l mapping - to develop the pping. uth Lanarkshire Council w	e quality and ill provide flood

Action:	Land use planning		
Delivery Lead:	Responsible Authorities	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Local authorities, SEPA and Scot Flood Risk Management (Scotlar management through the land u policies set out the Scottish Min of land. Under this approach, ne likelihood of flooding should gen policies aim to restrict developm of new receptors to flood risk, p structural flood management m and avoid increased surface wat the minimisation of impermeab policies may place further requi restrict inappropriate developm	nd) Act 2009 to support su use planning process. Nat isters' priorities for the de we development in areas we nerally be avoided. Current nent within the floodplain promote flood reduction we easures and restoration of ter flooding through sustate le surfaces. Locally deterno rements within their area	ustainable flood risk cional planning evelopment and use with medium to high nt national planning and limit exposure ia natural and of natural features, inable drainage and mined planning of operation to
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council and So this action through their revenu SEPA's role in this action is fund grant in aid settlement.	e budgets.	

Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council will work with their planners to ensure that appropriate policies and measures are put in place to manage flood risk. This includes adhering to National, Regional and Local Planning Policies, providing advice and information into the formal planning process and ensuring sites going forward in the Local Development Plan have had an initial assessment regarding flood risk.
	SEPA delivery statutory advice on flooding on both planning applications and Local Development Plans and will continue to work with the other responsible authorities to support the land use planning process.

Action:	Maintenance		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council & South Lanarkshire Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Local authorities have a duty to assess bodies of water and to carry out clearance and repair works where such works would substantially reduce flood risk. Local authorities are also responsible for the drainage of roads. In addition, local authorities may also be responsible for maintenance of any existing flood protection schemes or works.		
	Scottish Water will continue to undertake risk-based inspection, maintenance and repair on the public sewer network. Asset owners and riparian landowners are responsible for the maintenance and management of their own assets including those which help to reduce flood risk.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshires Councils funding for maintenance will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022-2028.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council have a duty to assess bodies of water and conduct clearance and repair works which would substantially reduce flood risk. Where necessary both Local Authorities will coordinate with landowners and other responsible authorities where a risk is identified and carry out works should it be deemed necessary. Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council will prepare a schedule of clearance and repair in accordance with the duties placed on Local Authorities as detailed in the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009.		

Action:	Natural flood management mapping			
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2025	
Description:				

	management measures can also provide many additional benefits to biodiversity, water quality, recreation, and carbon storage.
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.
Coordination:	SEPA will work with key stakeholders to review and update the opportunities mapping.

Action:	National flood risk assessment		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	December 2024
Description:	SEPA will use the most suitable data to review and update the national flood risk assessment (NFRA) undertaken in 2018. This update will be used to identify future potentially vulnerable areas and focus flood risk management planning.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with others as the NFRA is updated, including to keep other responsible authorities informed through the Local Plan District Partnerships.		

Action:	National surface water mapping		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2024
Description:	The national flood risk assessment 2018 identified that surface water flooding has the potential to impact more properties in Scotland than any other source of flooding. Over the next 6 year cycle SEPA will look to vastly improve its national understanding of surface flood risk by undertaking a wholescale update of the national surface water maps to reflect developments in data and understanding, including the impact of climate change.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA is currently working with a contractor to develop the modelling needed to deliver the flood maps. As the mapping is developed, local authorities and Scottish Water will continue to be engaged in opportunities to verify, shape and understand the new mapping products.		

Action:	Reservoirs		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2022 – 2028 Flood Warning Development 2022 - 2024
Description:	and use these assessme ensure reservoir safety.	nts to direct a proport Over the next manag	of flood risk from dam failure ionate regulatory approach to ement cycle we will implement pabilities in the unlikely event
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action grant in aid settlement.	n is funded by Scottish	Government through SEPA's

	SEPA will work with others as required, to deliver the regulatory duties and to	1
Coordination:	develop flood warning capabilities. Others will include reservoir managers and operators, and Civil Contingencies Act responders who share duties for	1
	emergency response.	1

Action:	Scottish Flood Defence Asset Database		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2022 – 2028
Description:	The Scottish Flood Defence Asset Database provides information on existing flood protection schemes. National data on flood protection infrastructure is needed to understand flood risk and to develop adaptation planning for Scotland. SEPA will continue to host SFDAD and look for opportunities to support the development of our understanding of how and when Scotland's flood defence assets should be adapted to continue to maintain protection from flooding in the future.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with the local au and new schemes is made availa Database.		-

Action:	Self help				
Delivery Lead:	- Indicative Delivery 2022 – 2028				
Description:	Everyone is responsible for protecting themselves and their property from flooding. People can take steps to reduce damage and disruption to their homes and businesses should flooding happen. This includes preparing a flood plan and flood kit, installing property flood resilience measures, signing up to Floodline, engaging with their local flood group, and ensuring that properties and businesses are insured against flood damage. The following places offer help with taking steps to protect yourself:				
	https://www.floodre.co.uk/				
	https://www.biba.org.uk/current-issues/flood-insurance/				
	https://floodlinescotland.org.uk/				
	https://scottishfloodforum.org/				
	Responsible authorities and SEPA will continue to develop the understanding of flood risk to communities and promote measures to help individuals and businesses to reduce their risk.				
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Councils revenue and capital budgets				
r unung.	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.				
Coordination:	Responsible authorities will continue to support residents, businesses and local resilient communities groups as required. This will be done by developing and reviewing emergency plans and facilitating resilient communities plans. Scottish Borders Council will continue to provide its subsidised flood products scheme.				

Chapter 2

Action:	Future flood risk m	anagement planning	
			2022 – 2028
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	Flood services strategy 2023
			Next flood risk management plans 2027
Description:	The years covered by the lifetime of this plan are crucial. Radical progress is needed in how we reduce our impact on the climate and respond to the effects of climate change. How we plan to manage flooding to our communities is on the front line of the challenges of this decade. The 2027 flood risk management plans will be more ambitious than ever before. The plans will look to develop long term plans for more flood resilient communities prepared for the impacts of climate change.		
	The priority areas which will be the focus points of the next flood risk management plans will be identified in 2024 with the designation of PVAs. A 3-month public consultation will be held to inform the PVA designation.		
	We will plan for a better future by publishing our flooding services strategy in 2023 with a clear and measurable delivery plan. We will put greener, fairer communities at the heart of our ambitions.		
	SEPA has set its own target to be a regenerative organisation by 2030 and the next set of plans will further this ambition.		
	During this plan cycle, SEPA will work to develop new partnerships with a wider range of stakeholders, including businesses and commercial sectors. We will investigate alternative sources of finance to tackle flooding and drive forward practical options for adaptation.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will lead the work, in partnership with the Scottish Government and other responsible authorities. A wider range of partners and stakeholders will be developed to support the action. SEPA will carry out a full consultation on the next draft flood risk management plans in 2026.		

