## Socio-demographic profile of Burnfoot, 2022

Based on data made available by Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool

The Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool uses Official Statistics to profile current patterns and future trends of selected measures of socio-economic and demographic wellbeing in Scottish areas and communities. This profile is for the 2011 Intermediate Datazone S02002316: Burnfoot.

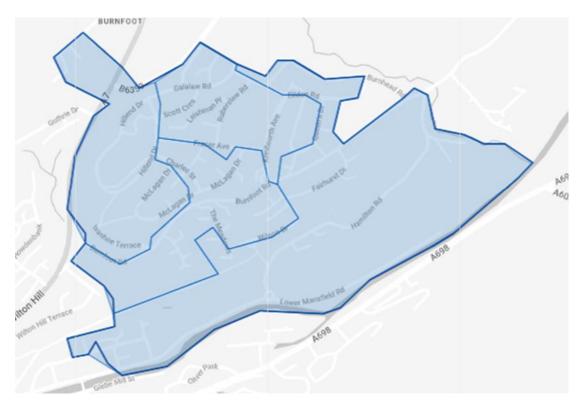


Image courtesy of statistics.gov.scot

The darker blue outline shows the Intermediate Zone used in this profile.

Lighter blue lines and shaded areas show the neighbourhood Datazones which make up this Intermediate Zone. These are:

- Hawick Burnfoot Central
- Hawick Burnfoot North
- Hawick Burnfoot South East
- Hawick Burnfoot West

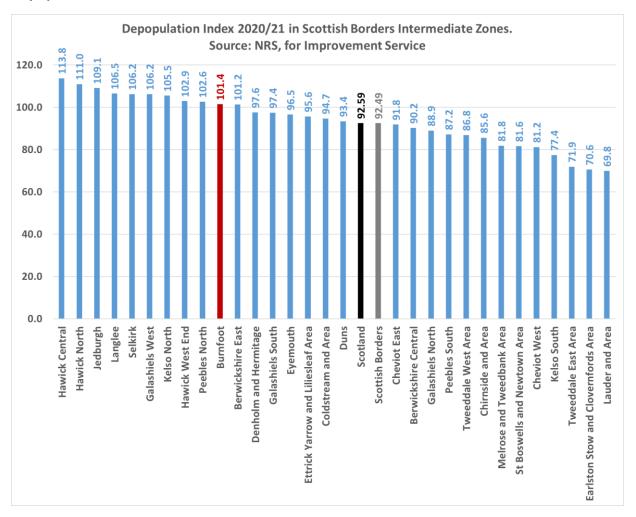
## **Part 1: Demographic Trends**

#### **Depopulation Index**

The Depopulation Index was devised by the Improvement Service for their Community Planning Partnerships Outcomes Online Profiling tool. This is a measure to show whether population loss has got worse or better in relation to the year 2000.

This figure would have started at 100 in year 2000. The index rises if the area shows population loss and, conversely, falls below 100 if the area's population has increased. It is expressed as an index to give a visual indicator of how an area's population is changing over time.

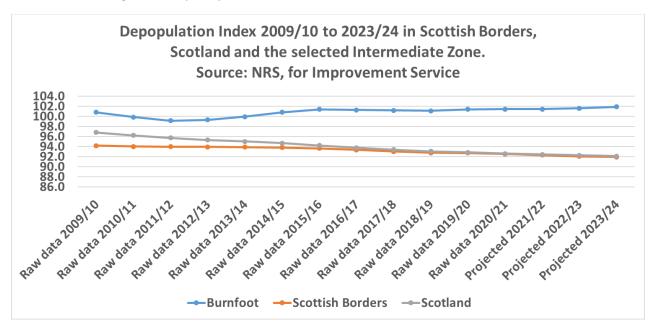
#### Depopulation Index – latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones



The above chart shows that 11 out of the 30 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders have lost population since the year 2000. Burnfoot is one of these, along with several other parts of Hawick. The rate of depopulation is slower in Burnfoot than the rest of Hawick because it has a younger population profile.

## Depopulation Index – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



The decreasing line in the above chart shows that the population of Scottish Borders and Scotland has slowly increased since the year 2000 and is projected to continue slowly in the same direction.

