Leaderdale and Melrose - Ward Overview 2022

Leaderdale and Melrose ward has a **population** of 10,905. The main settlements (population of 500 or more) in the ward are Earlston, Lauder, Melrose and Tweedbank.

The 2020 population estimates were produced by the National Records of Scotland.

The percent of children in low income families is produced by <u>DWP</u>.

Data Zone Data Zone 2011 Name 2011 Code		All Ages	Age 0-15 (Children)	Age 16-64 (Working Age)	Age 65+ (Pension Age)	Age 16-24 (Young Adult)	Age 75+ (Older People)
Blainslie and Legerwood	S01012297	684	133	406	145	44	60
Earlston - East	S01012270	752	149	450	153	81	65
Earlston - West	S01012269	975	124	557	294	104	154
Earlston and Melrose Landward	S01012268	615	99	376	140	65	36
Gattonside - Darnick - Chiefswood	S01012289	910	107	480	323	72	163
Lauder - North	S01012298	870	178	460	232	55	98
Lauder - South	S01012296	967	253	564	150	87	56
Melrose - Dingleton Hill	S01012291	1,130	229	690	211	94	85
Melrose - High Street	S01012292	758	108	375	275	54	165
Melrose - Newstead	S01012290	604	83	358	163	73	74
Oxton and Area	S01012299	644	103	408	133	54	45
Tweedbank - East	S01012295	755	149	521	85	85	31
Tweedbank - North	S01012294	770	120	473	177	76	60
Tweedbank - West	S01012293	471	63	264	144	38	53
Leaderdale and Melrose		10,905	1,898	6,382	2,625	982	1,145
Scottish Borders		115,240	18,824	67,332	29,084	10,030	12,887
Scotland		5,466,000	916,783	3,493,137	1,056,080	566,882	469,817
Earlston (Settlement)		1,727	273	1,007	447	185	219
Lauder (Settlement)		1,837	431	1,024	382	142	154
Melrose (Settlement)		2,492	420	1,423	649	221	324
Tweedbank (Settlement)		1,996	332	1,258	406	199	144

Data Zone 2011 Name	% Age 0-15 (Children)	% Age 16-64 (Working Age)	% Age 65+ (Pension Age)	% Age 16-24 (Young Adult)	% Age 75+ (Older People)	% Children in Low Income Families 2019/20
Blainslie and Legerwood	19.4%	59.4%	21.2%	6.4%	8.8%	15.0%
Earlston - East	19.8%	59.8%	20.3%	10.8%	8.6%	30.9%
Earlston - West	12.7%	57.1%	30.2%	10.7%	15.8%	20.2%
Earlston and Melrose Landward	16.1%	61.1%	22.8%	10.6%	5.9%	11.1%
Gattonside - Darnick - Chiefswood	11.8%	52.7%	35.5%	7.9%	17.9%	6.5%
Lauder - North	20.5%	52.9%	26.7%	6.3%	11.3%	12.9%
Lauder - South	26.2%	58.3%	15.5%	9.0%	5.8%	13.4%
Melrose - Dingleton Hill	20.3%	61.1%	18.7%	8.3%	7.5%	11.4%
Melrose - High Street	14.2%	49.5%	36.3%	7.1%	21.8%	7.4%
Melrose - Newstead	13.7%	59.3%	27.0%	12.1%	12.3%	21.7%
Oxton and Area	16.0%	63.4%	20.7%	8.4%	7.0%	20.4%
Tweedbank - East	19.7%	69.0%	11.3%	11.3%	4.1%	17.4%
Tweedbank - North	15.6%	61.4%	23.0%	9.9%	7.8%	20.0%
Tweedbank - West	13.4%	56.1%	30.6%	8.1%	11.3%	23.8%
Leaderdale and Melrose	17.4%	58.5%	24.1%	9.0%	10.5%	16.0%
Scottish Borders	16.3%	58.4%	25.2%	8.7%	11.2%	22.8%
Scotland	16.8%	63.9%	19.3%	10.4%	8.6%	22.5%
Earlston (Settlement)	15.8%	58.3%	25.9%	10.7%	12.7%	26.0%
Lauder (Settlement)	23.5%	55.7%	20.8%	7.7%	8.4%	13.2%
Melrose (Settlement)	16.9%	57.1%	26.0%	8.9%	13.0%	12.4%
Galashiels (Settlement)	16.6%	63.0%	20.3%	10.0%	7.2%	19.6%

Leaderdale and Melrose - Ward Overview 2022

The Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) is the Scottish Government's standard approach to identify areas of multiple deprivation in Scotland. The SIMD is a relative measure of deprivation across small areas (called data zones) for Scotland (the Scottish Borders has 143 data zones). If an area is identified as 'deprived', this can relate to people having a low income but it can also mean fewer resources or opportunities. SIMD looks at the extent to which an area is deprived across seven domains: income, employment, education, health, access to services, crime and housing. The SIMD2020 comprises of 30 indicators across 7 SIMD Domains. Full details of the SIMD2020 can be found on the Scottish Government's Website.

The table below shows the SIMD 2020 Overall Decile¹ and the Decile for each domain for the data zones in Leaderdale and Melrose along with the Urban/Rural Classification.

Data Zone Name (2011)	Overall Decile	Income Decile	Employment Decile	Health Decile	Education Decile	Housing Decile	Access Decile	Crime Decile	Urban / Rural
Blainslie and Legerwood	8	9	10	9	9	9	1	9	5
Earlston - East	6	6	6	6	6	5	4	6	5
Earlston - West	8	7	8	7	8	9	6	9	5
Earlston and Melrose Landward	8	8	9	9	9	8	1	10	5
Gattonside - Darnick - Chiefswood	8	7	7	9	10	9	2	10	5
Lauder - North	7	6	7	7	7	8	6	8	5
Lauder - South	10	9	9	8	9	9	4	9	5
Melrose - Dingleton Hill	9	8	7	8	10	9	5	10	5
Melrose - High Street	10	9	9	7	10	10	10	8	5
Melrose - Newstead	6	5	5	7	7	5	6	6	5
Oxton and Area	7	9	8	8	8	7	1	8	6
Tweedbank - East	7	6	7	6	6	10	2	9	2
Tweedbank - North	5	5	5	4	5	7	2	9	2
Tweedbank - West	6	6	6	6	8	9	2	10	2

6 Fold Urban / Rural Classification

Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation - Deciles					
Most Deprived in Scotland					
1	2				
3	4				
5	6				
7	8				
9	10				
Least Deprived in Scotland					

1	Urban Areas	Settlements of 125,000 or more people.			
2	Other Urban Areas	Settlements of 10,000 to 124,999 people.			
3	Accessible Small Towns	Settlements of 3,000 to 9,999 people and within 30 minutes' drive of a settlement of 10,000 or more.			
4	Remote Small Towns	Settlements of 3,000 to 9,999 people and with a drive time of over 30 minutes to a settlement of 10,000 or more.			
5	Accessible Rural	Areas with a population of less than 3,000 people, and within a 30 minute drive time of a settlement of 10,000 or more.			
6	Remote Rural	Areas with a population of less than 3,000 people, and with a drive time of over 30 minutes			

¹ A decile of 1 is an area in the 10% most deprived data zones in Scotland and a decile of 10 is an area in the 10% least deprived area in Scotland.

Leaderdale and Melrose