Chapter 3: Potentially Vulnerable Areas & Target Areas

Potentially Vulnerable Areas (PVAs) were designated in 2018 based on the potential current or future risk from all sources of flooding. This designation was informed by the national flood risk assessment (available to view at: <u>https://www.sepa.org.uk/data-visualisation/nfra2018/</u>).

As part of continued analysis of flood risk, the national flood risk assessment and Potentially Vulnerable Areas (PVAs) will be reviewed every 6 years to take on board any new information. There are 12 Potentially Vulnerable Areas (PVAs) in this Local Plan District. *(See Figure 2 above)*

Each PVA includes one or more target areas where specific objectives and actions are highlighted to manage flooding in that target area.

Biggar (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/01)

Local Plan District	Local a	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	South La	narkshire	River Tweed
Background			
 This Potentially Vulnerable Area is situated in the upper reaches of the Tweed catchment. It includes Bigg main watercourses are the Davie's Burn and Biggar Water. There is one target area in this PV Biggar (Target Area 281). (Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Manageme 2021) for more information) 	ne River gar and the s Burn, Biggar A	Shieldhill 388 BIG A72 Wol	A721 tecastle Candy Mill Fill 359 5 GAR 28km2

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))



 Reduce flood risk (2813) – Reduce the risk of flooding in Biggar.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Action (ID):	Flood Study (options appraisal) (28101)			
Delivery Lead:	South Lanarkshire CouncilIndicative Delivery:2025 - 2027			
Description:	The flood study which is currently underway in Biggar should be completed as planned. Following the completion of the flood modelling, if risk is confirmed, the feasibility of a range of flood risk management options should be considered.			
Funding:	SLC revenue funding			
Coordination:	Action delivery lead is South Lanarkshire Council and coordination will be determined once the actions have been finalised.			
	SEPA will work with the local authority on the potential to coordinate this action with the Bigger Water WEF project.			

Action (ID):	Strategic mapping improvements (28102)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2025 - 2028
Description:	SEPA will seek opportunities to align flood risk management and river restoration priorities at this location. SEPA will await the conclusion of the flood studies and review their suitability to inform updates to existing flood mapping before progressing further with this action.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by the Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with the local a flood map update with other reduce flooding.		

Broughton (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/02)

Local Diem District			Main actobreat
Local Plan District		uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bor	ders Council	River Tweed
Background			
This Potentially Vulnerable Area is		PVA Boundary	y States and the second se
part of the River Tweed catchmen small, rural area in the north west catchment and contains the village Broughton.	of the	426	Broughton Heights
The main source of flooding is the Burn and the Biggar Water and the of flooding from surface water. Se have occurred in this area, includin flooding caused by surface water, roads and homes.	ere is also risk veral floods ng recent	cirling 016	18km2 Trahenna Hill 546 Broughton Bellspool
There is one target area in this PVA,Broughton (Target Area 271).		Reproduced by permis database right 2022. A	Sach of Ordnance Survey on behalf of MMSO. © Crown copyright and Il rights reserved. Ordnance Survey Licence number 100023423.

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Broughton (Target area 271)

The main source of flooding is river flooding, however there is also some risk from surface water. There are approximately 70 people and 45 homes and businesses at risk of flooding. This is likely to increase to 80 people and 50 homes and businesses by the 2080's due to climate change.

Objectives to manage flooding in Broughton

- Avoid flood risk (2711) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Broughton.
- Prepare for flooding (2712) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Broughton.
- Reduce flood risk (2713) Reduce the risk of surface water flooding and river flooding from the Broughton Burn and Biggar Water in Broughton.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Surface Water Management Plan (27101)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2025 - 2027
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should develop a surface water management plan for Broughton. Current and long term flood risk should be considered. The impacts of climate change should also be considered as part of the plan.		
Funding:	Funding for a Surface water management plan will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council wi Water and other stakehold		of this action with Scottish

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (27102)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Awareness raising and community engagement should be carried out based on the outcomes of the surface water management plan.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Peebles, Innerleithen & Manor Valley (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/03)

Local Plan District	Local au	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bor		River Tweed
Background			
This Potentially Vulnerable Area is the main town of Peebles located of the PVA. The main sources of flooding are to Tweed, Eddleston Water, Leithen other minor watercourses. There flooding from surface water in Per- a long history of significant floodin communities in this area and freq floods causing disruption. Major r recently occurred throughout the result of Storms Desmond and Sto There are five target areas in this Eddleston (Target Area 27 Innerleithen (Target Area 306) Walkerburn (Target Area 306) Walkerburn (Target Area 306) Walkerburn (Target Area 306) (<i>Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Managem</i> 2021) for more information)	in the centre the River Water and is also risk of ables. There is ng to uent smaller iver flooding area as a orm Frank. PVA- (5) 291) 321) 327)	PVA Boundary	Y Image: Contract of the second of the se

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Eddleston (Target area 275)

The main source of flooding in this target area is river flooding with approximately 90 people and 50 homes and businesses currently at risk. This is likely to increase to 100 people and 60 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change.

Objectives to manage flooding in Eddleston

- Avoid flood risk (2751) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Eddleston.
- Prepare for flooding (2752) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Eddleston.
- Reduce flood risk (2753) Reduce the risk of surface water flooding and river flooding from the Eddleston Water in Eddleston.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (27501)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Eddleston Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood study. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (27502)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Information gathered should be used to inform any future flood studies.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue	and Capital Budgets.	

Coordination:

Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.

Innerleithen (Target area 291)

The main source of flooding is river flooding with approximately 50 homes and businesses at risk of flooding from the Leithen Water and 30 homes and businesses at risk from Chapman's Burn. This is estimated to increase to around 190 homes and businesses at risk from Leithen Water and 40 homes and businesses at risk from Chapman's Burn.

Objectives to manage flooding in Eddleston

- Avoid flood risk (2911) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Innerleithen.
- Avoid flood risk (2912) Avoid an increase in flood risk by the appropriate management and maintenance of Innerleithen Hall Street Flood Protection Scheme.
- Prepare for flooding (2913) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Innerleithen.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (29101)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood study. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (29102)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Leithen Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood study. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Action (ID):	Community engagement (29103)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Findings from the recent flood study should be used to inform any engagement activities.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (29104)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should Community Resilience Group.	continue to support th	ne Innerleithen
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Innerleithen Community Resilience Group and Scottish Borders Council will continue to work together to deliver resilience and community plans.		