Hawick has suffered a long history of population loss but Burnfoot has fared slightly better, as it has a different demographic structure from the rest of the town. The population is projected to remain steady at around current levels going into the future. This is important for Scottish Borders' rural towns, where the population needs to be stable and vibrant in order to keep schools and services functioning.

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the <u>Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online</u> Profiling Tool

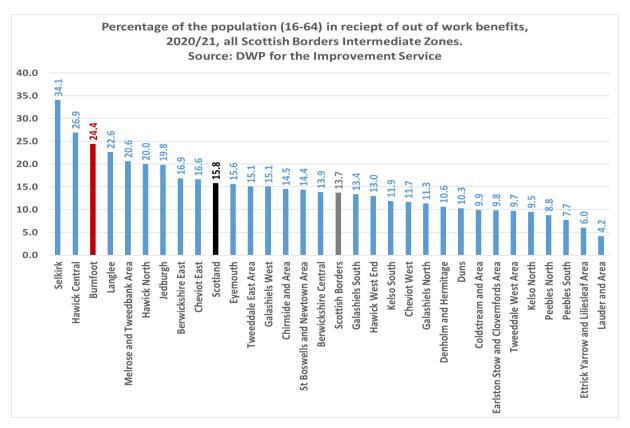
- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box **Select a CPP**, select **Scottish Borders**
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option: All Communities
- 4. In the Select Indicator drop down box, scroll down and select Depopulation Index.

## Part 2: The economy, income and poverty

#### **Out Of Work Benefits**

This indicator was calculated by the Improvement Service from official Welfare Benefit statistics to show the percentage of the working-age population (16-64) in receipt of out-of-work benefits, including Jobseekers Allowance, Employment Support Allowance and Incapacity Benefit, plus Lone Parents supplement and other income-related benefits.

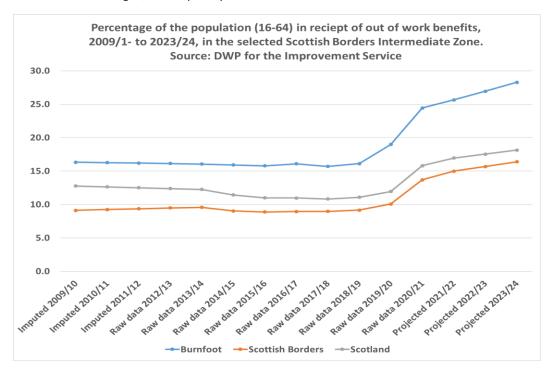
#### Out Of Work Benefits – latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones



The above chart shows that the claim rate in Scottish Borders is currently below the Scottish average. By comparison, Burnfoot has the third highest rate out of the 30 Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones, well above the Scottish Borders and Borders averages, showing that income deprivation and joblessness is currently very high in the neighbourhood.

## Out Of Work Benefits – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



The above timeline shows the estimated and projected dependency on income-related outof-work benefits in the past, present and future in Burnfoot. "Raw Data" figures are as snapshot in May of each year and the "projected" figures are estimated from that.

The estimates show that Burnfoot has always had a considerably higher rate of out-of-work welfare benefits dependency than the Scottish average, which itself has always been higher than the Scottish Borders average. In addition, there was a sudden uptick in the 19/20 data across the board, which captures the rise in Out-Of-Work-Benefits related to Covid19. This new trend is expected to continue into the future, showing that the economic damage to people's livelihoods caused by the pandemic is not so much of a "blip" but is projected to be the "new normal".

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the <u>Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online</u> Profiling Tool

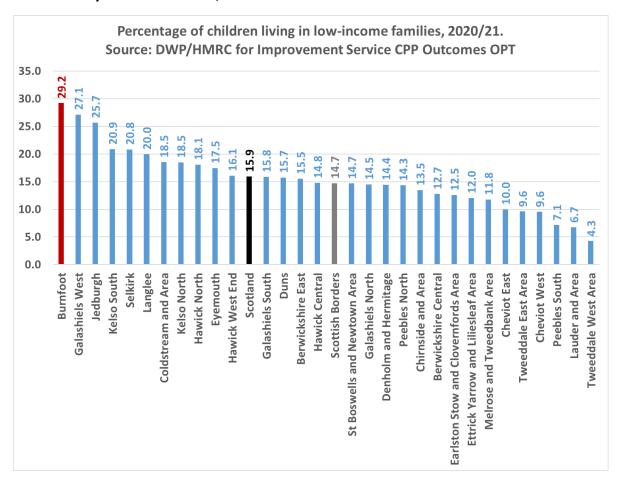
- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box Select a CPP, select Scottish Borders
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option: All Communities
- 4. In the Select Indicator drop down box, select Out Of Work Benefits %.