Action (ID):	Flood defence maintenance (29105)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to maintain the existing Innerleithen Hall Street Flood Protection Scheme (Chapman's Burn). This includes continuous inspections of the scheme on a yearly basis and undertaking maintenance as required to ensure the scheme operates at peak efficiency.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Inspections will be scheduled as appr under the Flood Risk Management (S required will be through consultation stakeholders and landowners as requ	cotland) Act 2009. Any m n with other responsible a	aintenance

Peebles (Target area 306)

The main source of flooding in Peebles is river flooding but there is also a risk from surface water with approximately 740 people and 460 homes and businesses at risk from flooding. This is estimated to increase to 970 people and 600 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change. There are also utilities, community facilities and road infrastructure at risk from flooding.

Objectives to manage flooding in Peebles

- Avoid flood risk (3061) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Peebles.
- Avoid flood risk (3062) Avoid an increase in flood risk by the appropriate management and maintenance of Peebles South Park Flood Protection Scheme.
- Prepare for flooding (3063) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Peebles.
- Reduce flood risk (3064) Reduce the risk of surface water flooding in Peebles
- Reduce flood risk (3065) Reduce the risk of river flooding from the River Tweed, Eddleston Water, Haystoun Burn and Edderston Burn in Peebles.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Target Area 306



Action (ID):	Flood scheme or works design (30601)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	A flood protection scheme has scheme for Peebles covers four or be phased as appropriate. The sc design and detailed design. There long term flood risk and how the to changes in flood risk through d In accordance with the Flood risk works, the responsible authority s	f the five main rivers in the cheme should be taken for e should be consideration flood protection scheme evelopment of an adapta management plan, as par	te town and should orward into outline of the current and and area will adapt tion plan. rt of the scheme or

	an adverse effect on the integrity of the River Tweed Special Area of Conservation.
Funding:	Funding for the Flood Protection Scheme will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 - 2028.
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will develop Phase 1 (Tweed & Eddleston Water) of the proposed flood protection scheme taking the preferred scheme option through outline design and detailed design. The Council will engage with the community and local & national stakeholders as approriate.
	SEPA will work with the local authority on the potential to coordinate this action with flood warning actions.

Action (ID):	Flood scheme or works implementation (30602)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should progress the formal process of promoting a flood protection scheme for Peebles. Procurement of a contractor for the construction phase should begin once formal approval to progress with a scheme has been given and detailed design is complete. Upon completion of the scheme Scottish Borders Council should submit all as built and scheme information to SEPA for registration on the Scottish Flood Defence Asset Database.		
Funding:	Funding for the Flood Protection Scheme will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 - 2028.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will coor and deliver the proposed flood pr SEPA will work with the local au action with an update to SFDAD a	roetction scheme in a pha uthority on the potential	sed approach. to coordinate this

Action (ID):	Community engagement (30603)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Findings from the recent flood study should be used to inform any engagement activities, including the development of a flood protection scheme for Peebles.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (30604)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	The existing Peebles (Tweed Green) Resilient Communities Group and wider Peebles Resilient Communities Group should continue in the area and continue to be supported by Scottish Borders Council.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue	and Capital Budgets.	

Coordination:	Resilience groups in Peebles and Scottish Borders Council will continue to work	
Coordination.	together to deliver resilience and community plans.	

Action (ID):	Flood defence maintenance (30605)					
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council Indicative Delivery 2022 - 2028					
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to maintain the existing Edderston Burn Flood Protection Scheme. This includes continuous inspections of the scheme on a yearly basis and undertaking maintenance as required to ensure the scheme operates at peak efficiency. Any adaptation plan that is developed for Peebles should include the future resilience of this scheme due to the impacts of climate change.					
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.					
Coordination:	Inspections will be scheduled as appropriate as part of the Council's duties under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009. Any maintenance required will be through consultation with other responsible authorities, stakeholders and landowners as required.					

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (30602)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Eddleston Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood scheme development. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (30603)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the development of Peebles flood protection scheme. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Walkerburn (Target area 321)

The main source of flooding in Walkerburn is river flooding. There are approximately 80 people and 70 homes and businesses currently at risk from flooding.

Objectives to manage flooding in Walkerburn

- Avoid flood risk (3211) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Walkerburn.
- Prepare for flooding (3212) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Walkerburn.
- Reduce flood risk (3213) Reduce the risk of river flooding from the River Tweed and the Walkerburn in Walkerburn.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Farget Area 321Image: Area 321</

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (32101)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Action (ID):	Community engagement (32102)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Any future flood studies should be used to inform any engagement activities with the community.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (32103)			
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders CouncilIndicative Delivery2022 - 2028			
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to support the Walkerburn and District Resilient Communities Group.			
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.			
Coordination:	Walkerburn Resilience Group and S work together to deliver resilience a		will continue to	

Manor Valley (Target area 327)

The main source of flooding in the Manor Valley is river flooding from the Manor Water. There are a limited number of homes and businesses directly at risk of flooding, but there is a history of flooding to the area as a whole. The access road along the valley floods at several locations and cuts off communities located in the valley. The flooding of roads is deep and makes the roads impassable.

Objectives to manage flooding in Manor Valley

- Avoid flood risk (3271) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in the Manor Valley.
- Prepare for flooding (3272) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in the Manor Valley.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Emergency Plan (32701)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should review and update as appropriate the Severe Weather Emergency Plan as information becomes available. The local resilient communities road closure plan for the Manor Valley should also be reviewed and updated as part of this process.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council, the Emergency Services and SEPA initiate the relevant Emergency Plan as appropriate in relation to Met office weather warnings and SEPA flood warning information. This includes a coordinated approach with representation from all Category 1 and Category 2 responders		
including Scottish Water, voluntary groups and public utility companies through the relevant Joint Agency Control Centre.

Action (ID):	Community engagement (32702)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (32703)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Manor Valley is part of the 'Manor, Stobo and Lyne' Resilient Communities area. Scottish Borders Council should continue to support the activities of resilient communities, which play an active role in the roads closure procedure for the valley in times of flooding.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Resilience groups in the Manor Va resilience and community plans.	lley will continue to work tog	gether to deliver

Selkirk & Ettrick Valley (02/13/04)

Local Plan District	Local au	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bord	ders Council	River Tweed
Background			
This Potentially Vulnerable Area and stretches the length of the E to the Ettrick Waters confluence River Tweed. The main risk is river flooding fro Water. In 2016 the local authorit a flood protection scheme that p Selkirk from river flooding. There history of flooding in this area, ir widespread flooding of propertie construction of the flood protect and more recent flooding of the Ettrick. There are three target areas in th Lindean (Target Area 274 Upper Ettrick (Target Area Selkirk (Target Area 313) (<i>Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Manager</i> 2021) for more information)	ittrick Valley with the om the Ettrick cy completed protects e is a long hcluding es prior to the tion scheme, road near his PVA- 4) ea 278) ment Plan (SEPA	PVA Boundary	Orthance Survey un behalf of MSD. 42 from copyright and the reserved. Orthance Survey Licence number 100023423.

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Lindean (Target area 274)

The main source of flooding in Lindean is river flooding. There are approximately 20 people and 10 homes and businesses currently at risk from flooding. This is likely to increase to 11 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change.

Objectives to manage flooding in Lindean

- Avoid flood risk (2741) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Lindean.
- Prepare for flooding (2742) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Lindean.
- Reduce flood risk (2743) Reduce the risk of surface water flooding and river flooding from the Ettrick Water in Lindean.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Flood study (options appraisal) (27401)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	A flood study for Lindean is options has been develope of flood risk management of future. The next stages of t residents of Lindean.	ed with work on-going to options for Lindean for cu	determine the best suite rrent flood risk and in the
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	complete the on-going floc	Scottish Borders Council will liase the local community and stakeholders to complete the on-going flood study. SEPA will work with the local authority on the potential to coordinate this	

Action (ID):	Flood scheme or works design (27402)			
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028	
Description:	progressed after the initial to incorporate direct defe	The design phase of a flood protection scheme or works for Lindean should be progressed after the initial flood study has been completed. The design is likely to incorporate direct defences at Lindean Mill and Lindean Smithy Cottages. There should be consideration of the current and long term flood risk and how		

the flood protection scheme and area will adapt to changes in flood through development of an adaptation plan.		
	In accordance with the Flood risk management plan, as part of the scheme or works, the responsible authority should aim to ensure the action will not have an adverse effect on the integrity of the River Tweed Special Area of Conservation.	
Funding:	Funding for design works will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 - 2028.	
Coordination:	The Council will determine the best way forward for this action following completion of the Lindean Flood Study. SEPA will work with the local authority on the potential to coordinate this action with flood warning actions.	

Action (ID):	Community engagement (27403)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Findings from the recent flood study should be used to inform any future engagement activities in this Target Area.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Re	evenue and Capital Budge	ts.
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council wi community to coordinate actions as required.	•	

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (27404)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Ettrick Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood studies and development of flood scheme. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Upper Ettrick (Target area 278)

The main source of flooding in the Upper Ettrick is river flooding. Although the number of people and homes and businesses at risk is small (4 people and 10 homes and businesses), flooding can have a significant impact on these communities due to roads flooding and cutting off access routes.

Objectives to manage flooding in Upper Ettrick

- Avoid flood risk (2781) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Upper Ettrick.
- Prepare for flooding (2782) –
 Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Upper Ettrick.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Target Area 278Image: Area 278</

Action (ID):	Flood study (27801)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	A flood study is currently underway for the Ettrick Water and Tima Water. The study should continue as planned, improving understanding of the flooding mechanisms and appraising any options highlighted to manage flood risk.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will continue the flood study through to completeion and review the outputs of the study to determine what further action should be taken.		
	SEPA will work with the local action with flood warning action		ial to coordinate this

Action (ID):	Emergency Plan (27802)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should review and update as appropriate the Severe Weather Emergency Plan as new information becomes available. The local resilient communities road closure plan for the Ettrick Valley should be reviewed and updated as part of this process.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council, the Emereter relevant Emergency Plan as appropriate appropriate the second se	• ,	

warnings and SEPA flood warning information. This includes a coordinated approach with representation from all Category 1 and Category 2 responders including Scottish Water, voluntary groups and public utility companies through the relevant Joint Agency Control Centre.

Action (ID):	Community engagement (27803)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Findings from the recent flood study should be used to inform any future engagement activities in this Target Area.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council wi community to coordinate actions as required.	•	

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (27804)			
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028	
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to support the Ettrick & Yarrow Resilient Communities Group.			
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.			
Coordination:			Ettrick & Yarrow Resilience Group and Scottish Borders Council will continue to work together to deliver resilience and community plans.	

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (27805)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Ettrick Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottis flood warning improvemer flood scheme. SEPA will co engage with communities	nts with the flood studies ontinue to raise awarenes	and development of s of flood warning, and

Selkirk (Target area 313)

The main source of flooding in Selkirk is river flooding. A flood protection scheme has recently been completed providing protection to 630 homes and businesses.

Objectives to manage flooding in Upper Ettrick

- Avoid flood risk (3131) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Selkirk.
- Avoid flood risk (3132) Avoid an increase in flood risk by the appropriate management and maintenance of the Selkirk Flood Protection Scheme.
- Prepare for flooding (3133) –
 Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Selkirk.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Target Area 313

Action (ID):	Flood defence maintenance (31301)			
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council Indicative Delivery 2022 - 2028			
Description:	Annual inspection and maintenance of the Selkirk Flood Protection Scheme should continue.			
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.			
Coordination:	Inspections will be scheduled as appropriate as part of the Council's duties under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009. Any maintenance required will be through consultation with other responsible authorities, stakeholders and landowners as required.			

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (31302)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Ettrick Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will maintain the Ettr continue to raise awarenes about the service when rec	ss of flood warning, and e	

Galashiels & Stow (02/13/05)

Local Plan District	Local a	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bor	ders Council	River Tweed
Background			
This Potentially Vulnerable Area is stretches from north of Fountainh to Stow, Galashiels, Melrose and I The main sources of flood risk are Gala Water and the River Tweed i River Tweed in Melrose and Gala Stow. There is also a risk of floodi surface water. There are three target areas in thi Galashiels (Target Area 28 Melrose (Target Area 301 Stow (Target Area 316) (Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Managem 2021) for more information)	all then south Newstead. from the n Galashiels, Water in ng from s PVA- 39)	Greet LLEY 500 DARK 500 Bisckhaugh Forever Bisckhaugh Forever Traquar Astastier 75 Johan Vay Forever Bisckhaugh Forever Bisckhaugh Forever Bischaugh Forever	A characterization of the served of the s

Galashiels (Target area 289) The main source of flooding is surface

water, however there is also a risk from river flooding. There are approximately 2,300 people and 1,600 homes and businesses currently at risk of flooding. This is estimated to increase to 2,600 people and 1,800 homes and businesses by 2080 due to climate change. A flood protection scheme was completed in 2014 which provides protection against frequent floods.