### **Child Poverty**

The Child Poverty indicator is a snapshot of the Official Statistic "Children In Low Income Families (CILIF) which is collected by the Department for Work and Pensions for their Stat-XPlore tool. It measures the percentage of children in families where the household income is less than 60% of the median income before housing costs (BHC, as opposed to After Housing Costs, or AHC).

This is a relative measure, as opposed to an "absolute" measure, as the threshold for child poverty changes as Scotland's average (median) income varies. The figure is derived from analysis of family income over the entire tax year.

#### Child Poverty - latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones

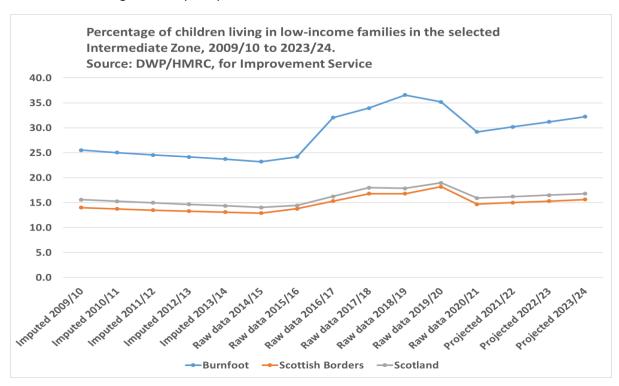


The above chart shows that the proportion of children living in low-income families in Scottish Borders is slightly lower than the Scottish average.

Burnfoot currently has the highest estimated proportion of children living in low-income households out of the 30 Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones, and well above the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages.

## Child Poverty – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



Child Poverty has fluctuated in Scottish Borders and Scotland as a whole since 2009/10. It had been on a downward trend but began to increase in 2015/16 and peaked after the start of the Covid pandemic in 2019/20.

Child poverty in Burnfoot has always been well above the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages. It reflected the national increase between 2015 and 2020, only in a more exaggerated fashion. At its peak, it was estimated that 37% of children in Burnfoot were living in low income households. This has since come down to 29% but is still worryingly high and is projected to steadily increase in the coming years.

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the <u>Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool</u>

- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box **Select a CPP**, select **Scottish Borders**
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option: All Communities
- 4. In the **Select Indicator** drop down box, select **Child Poverty** %.

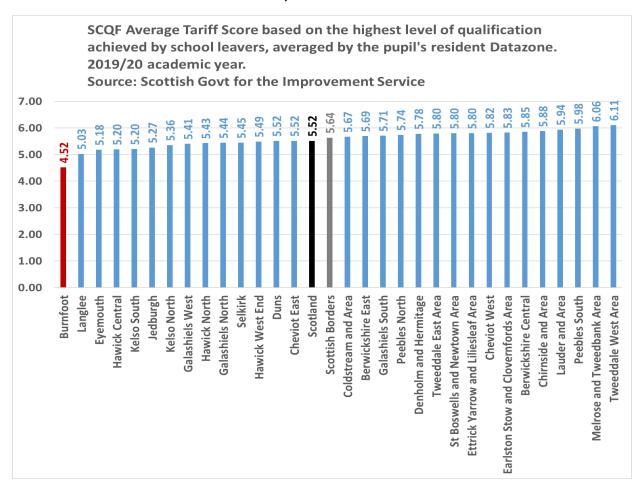
### **Part 3: Education and Training**

#### **Educational Attainment**

The Average Highest Attainment tariff score is an index which is based on the highest level of qualification attained by school leavers, averaged across all leavers resident in their Datazone. The Tariff Score is a standard way of condensing the wide matrix of subjects, levels and scores attained by an S4-S6 pupil into a single, comparable score.