Objectives to manage flooding in Galashiels

- Avoid flood risk (2891) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Galashiels
- Avoid flood risk (2892) Avoid an increase in flood risk by the appropriate management and

Target Area 289



maintenance of the Galashiels Flood Protection Scheme.

- Improve data and understanding (2893) – Improve data and understanding of the performance of the Galashiels Flood Protection Scheme.
- Prepare for flooding (2894) -Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Galashiels
- Reduce flood risk (2895) Reduce the risk of surface water flooding and the residual risk of river flooding from the Gala Water and the River Tweed in Galashiels.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Actions to manage flooding Target Areas 289				
Action (ID):	Flood study (28901)			
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2024	
Description:	A natural flood management should assess if any catchment level of protection currently Scheme. The existing hydraul current standards and include Scheme. Consideration for Galashiels at Stow should also	wide options can suppler offered by the Galash ic model for Galashiels s the assessment of Galas developing a hydraulic	ment and increase the iels Flood Protection should be updated to hiels Flood Protection	
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.			
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets. Scottish Borders Council continues to work on a natural flood management study for the Gala Water Catchment, this includes the development of a whole catchment hydraulic model. Collaboration with stakeholders, local communities and lanowners will continue through to the completion of the study. SEPA will work with the local authority on the potential to coordinate this action with flood warning actions.			

Action (ID):	Community engagement (28902)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement in responsible authorities to on-going natural flood man	raise awareness of flood r	-

Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities and the local community to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions as required.
Action (ID)	Community resilience group (28903)

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (26903)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/	Indicative Delivery 2022 - 202	
	Scottish Borders Council		
Description:	Responsible authorities should contin		- .
	the town including The Galashiels Bakehouse Burn Flood Warning Group,		
	Galashiels Waterways Group and Mill Lade Committee.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Commuity groups and Scottish Borde		o work together
	to deliver resilience and community	plans.	

Action (ID):	Flood defence maintenance (28904)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Annual inspection and maintenance of the Galashiels Flood Protection Scheme should continue.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Inspections will be scheduled as appropriate as part of the Council's duties under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009. Any maintenance required will be through consultation with other responsible authorities, stakeholders and landowners as required.		

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (28905)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Gala Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottis flood warning improvemen awareness of flood warning when required.	nts with the flood study. S	EPA will continue to raise

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (28906)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottis flood warning improvemer		•

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awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.

Melrose (Target area 301)

The main source of flooding in Melrose is surface water, however there is also a risk of river flooding. There are approximately 340 people and 260 homes and businesses at risk from flooding. This is likely to increase to 380 people and 310 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change.

Objectives to manage flooding in Melrose

- Avoid flood risk (3011) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Melrose.
- Prepare for flooding (3012) –
 Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Melrose.
- Reduce flood risk (3013 Reduce the risk of river flooding from the River Tweed and surface water flooding in Melrose.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Target Area 301



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Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (30101)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will maintain the Twe raise awareness of flood w service when required.	-	

Action (ID):	Community engagement (30102		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement i responsible authorities to on-going natural flood man	raise awareness of flood r	

Funding: Scottish Bo

: Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.

Coordination:

Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities and the local community to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions as required.

Stow (Target area 316)

The main source of flooding in Stow is river flooding. There are approximately 140 people and 80 homes and businesses currently at risk from flooding. Climate change is not expected to have a significant effect on the number of homes and businesses at risk.

Objectives to manage flooding in Stow

- Avoid flood risk (3161) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Stow.
- Prepare for flooding (3162) –
 Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Stow.
- Reduce flood risk (3163) Reduce the risk of river flooding from the Gala Water and small watercourses in Stow.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Flood study (31601)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2024
Description:	The natural flood management study for the Gala Water catchment also covers this area. Consideration for developing a hydraulic model upstream of Galashiels at Stow should also be considered.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council conti study for the Gala Water Catch catchment hydraulic model communities and lanowners v study. SEPA will work with the local action with flood warning actio	ment, this includes the de . Collaboration with vill continue through to t authority on the potent	evelopment of a whole stakeholders, local the completion of the

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (31602)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to support the Stow and Fountainhall Resilient Communities Group.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Commuity groups and Scottish Borde to deliver resilience and community		o work together

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (31603)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Gala Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood studies. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Earlston (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/06)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Borders Council	River Tweed

Background

This Potentially Vulnerable Area is 60km² and part of the Leader Water catchment. This is a small, rural area with the small town of Earlston located at the southern extent of the PVA.

The main sources of flooding are the Leader Water and Turfford Burn. The flood protection scheme on the Turfford Burn provides some protection against flooding. This area has a long history of flooding, with recent floods recorded from the Turfford Burn.

There is one target area in this PVA,

• Earlston (Target Area 287).



(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Earlston (Target area 287)

The main source of flooding to Earlston is river flooding. The local authority has carried out a flood study in this area. The study showed that there are approximately 15 people and 10 homes and businesses at risk of flooding. This is estimated to increase to 40 people and 20 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change.

Objectives to manage flooding in Earlston

- Avoid flood risk (2871) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Earlston.
- Avoid flood risk (2872) Avoid an increase in flood risk by appropriate management and maintenance of the Turfford Burn Flood Protection Scheme.
- Prepare for flooding (2873) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Earlston.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (28701)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Leader Water flood warning scheme. The schem should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will maintain the Leader Wate to raise awareness of flood warnin service when required.	•	

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (28702)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Information gathered from the recent flood study should be used to inform current flood risk.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase groups and other organistations to other associated actions.	•	

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (28703)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:			
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Earlston Resilience Group and Scot together to deliver resilience and co		ontinue to work

Action (ID):	Flood defence maintenance (28704)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to maintain the existing Turfford Burn Flood Protection Scheme. This includes continuous inspections of the scheme on a yearly basis and undertaking maintenance as required to ensure the scheme operates at peak efficiency.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Inspections will be scheduled as appr under the Flood Risk Management (S required will be through consultation stakeholders and landowners as requ	cotland) Act 2009. Any m with other responsible a	aintenance

Coldstream (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/07)

Local Plan District	Local a	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bor	ders Council	River Tweed
Background			
 This Potentially Vulnerable Area is is a small, rural area with the small Coldtream located at the southern the PVA. The main sources of flooding are s and river flooding from Leet Wate River Tweed. Recent river flooding property has occurred in the area. There is one target area in this PV. Coldstream (Target Area 2) 	l town of n extent of surface water r and the g to roads and A,	Lambden Humehall egars Stichill Ednam Reproduced by permission	PHIVE PHIVE Category Ca

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Coldstream (Target area 285)

The main source of flooding in Coldstream is river flooding from the River Tweed and Leet Water and there is some risk from surface water flooding. There is currently uncertainty over the level of risk in Coldstream and further work is required to improve understanding.

Objectives to manage flooding in Coldstream

- Avoid flood risk (2851) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Coldstream.
- Improve data and understanding (2852)
 Improve data and understanding of surface water flooding in Coldstream.
- Prepare for flooding (2853) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Coldstream.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (28501)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. The scheme shou be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		e scheme should
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will maintain the Tweed floc raise awareness of flood warning, service when required.	•	

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (28502)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Information gathered from future studies should be used to inform current flood risk.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase groups and other organistations to other associated actions.	-	

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (28503)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	The Coldstream Community Resilience Group should continue with support from the Scottish Borders Council. The resilience plan should be updated as new information on flood risk becomes available.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Coldstream Community Resillience continue to work together to delive	-	

Kelso (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/08)

Local Plan District	Local a	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bor	ders Council	River Tweed
Background This Potentially Vulnerable Area is The main source of flooding is surrand there is also flood risk from the Tweed. There is a long history of flarea with infrequent but significant the River Tweed and River Teviot. There is one target area in this PV. • Kelso (Target Area 293).	67km². face water le River looding in this nt floods from	PVA Boundary	

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Kelso (Target area 293)

The main source of flooding is surface water, but there is also some risk from the River Tweed and River Teviot. There are approximately 680 people and 380 homes and businesses currently at risk of flooding. This is estimated to increase to 1,000 people and 590 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change.

Objectives to manage flooding in Kelso

- Avoid flood risk (2931) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Kelso.
- Prepare for flooding (2932) Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Kelso.
- Reduce Flood Risk (2933) Reduce the risk of surface water flooding in Kelso.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)



Action (ID):	Surface Water Management Plan (29301)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2025 - 2027
Description:	A surface water management plan should be developed to improve understanding of surface water flood risk in Kelso. Current and long term flood risk should be considered and relevant high level actions appraised using the national guidance available. Any actions highlighted should consider the impacts of climate change and be included in an appropriate adaptation plan to address these risks in the future.		
Funding:	Funding for a Surface water management plan will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council wi Water and other stakehold		of this action with Scottish

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (29302)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Information gathered from future studies should be used to inform current flood risk.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (29303)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Tweed flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibratio		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will maintain the Tweed floc raise awareness of flood warning, service when required.	-	

Hawick (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/09)

Local Plan District	Local a	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bor	ders Council	River Tweed
Background			
This Potentially Vulnerable Area is	71km².	PVA Boundar	y
The main source of flooding is the	River Teviot	2	AV Hassendean 276

The main source of flooding is the River Teviot and its tributaries including the Slitrig Water. There is also a risk of flooding from surface water. There is a long history of flooding in this area, with recent floods recorded during Storm Ciara in February 2020, leading to the collapse of a property next to the River Teviot.

There is one target area in this PVA,

• Hawick (Target Area 290).



(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Hawick (Target area 290)

The main source of flooding in Hawick is river flooding which includes the River Teviot and its tributaries the Slitrig Water, Wilton Burn, Dean Burn and Boonraw Burn. There is also risk from surface water flooding. There are approximately 2,600 people and 1,600 homes and businesses currently at risk of flooding. This is likely to increase to 3,000 people and 1,900 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change. A flood protection scheme for Hawick is currently under development.

Objectives to manage flooding in Hawick

- Avoid flood risk (2901) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Hawick
- Avoid flood risk (2902) Avoid an increase in flood risk in Hawick by



the appropriate protection, management and maintenance of	
the Hawick Flood Protection Scheme.	
 Prepare for flooding (2903) – Prepare for current flood risk and 	
future flooding as a result of climate change in Hawick.	
-	
 Reduce Flood Risk (2904) – Reduce the risk of surface water 	
flooding and river flooding from	
the River Teviot and Slitrig Water in Hawick.	
(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)	

Action (ID):	Flood study (29001)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2024
Description:	A natural flood management study should be carried out for Hawick. This should assess if any catchment wide options can supplement and increase the level of protection offered by the Hawick Flood Protection Scheme.		
Funding:	Funding for a natural flood management study will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will coordinate the delivery of this action by procuring a consultant to carry out the study and engaging stakeholders and other interested parties as associated.		
	SEPA will work with the local action with flood warning action		ial to coordinate this

Action (ID):	Flood scheme or works desi	gn (29002)	
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	A flood protection scheme has a Whitlaw areas of Hawick. Reco including flood defence wall and plus climate change standard of drainage measures proposed for through outline and detailed de current and long term flood risk at will adapt to changes in flood risk In accordance with the Flood risk works, the responsible authority an adverse effect on the integ Conservation and the Borders Wo	ommendations include st embankment (1 in 75 yea protection considered) a the B6399. The scheme sh ssign. There should be co nd how the flood protection through development of a management plan, as par should aim to ensure the a grity of the River Twee	ructural elements, r and 1 in 200 year and improved road ould be progressed onsideration of the on scheme and area an adaptation plan. rt of the scheme or action will not have d Special Area of

Funding:	Funding for the Flood Protection Scheme will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 - 2028.
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will further develop the existing flood study work already completed and refine the proposed flood risk mitigation options. The Council will engage with the community and local & national stakeholders as approriate.
	SEPA will work with the local authority on the potential to coordinate this action with flood warning actions.

Action (ID):	Flood scheme or works implementation (29003)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Construction of the Hawick Flood Protection Scheme should continue to its completion, providing a 1 in 75 year level of protection to homes and businesses in the centre of Hawick. The design of the new flood protection scheme should be considered in the development of an adaptation plan.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Councils budget allocation in the Capital Plan.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will continue the delivery of this action through to scheme completion.		
Coordination.	SEPA will work with the local au action with an update to SFDAD a		

Action (ID):	Flood defence maintenance (29004)			
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council Indicative Delivery 2022 - 2028			
Description:	Annual inspection and maintenance of the Hawick Flood Protection Scheme should start once the scheme has been completed.			
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.			
Coordination:	Inspections will be scheduled as appropriate as part of the Council's duties under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009. Any maintenance required will be through consultation with other responsible authorities, stakeholders and landowners as required.			