The Tariff Score provides a single average estimate which captures the range and level of subjects sat by a pupil, and the duration of their Senior Phase journey. Only the student's highest level of attainment is counted: for example, if they sat National 5 English, then Higher English then Advanced Higher English in their senior phase, only the Advanced Higher score would contribute to their Average Tariff score on leaving school.

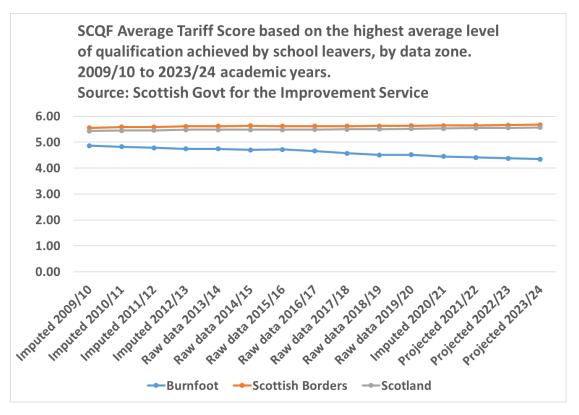
#### **Educational Attainment – latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones**



Scottish Borders currently has a slightly higher Average Tariff Score than the Scottish average. Against this, leavers living in Burnfoot had the lowest Average Tariff Score out of the 30 Intermediate Zones in this particular year.

## Educational Attainment – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



Scottish Borders has always had a slightly higher Average Tariff Score than Scottish average, in terms of the range and level of SCQF qualifications attained by its school leavers in the given year. This is expected to remain unchanged going forward.

Leavers resident in Burnfoot have always had a lower average level of attainment than the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages. This trend is getting worse, dropping steadily year on year, contrary to the regional and national trend.

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the <u>Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool</u>

- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box Select a CPP, select Scottish Borders
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option All Communities
- 4. In the **Select Indicator** drop down box, select **Average Highest Attainment**.

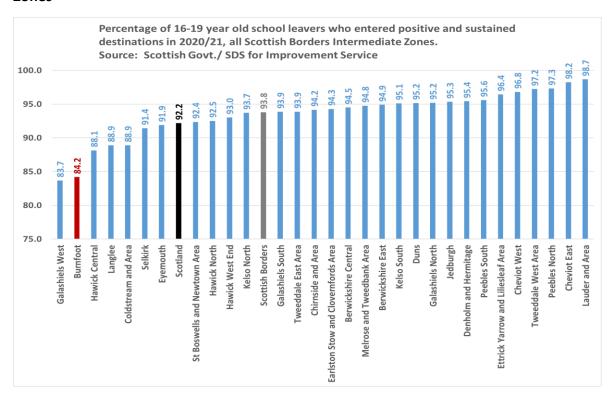
### **Participation in Positive Destinations**

The Annual Participation Measure (APM) is the Official Statistic on school leaver activity amongst 16 to 19 year olds, managed by Skills Development Scotland (SDS).

A positive and sustained destination is when the school leaver is entering education, training, employment, voluntary work or some other positive destination at the time of the initial survey, and is still in a positive destination at the time of the follow-up survey, six months later.

The measure is used to inform policy, planning and service delivery, and to assess progress in the delivery of the Scottish Government's commitment to offer a place in learning or training to every 16-19 year old in Scotland not in employment, education or training.

# Participation in Positive Destinations – latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones

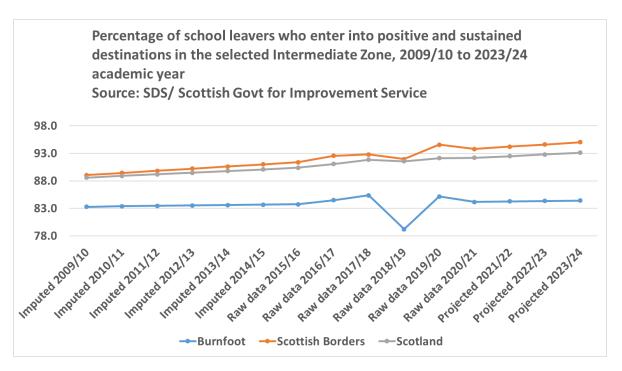


The above chart shows that, in Scotland as a whole, there was a positive and sustained participation rate of 92.2%. Scottish Borders has above average participation, at 93.8%.

By comparison, Burnfoot had the second-lowest positive and sustained participation rate in 2020/21 out of the 30 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders, at only 84.2%. This means that over 15% of school leavers from Burnfoot are going straight into a negative destination such as youth unemployment, which adds to the cycle of deprivation and disadvantage they can then find themselves trapped in.

# Participation in Positive Destinations – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



The rate of positive and sustained participation in post-school activity amongst 16-19 year old school leavers has steadily increased in Scotland and is projected to continue increasing. By comparison, Scottish Borders has always had a slightly higher rate than the Scottish average and this is projected to continue.

Burnfoot has always had a significantly lower participation rate than the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages. Except for one year when it dipped down to under 80%, it has remained steady at under 85% and is projected to continue at the same rate in the next three years, despite Government efforts to reduce unemployment and inequalities in deprived neighbourhoods.

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool

- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box **Select a CPP**, select **Scottish Borders**
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option: All Communities
- 4. In the Select Indicator drop down box, scroll down and select Participation Rate %.

### Part 4: Health and Wellbeing

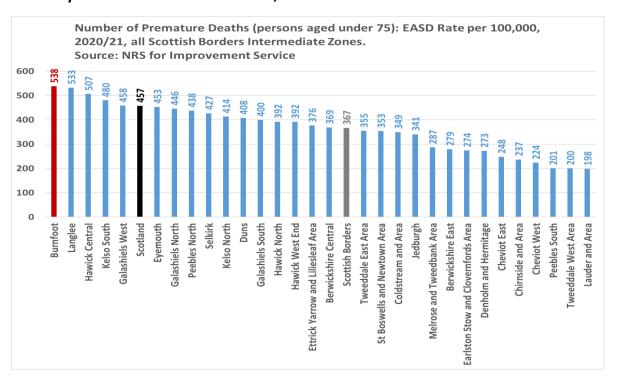
### Mortality in under 75s

Life Expectancy in Scotland was 76.8 years for males and 81.0 years for females in 2018-20 (NRS figures). This is the age to which a person born at this time would be expected to live. Death from any cause before the age of 75 is considered a "premature" death and the causes of premature death are often linked to lifestyle choices and Multiple Deprivation.

In 2020, the Scottish Public Health Observatory (ScotPHO) noted that the most common causes of all deaths was ischaemic heart diseases, followed by coronavirus and cerebrovascular diseases. Other common causes of death include chronic liver disease and intentional self-harm.

The charts below use the European Age Standardised Disease Rate per 100,000 population. Projected death rate modelling uses historic trends to predict future ones, so these rates do not take into account the fact that coronavirus was the second biggest cause of death in Scotland in 2020, and this effect on death rates is not shown.

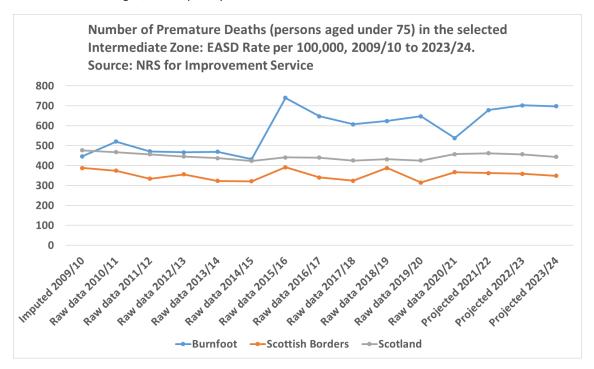
#### Mortality in under 75s - latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones



The above chart shows that rates of premature death are lower in Scotlish Borders than in Scotland as a whole. By comparison, Burnfoot currently has the highest rate of premature death out of the 30 Scotlish Borders Intermediate Zones.

## Mortality in under 75s – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



Scottish Borders has always had a lower rate of premature death than the Scottish Average, and this is projected to remain steady in the next few years — or it would have done, if not for the Coronavirus pandemic. The long-term effects on the population caused by the pandemic, at national, regional and local level, are yet to be fully understood.

Burnfoot did not always have a significantly higher rate of premature death than the Scottish Scottish average but it increased sharply to a peak in 2015/16 and has continued at a higher rate ever since. Unlike the Scottish Borders and Scottish trends, premature death trends in this Intermediate Zone are continuing to climb, even before the effects of Coronavirus are factored into the modelling.