Action (ID):	Sewer flood risk assessment (29005)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Water	Indicative Delivery	2025 - 2027
Description:	Scottish Water will undertake a modelling assessment in the Hawick sewer catchment to improve knowledge and understanding of flood risk in this area as required under Section 16 of the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009.		
Funding:	Funding for this action is secured within Scottish Water's business plan.		
Coordination:	Outputs of this modelling assessment will be shared with local authorities and SEPA.		
	and SEPA.		

Action (ID):	Surface Water Management Plan (29006)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2025 - 2027

Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to develop and implement a surface water management plan for Hawick. This should consider the results of Scottish Water's sewer flood risk assessment and should include a high level appraisal of actions to manage flood risk. The works carried out as part of Hawick Flood Protection Scheme should be considered. The impacts of climate change on flood risk should be assessed.
Funding:	Funding for a Surface water management plan will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will coordinate the delivery of this action with Scottish Water and other stakeholders as appropriate.

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (29007)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Information gathered from future studies and actions implemented to reduce flood risk should be used to further inform the community.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (29008)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	The Hawick Flood Group and Hawick Resilience Group should continue to be supported by the Scottish Borders Council.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council, the Hawic will continue to work together to d	•	• .

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (29009)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Teviot Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood scheme development. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.		

Bonchester Bridge (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/10)

Local Plan District	Local a	uthority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Bor	ders Council	River Tweed
Background			
This Potentially Vulnerable Area is The main source of flooding is the There is a history of flooding in th recent flooding recorded in Febru There is one target area in this PV • Bonchester Bridge (Target A Bonchester Bridge (Target A	Rule Water. is area, with ary 2020. A, Area 276).	database right 2022. All r	Hubers Law, 424 Fort Hallrule Bonchester Bridge 19km2 Hobkirk Hobkirk Gleuch

(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Bonchester Bridge (Target area 276)

The main source of flooding is river flooding. There are approximately 90 people and 50 homes and businesses currently at risk from flooding, which is a significant proportion of the community. This is likely to increase to 100 people and 60 properties by the 2080s due to climate change. There are community facilities and roads at risk from flooding.

Objectives to manage flooding in Bonchester Bridge

- Avoid flood risk (2761) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Bonchester Bridge.
- Prepare for flooding (2762) –
 Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of

Target Area 276



climate change in Bonchester Bridge.

• Reduce flood risk (2763) – Reduce the risk of river flooding from the Rule Water in Bonchester Bridge.

(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Action (ID):	Data collection (27601)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	The Rule Water is an ungauged river. The feasibility of data collection and monitoring should be considered in order to gain better understanding of the river hydrology and flooding mechanisms.		
Funding:	Funding for data collection will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will coordinate the delivery of this action along we SEPA and other stakeholders. SEPA will work with the local authority on the potential to coordinate opportunities for joint data collection activities.		
coordination.			

Action (ID):	Flood study (27602)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2026
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should undertake a flood study for Bonchester Bridge. The flood study should include flood modelling to quantify the risk of flooding from river and surface water sources, identifying all flooding mechanisms, and investigate a range of flood scenarios including the potential impacts of climate change. National guidance should be followed to assess any options highlighted as a potential flood risk management measure. The study should assess as appropriate the suitability of natural flood management including land management, runoff management, river restoration, existing and new woodland areas and floodplain storage if identified as opportunities.		
Funding:	Funding for the flood study will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will co a consultant to carry out the interested parties as appropria	e study and engaging sta	

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (27603)			
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders CouncilIndicative Delivery2022 - 2028			
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Information gathered			

Chapter 3

	from future studies and actions implemented to reduce flood risk should be used to further inform the community.
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (27604)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	The Resilient Communities Group and volunteers cover Bonchester Bridge preparing and putting into practice their Community Resilience Plan supported by the local authority.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council and the lo together to deliver resilience and c		ontinue to work

Jedburgh (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/11)

lan District	Local a	uthority	Main catchment
weed	Scottish Bor	ders Council	River Tweed
	Scottish Bor is 65km2. the Jed Water is also risk chority teme for the 2016. There om the Jed	PVA Boundary	River Tweed

Jedburgh (Target area 292)

The main source of flooding is river flooding, however there is also risk from surface water. The local authority has completed a flood protection scheme on the Skiprunning Burn in Jedburgh. There are approximately 690 people and 510 homes and businesses at risk from flooding. This is likely to increase to 830 people and 590 homes and businesses by the 2080s due to climate change. There are a number of roads at risk of flooding, which may cause travel disruption.

Objectives to manage flooding in Jedburgh

- Avoid flood risk (2921) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in Jedburgh.
- Avoid flood risk (2923) Avoid an increase in flood risk by the appropriate management and maintenance of existing flood defences along the Jed

Target Area 292



Water including the Jed Water Flood Protection Scheme and the Jedburgh (Skiprunning Burn) Flood Protection Scheme.
Prepare for flooding (2923) – Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in Jedburgh.
Reduce flood risk (2924) – Reduce the risk of river flooding and surface water flooding from the Jed Water and Skiprunning Burn in Jedburgh.
(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Flood study (29201)		
Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2026
Scottish Borders Council should carry out a flood study for Jedburgh. The study should include flood modelling to quantify the flood risk from river and surface water sources, identifying all flooding mechanisms. The study should investigate a range of flood scenarios including the potential impacts of climate change. National guidance should be followed to assess any options highlighted as a potential flood risk management measure. The study should assess as appropriate the suitability of natural flood management measures. Development of an adaptation plan for managing flood risk in Jedburgh should also be undertaken.		
Funding for the flood study will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.		
a consultant to carry out the interested parties as appropria SEPA will work with the local	e study and engaging state. authority on the potent	akeholders and other
	Scottish Borders Council Scottish Borders Council should should include flood modelling water sources, identifying a investigate a range of flood sce change. National guidance a highlighted as a potential flood assess as appropriate the suita Development of an adaptation also be undertaken. Funding for the flood study wi years of the plan, 2022 – 2028. Scottish Borders Council will co a consultant to carry out the interested parties as appropria	Scottish Borders CouncilIndicative DeliveryScottish Borders Council should carry out a flood study for should include flood modelling to quantify the flood risk water sources, identifying all flooding mechanisms investigate a range of flood scenarios including the poter change. National guidance should be followed to highlighted as a potential flood risk management meas assess as appropriate the suitability of natural flood m Development of an adaptation plan for managing flood r also be undertaken.Funding for the flood study will be subject to budget a

Action (ID):	Surface Water Management Plan (29202)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2025 - 2027
Description:	A surface water manage understanding of surface v flood risk should be conside the National Guidance ava impacts of climate change to address these risks in th	vater flood risk in Jedburg ered and relevant high lev ilable. Any actions highlig and be included in an ap	gh. Current and long term rel actions appraised using ghted should consider the

Funding:	Funding for a Surface water management plan will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will coordinate the delivery of this action with Scottish Water and other stakeholders as appropriate.