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the <a href="Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool">Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool</a>

- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box **Select a CPP**, select **Scottish Borders**
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option: All Communities
- 4. In the **Select Indicator** drop down box, select **Early Mortality Per 100,000**.

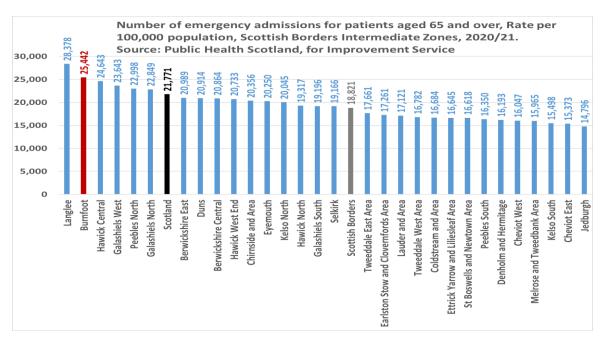
### **Emergency Hospital Admissions in Older People**

The Official Statistic of "Emergency hospital admissions for older people" is an indicator of how well the community and the primary care services are able to support and care for their older people in the community.

A higher rate of emergency admissions can indicate where families and the health and social care services are less able to cope with the burgeoning proportion of older people with their increasing health needs.

This creates pressure on the emergency services and leads to unnecessarily lengthy stays in hospital for the patient who could have continued their recovery at home, with the right support.

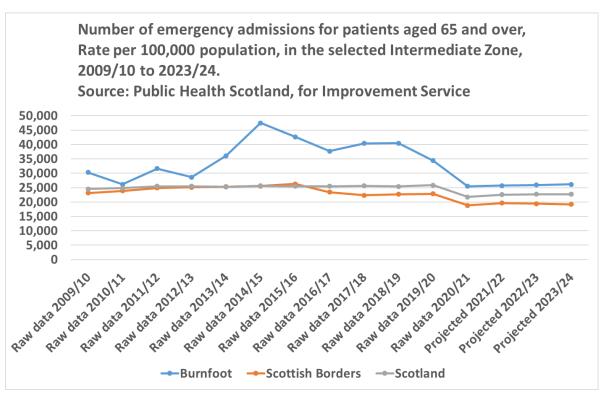
# Emergency Hospital Admissions in Older People – latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones



Scottish Borders had a lower rate of emergency admissions for people aged 65 plus in 2020/21 than the Scottish average. By comparison, Burnfoot had a rate which is significantly higher than the Scottish average and is the second highest out of the 30 Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones. This presents challenges to families and overstretched health professionals who aim to keep older people living safely and with optimal wellbeing in their own home for as long as possible.

# Emergency Hospital Admissions in Older People – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



The timeline shows that, for most of the time, Scottish Borders has had a lower rate than the Scottish average and rates across the board are slowly improving.

By comparison, the rate in Burnfoot has always been higher than the Scottish average, in some years by a significant amount. It increased to a peak in 2014/15 and continued at noticeably higher rate up until 2019.

The current and future trend is predicted to return to a level much more in line with the Scottish and Scottish Borders averages. This may be an over-optimistic estimate, given the disadvantaged profile of Burnfoot and the effects of Coronavirus, which may not have been factored into the current predictions.

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the <u>Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool</u>

- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box **Select a CPP**, select **Scottish Borders**
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option: **All Communities**
- 4. In the Select Indicator drop down box, select Emergency Admissions per 100,000.