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (29203)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement is to continue to be carried out in the area by the responsible authorities to raise awareness of flood risk. Information gathered from future studies and actions implemented to reduce flood risk should be used to further inform the community.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community		

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (29204)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to support the Jedburgh Community Resilience Group.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council and the local resillience group will continue to work together to deliver resilience and community plans.		

Action (ID):	Flood defence maintenance (29205)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Scottish Borders Council should continue to maintain Jed Water Flood Protection Scheme and the Jedburgh (Skiprunning Burn) Flood Protection Scheme. This includes continuous inspections of the scheme on a yearly basis and undertaking maintenance as required to ensure the scheme operates at peak efficiency.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Inspections will be scheduled as appropriate as part of the Council's duties under the Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009. Any maintenance required will be through consultation with other responsible authorities, stakeholders and landowners as required.		

Action (ID):	Flood warning maintenance (29206)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	SEPA should maintain the Jed Water flood warning scheme. The scheme should be investigated for improvement and/or recalibration.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded grant in aid settlement.	d by Scottish Governmen	t through SEPA's

Coordination: SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning improvements with the flood study. SEPA will continue to raise awareness of flood warning, and engage with communities about the service when required.
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Bowmont Valley (Potentially Vulnerable Area (02/13/12)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Tweed	Scottish Borders Council	River Tweed

Background

This Potentially Vulnerable Area is 51km2. The main source of flooding is the Bowmont Water which is made worse due to significant erosion issues in the valley. There is potential for communities to become isolated due to flooding of access roads. Several floods have occurred in the valley, with records of flooding to properties and damage to the road.

There is one target area in this PVA,

• Bowmont Valley (Target Area 326).



(Reproduced from the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan, SEPA (December 2021))

Bowmont Valley (Target area 326)

There are a number of small settlements located across the valley. The main source of flooding in the Bowmont Valley is river flooding. These issues are made more significant because of the dynamic nature of the river system and erosion. There are approximately 30 people and 50 homes and businesses at risk from flooding. The community is likely to be susceptible to the impacts of climate change on flood risk and erosion in the catchment.

Objectives to manage flooding in the Bowmont Valley

- Avoid flood risk (3261) Avoid inappropriate development that increases flood risk in the Bowmont Valley.
- Improve data and understanding (3262)
 Improve data and understanding of

Target Area 326



river flooding and erosion in the Bowmont Valley.
 Prepare for flooding (3263) – Prepare for current flood risk and future flooding as a result of climate change in the Bowmont Valley Communities.
(Refer to the Tweed Flood Risk Management Plan (SEPA 2021) for more information)

Action (ID):	Data collection (32601)			
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028	
Description:	Further data collection and monitoring is needed in this area to improve certainty in hydrology data and mechanisms of both flooding and erosion. A review may be required to assess the need for rain and river gauges. Post flood event surveys may be required to collect data on flooding and erosion mechanisms, risk and damage caused.			
Funding:	Funding for data collection will be subject to budget allocations over the six years of the plan, 2022 – 2028.			
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will coordinate the delivery of this action along with SEPA and other stakeholders.			
	SEPA will work with the loc opportunities for joint data col		tential to coordinate	

Action (ID):	Community Engagement (32602)		
Delivery Lead:	Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	Community engagement should initiated to improve current knowledge and assist with future flood studies.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council will liase with the responsible authorities, community groups and other organistations to coordinate the delivery of this action and other associated actions.		

Action (ID):	Community resilience group (32602)		
Delivery Lead:	Community Group/ Scottish Borders Council	Indicative Delivery	2022 - 2028
Description:	The Yetholm and District Resilient Communities Group and the Kalewater Resilient Communities Group are active in this area. These groups should continue to be supported by the local authority and others as necessary.		
Funding:	Scottish Borders Council Revenue and Capital Budgets.		
Coordination:	Scottish Borders Council and the local resillience group will continue to work together to deliver resilience and community plans.		

Action (ID):	Flood warning scoping (32603)		
Delivery Lead:	SEPA	Indicative Delivery	2026 - 2028
Description:	Scoping for a river flood warning scheme will be carried out in Bowmont Valley.		
Funding:	SEPA's role in this action is funded by Scottish Government through SEPA's grant in aid settlement.		
Coordination:	SEPA will work with Scottish Borders Council on the potential to coordinate flood warning development with the data collection.		

Chapter 4: Next Steps

This plan will run for six years from 2022. Over this period the Tweed LPD partnership will meet from time to time to monitor progress on implementing the actions detailed in Chapters two and three of the plan. Each partner organisation will receive reports through its governance processes and actions arising will be considered by the Steering Group.

Between years two and three of the cycle (i.e. before Decemeber 2025), Scottish Borders Council, as lead local authority will publish a report on the conclusions of a review of the plan, including information on the progress that has been made towards delivering the actions identified in the plan.

Between years five and six of the cycle (i.e. before June 2028), Scottish Borders Council, as lead local authority will publish a report on the plan containing an assessment of the progress made towards delivering the "current actions", a summary of the actions not implemented, with reasons why, and a description of any other actions undertaken since the plan was finalised, which the lead local authority considers have contributed to the achievement of the objectives in the plan.

Scottish Borders Council will make these reports available for public inspection.

Chapter 5: Annexes

5.1 Acknowledgments

Scottish Borders Council gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and input that various parties have provided, including inter alia, the following organisations:

SEPA

Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council acknowledge the inclusion of text generated by SEPA in preparation of the Tweed Flood risk management plan. Figures and Maps produced by SEPA for the Tweed Flood risk management plan have been reproduced in the Tweed Local flood risk management plan with authorisation from SEPA under SEPA Licence number 100016991 (2022).

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Local authorities

Lead authorities acknowledge the provision of flood models and other supporting data and information from local authorities in Scotland and their collaboration in the production of flood risk management information.

Scottish Water

Scottish Borders Council and South Lanarkshire Council acknowledge the inclusion of surface water flooding data generated by Scottish Water in preparation of flood risk information.