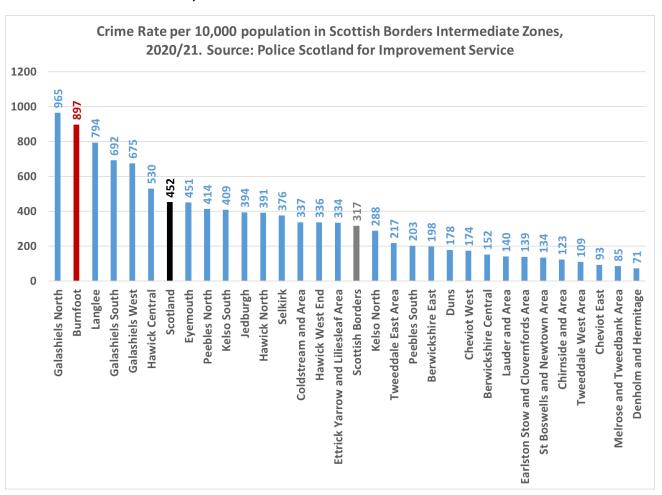
## **Part 5: Community Safety**

#### **Crime Rate**

Community safety is a neighbourhood priority for residents and anyone choosing where to live. Neighbourhood crime is a visible indicator of deprivation, which can cause a neighbourhood to quickly spiral into notoriety, causing properties to become hard to sell, hard to let and hard to live in.

The Crime Rate for the purpose of this profile is taken the number of crimes per 10,000 population. The data are a three-year rolled average, based on modelled data. Crimes occurring within 50 metres of a police station were supressed, to mask out offences which occurred whilst in police custody.

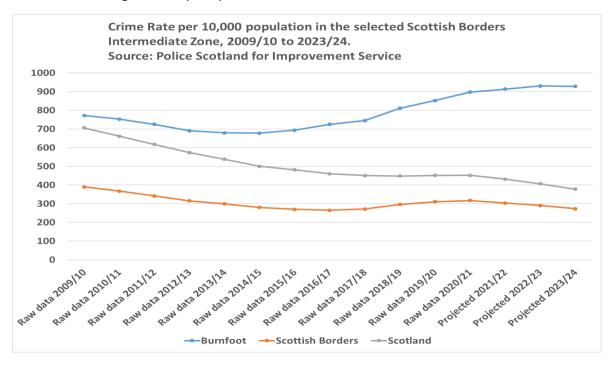
Crime Rate - latest statistics, all Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones



The above chart shows that the crime rate in Scottish Borders is below the Scottish average. Burnfoot has the second-highest crime rate out of the 30 Scottish Borders Intermediate Zones, and well above the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages.

## Crime Rate – Past and projected trends in this Intermediate Zone, Scottish Borders and Scotland

The timeline below shows how the selected Intermediate Zone compares with the Scottish Borders and Scottish averages, in the past, present and future.



Scottish Borders has always had a lower crime rate than the Scottish average and this is continuing to decrease.

Burnfoot, by comparison, has always had a much higher crime rate than the Scottish average. Even more worryingly, the rate in Burnfoot is increasing and will continue to increase going forward.

You can see how this Intermediate Zone compares with the other 29 Intermediate Zones in Scottish Borders by following this link to the <u>Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool</u>

- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box Select a CPP, select Scottish Borders
- 3. On the left hand side, select the option: All Communities
- 4. In the Select Indicator drop down box, select Crime Rate Per 10,000.

#### Conclusion

The Improvement Service CPP Outcomes OPT includes a tool which shows how vulnerable this community is, both within the region and compared with other Intermediate Zones in Scotland that are similar in terms of their rurality and demographic characteristics. To view it, follow this link to the Improvement Service CPP Outcomes Online Profiling Tool

- 1. Scroll down and click on Visit the Community Planning Outcomes Profile
- 2. In the drop-down box Select a CPP, select Scottish Borders
- 3. Select the option Vulnerable Communities

This shows that the CPP Outcomes profiling tool rates Burnfoot as the second most vulnerable Intermediate Zone of any kind in Scottish Borders, and the only one where improvement is slower than the Community Planning Partnership average. None of the indicators of vulnerability is improving as well as it should be, meaning that relative deprivation in the area is getting worse.

Burnfoot is one of the most deprived communities in Scottish Borders, albeit one of the relatively less deprived regions in Scotland.

Now, to see more context about how Burnfoot fares by Scottish standards, go back to the menu on the left hand side of the screen.

- 1. Select Community Profile
- 2. In the **Select A Community** drop-down menu, scroll down and select **Burnfoot**

This screen shows that there are 35 other Intermediate Zones in Scotland that have a similar urban-rural and population profile to Burnfoot. Out of these, Burnfoot is rated as being within the fourth-most vulnerable decile, meaning that there are at least ten other geodemographically similar communities in Scotland, all in different Local Authority areas, with a more vulnerable CPP profile than Burnfoot. However, Burnfoot is the least improved out of all 35 communities in this category, and this is cause for concern.